MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, ill issue Policies on all kinds of Property, terchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. Capital \$100,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

THE attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of equity, justice, and economy.

HOME OFFICE—WINCHESTER, VA.

VOL. X.

Noetical.

From Mackellar's "Droppings from the Heart."

LET'S SET DOWN AND TALK TOGETHER.

Of the things of olden day, When we, like lambkins loosed from tether,

Gaily trippid along the way,
Time has touch'd us both with lightness,
Leaving furrows here and there,
And tinging with peculiar brightness
Silver threads among our hair,

Many years away have passed, And fair and foul has been the weather,

Let's set down and talk together

Let's set down and talk together:

Since we saw each other last, Many whom we loved are living In a better world than this,

And some among us still are giving Toil and thought for present bliss.

Let's set down and talk together;

Even for the aged man;

And God has hid in every minute

Let's set down and talk together;

We shall meet to talk again.

Parting time has come; how fleetly

Something we may wisely scan,

Boys we were—we now are men; We meet awhile, but know not whether

Speed the moments when their wings

THE GAMBLER'S WIFE.

The night win Is round me sleeping, Ned,

Are fann'd by breathings issuing sweetly

From a tongue that never stings.

A lonely watch I'm keeping, Ned, Beside this cheerless hearth,

And desolate the earth; The cat is purring on the floor,

The clock keeps up its "tick,"

The shadows deepen on the door, Long grows the midnight wick.

And I watch the weary hours, Ned,

As silently they roll, Each added one but lowers, Ned,

Still darker on my soul, I have been thine, beloved, thine,

Five fleeting, changing, years, Thou'rt pledging others now in wine, I'm pledging thee in tears.

And I feel that fewer moons, Ned, Will shine upon me now, For the heavy seal will soon, Ned, Be resting on my brow; Then who will watch and wait for thee

And trim the midnight wick, And count the hours on bended knee, And list the solemn "tick."

And the shadows from the door, Ned,

Perhaps thou'lt wish we'd oftener heard

But I'll love and guard thee still, Ned,

The visions of thy rest; When the sin that long has bound thee,

Then I'll throw my spirit around thee,

Miscellaneous.

THE BATTLE OF LIFE.

We met a little apple pedlar yesterday who

was crying his eyes out because a man had

just passed a pistarcen on him for a quarter .-

the way of the world. There is our friend,

Silky, for instance. Silky lives as if he was in

receipt of ten thousand a year. He gives fine

suppers, keeps a horse, buys rosewood pianos,

and includges in a four-story edifice, and a half-

dozen servant girls. Silky's actual salary is

\$1,800 a year. In a few months Silky will

burst up for the benefit of his creditors, and

take his meals at Sweeney's, the whole brought

about by Silky's attempting to pass off "pista-

reens for quarters." Again, Mrs. Bullion goes

to Sarat ga, comes out with four horses and a

high birth of herself and ancestors-dresses in

a brocade silk, and is so sticked with nerves

that to see a strawberry bleed to death would

throw her into hysterics. Don't be deceived

by these things, however. Notwithstanding

her pretensions, Mrs. Bullion is a humbug-a

pistareen who is trying to pass herself off as a

chants, while the only reason she is a million-

aire instead of a washerwoman, is found in the

fact that her husband, during the mackerel fe-

ver, cornered on herring, and made a fortune instead of losing one.-N. Y. Dutchman.

BROTHERS AND SISTERS.

By endeavoring to acquire a habit of polite-

great fosterer of family love; it allays acciden-

tal irritation, by preventing harsh retorts and

rude contradictions; it softens the boisterous,

stimulates the indolent, suppresses selfishness,

them for it, never to reply to their questions in

monosyllables, and they will soon be ashamed

to do such things themselves. Both precept

and example ought to be laid under contribu

tion, to convince them that no one can have

really good manners abroad, who is not habit-

THE JEWISE SABBARH

upon any musical instrument-to bathe-comb

adhere-"Ye shall kindle no fire throughout

service to do these things; and among the hum-

ble classes, a number of families generally unite in securing the services of a Gentile neighbor

for the day. Nothing could wound the con-

science of a Jew more than to be under the

sect, how are you now; I have thee by thy

ually polite at home.

few years hence he will discover that this is

And, in thy smile, once more, Ned, Forget thy every sin; And when there comes no kindly word,

Dispel to let thee in,

In sad or sunny weather.

The old clock "tick' together.

And sooth thy troubled breast, And fill with holy sadness, Ned,

"Our Father" has forgiven,

And bear thee up to Heaven.

Though the flowers of youth are dead, The ferns still grow among the heather, And for us their fragrance shed,

JOS. S. CARSON, President. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary.

James H. Burgess, Lloyd Logan, John Kerr,

B. W. HERBERT, August 2, 1853-1y Testimonials.

We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our epinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saying that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the President and Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have insured our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merits.

I. H. Sherbase, Cash, Farmer's Bank of Va.

J. H. SHERRARD, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va. Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senator.

Jacob Sensent, Esq., Merchant, Winchester.

T. A. Tiphall, Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Incorporated 1810.—Charter Perpetual.
Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing it to \$250,000.

PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will

Applications for Insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT, In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J. P. Brown, Esq., who will attend to them promptly.

Persons at a distance address through the mail.

N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks

July 13, 1852—1y CASH FOR NEGROES. I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NE-GROES for the southern markets, men, women, boys, girls and families, for which I will give the high-

est cash prices.

Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will receive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. L. Campbell, No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McDOWELL,

Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell.

Winchester, July 7, 1851—19

THE undersigned, Agent for INSURANCE COM-PANY OF THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA, at Winchester, and HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, will receive apes and regulate Premiums on all risks in the ormer Company, and Insure Property and deliver Policy on the property insured as soon as premiums are paid in the latter company.

SUBSCRIPTIONS received for the following News-

papers and Periodicals: Daily, tri-weekly and weekly National Intelligencer. Do. do. do. Baltimore American.

Weekly Episcopal Recorder.

Do. Littells' Living Age.

nthly Boys' and Girls' Magazine.

Do. Youths' Cabinet and Menter.

B. W. HERBERT. Decemb : 28, 1852-1y

UNITED STATES HOTEL

Harpers-Ferry, Va. FOR Passengers in the new Accommodation Trains of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and Winchester and Polomac Railroad, Breakfast will always be prepared and on the table at this Hotel, adjoining the Depot, on the arrival of the cars from Winchester, to connect with the Train to Baltimore and Washington, leaving here at 7; o'clock, A. M. DINNER, as usual at 2; o'clock, on the arrival of the train from Wheel-ing. SUPPER always upon the Table on the arrival of the Winchester and Baltimore Cars. Persons on business or pleasure can remain in Hapers-Ferry from 7 A. M. to 3 P. M. and leave in he evening train for Baltimore and Washington August 30, 1853. M. CARRELI

"For what is Meney, but convenience!" "HO! YE LOVERS OF THE WEED!" WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TOBACCO,

Opposite the U. S. Hotel, Harpers-Ferry, Varginia.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and the Valley generally that he has just opened a large and well selected assortment of the best branchs of TOBACCO, CIGARS, AND SNUFPS, of all grades as to quality and price adapted to please the taste and pocket of the most fas-titious, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest market price. He would ask a call from the merchants and citizens, and feels assured that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may give him a call. His Stock embraces all articles in the above name F. J. CONRAD. N. B. He has hands employed in manufacturi IMay 24, 1553 [May 24, 1553.

> GENERAL AGENCY. Washington, D. C.

THE subscriber effects his servicer to the public in the prosecution of Chains before Congress, or any of the Departments of the Government. Some years experience as disbursing agent of the Indian Department, with a general knowledge of the mode of transacting business in the various offices of the Govern ment, enables him to promise satisfaction to all who may entrust business of this character to his care. He will also give special attention to the collection of claims against parties residing in the District of Columbia or its vicinity, negotiating leans as well as the purchase or sale of Stocks, Real Estate, Landnts. &c., &c., or furnish information to corres pendents residing at a distance in regard to any business which may interest them at the scat of Govern

His Office is over the Banking House of Selden, Mithers & Co. July 26, 1853. JAMES J. MILLER.

TO TRAVELLERS. New Line between Harpers-Ferry and Washington. THE well-known, safe and comfortable Steam-Pac ket, Capt. VOLNEY PURCELL, running in con pers-Ferry at 6 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Washington city at 6 o'clock, R. M., and arrive at washington city at 6 o'clock, P. M. The same Packet will leave Washington city, for the First Trip, on the 11th of July, running up one day and down the next regularly, (except Sunday,) anaking three trips a week. Passongers by this favorable and economical route are offered an opportunity of enjoying the beautiful sceneoffered an opportunity of enjoying the beautiful scenery of the Potomac by daylight. Fare from Harpers-Ferry to Washington, \$2.

May 24, 1853.

NEW JEWELRY STORE. THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received during the last two years he has been engaged in repairing WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., in Charlestown. From the many solicitations of his Charlestown. From the many solicitations of his friends and customers he has at last met their wishes by offering them a good assortment of Gold and Silver WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, and will continue to keep on hand every thing pertaining to the Jeweiry line. He has arrangements made in such a way that he will be able to fill any order in a few days that shall offer, at rates WATCHES AND JEWELRY, of every description,

W. T. McDONALD, Charlestown, May 24, 1853.

J. R. THOMPSON & CO.,

Merchant Tailors, PENNSYLVANIA Avenue, between 3d and 4! sts., two doors cast of the United States Hotel, desires to call the attention of their old customers, members of Congress, strangers, and the public generally, their importation of French, English and American CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, which they will make up in their usual style of ele-gance, and at prices as reasonable as any other esta-blishment in the District of Columbia. February 22, 1853-tf

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. HAVING rented the Brick Warehouse, at Shep-herdstown, and made arrangements I am pre-pared to pay the highest Cash Prices for WHEAT, CORN, &c., upon delivery.

I will also keep constantly on hand PLASTER, FISH, SALT, &c., in exchange for Country Produce, or sell at low cash prices, and I will forward any produce to the District or Alexandria at the usual prices.

August 23, 1853—tf

C. W. LUCAS.

CHARLES B. HARDING. Atterney at Law,

IIII Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts
of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No.
cuandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.

tember 28, 1882. BANGES AND LEMONS, just received by Aug. 2. H. L. EBY & SON.

HERRING AND MACKEREL. A FRESH supply of Herring and Mackerel just received and for t R. H BROWN

BACCO AND CIGARS. -- A prime lot of Columno and Cigars, just received and for sale by ne 2:. R. H. BROWN. T POTATOES just received by H. L. EBY & SON

50 KEGS NAILS, prices low.

necessity of putting fuel on the fire, or snuffing his candles on the Sabbath .- The British Jew. TO A CAPTURED BED BUG.-Thou insidious insinuating, insolent, indecent, insatiable, insig-nificant, irritating, insufferable, infamous in-

blood-thirsty stinger, and surely will I mutilate thy abominable carcass, thou hideous animal. This night hast thou seated thyself upon my palid cheek, and sucked from me my blood. Never more while the world stands shalt thou glut thy ponderous and gapping maw with my blood, thou cannabalistic, cunning, cussed creature. Thus [breaking his back with a sheepfoot] infinite monstrosity will I dispatch theehence to thy ghostly shores and drink the pale blood of goblins.

[Bed Bug dies, and curtain falls.]

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1853.

AN AUTUMNAL RETROSPECT.

These autumn days beget in one's mind relections, at once sad and attractive. In this season, the forest and field fades by impercepti-ble degrees into russet brown. Through crevice and corner the wind sighs in mournful caice and corner the wind sighs in mournful ca-dences, as if singing the solemn requiem of the departing year. The naked boughs of trees peep out from their variegated drapery, and the crisp and fallen leaf toys gracefully with the zephyrs—the chilly air creeps stealthily over and among the rustling foliage, and brook and rivulet dashes joyously onward, "making mu-sic with the enamelled stones."

We have arrived at the end of a season, marked in a peculiar manner, by the visitations of angry Providence. Draw-bridges have yawned in the path of steam engines. The monstrous motor of civilization, scorning the efforts of man to bind it down with steel and iron, has scattered to the winds great ships, and marked the scene of its victories with hecatombs of ghastly corpses. The great lines of communication and travel are red all over with the blood of martyrs. Opposing trains, in mighty madness, have rushed to each other's embrace, and, scarcely can there be found a burial place, in all our land, that is not the resting place of some murdered victim "or disastrous accident." There are vacant places at many a hearth-stone, where sorrow was unknown, when the spring flower blossomed in our northern homes.

Yonder in a beautiful Southern city, strong man and maiden have gone down before the breath of the pestilence. No sound disturbs the noiseless monotony of its streets, save the slow rumbling of a funeral cortege, that winds towards "the cities of the dead." Plague stricken and dismayed, the flying population have carried with them the miasma of death to sister States, and the valley of the great Father of Waters is a Golgotha, as baleful as the Upas tree; death-dealing like the Sirocco. No sprinkling of the door post or lintel, stops the entrance of the destroying angel. It takes the million-arie from the palace and the sot from the hovel. It scorns the barriers of rank and social position. It counts among its victims the beauty of the ball-room and painted prostitute—the

dead, trembling lest the name of the loved one is there. Charity has flowed into the devoted city in plenteous streams. Communities robust with health, have held out their hands to aid the distresses of brethren, and jealous sections have forgotten the heats of party strife in a generous rivalry of alms-giving.

Such is the fearful retrospect. It has been a year crowded with gloomy memories. Death, the great reaper, has gone into the harvest, and has come back loaded with spoils. From the Presidential Manajon to the rudest hamlet on our western from her, he has selected, with unsparing hand, his countless victims. We doubt if another year, so deeply dyed with gore, can be found in our national history.—Philadelphia Register.

SATURDAY NIGHT.

What blessed things Saturday nights are, and what would the world do without them? Those breathing moments in the tramping march of life; those little twilights in the broad and garish glare of noon, when pale vesterdays look beautiful through the shadows, and faces changed long ago, smile sweetly again in the hush when one remembers the old folks at home,' and the old fashioned fire, and the old arm-chair, and the little brother that died, and the little sister that was translated. Saturday nights make people human; set heir hearts to beating softly, as they used to nigger - talks of her family connexions, the do, before the world turned them into wardrums, and jarred them to pieces with tattoos. The ledger closes with a clash; the iron-doored vaults come to with a bang; up go the shutters with a will; click goes the key in the lock. It is Saturday night, and business breathes free again. Homeward, ho! The door that has been ajar all the week, gently closes behind quarter. Her high connections are fish merhim, the world is shut out. Shut out? Shut in, the rather. Here are his treasures after all, and not in the vault, and not in the book-save

May be you are a bachelor, frosty and forty. Then, poor fellow! Saturday nights are nothing to you, just as you are nothing to any body. Get a wife, blue eyed or black eyed—get a lit-tle home, no matter how little, and a little sofa, less, it will soon become familiar, and sit on you with ease, if not with elegance. Let it just to hold two, or two and a half, and then never be forgotten that genuine politeness is a get the two, or two and a half in it, of a Saturday night, and then read this paragraph by the light of your wife's eyes, and thank God and

and by forming a habit of consideration of others, harmonizes the whole. Politeness begets and the laborer hastens, with a light step, politeness, and brothers may be easily won by homeward bound. it to leave off the rude ways they bring home "Saturday night" feebly murmurs the lanfrom school or college. Sisters ought never to guishing, as she turns weari upon her couch, receive any little attention without thanking

"and is there another to come?" "Saturday night, at last!" whispers the weeper above the dying, "and it is Sunday to-morrow !"

THE ORATOR AND THE NEWSPAPER.

Compare the orator, one of the noblest vehicles for the diffusion of thought, with the newspaper, and we gain a glimpse of the ubiquitous power of the latter. The orator speaks It is unlawful to ride on horseback or in a to a few hundred; the newspaper addresses carriage—to walk more than a mile from their millions. The words of the orator may die on dwellings-to transact business of any kindthe air; the language of the newspaper is to meddle with any one tool-to write-to play stamped upon tables imperishable. The arouments of an orator may follow each other so the hair-and even to carry a pin in their rapidly that a majority of the audience may clothes, which is unnecessary. These, and a struggle in a net of ratiocination; the reasongreat many others, are complied with by the ing of the newspaper may be scanned at leimost rigid. There is one command in the law sure, without the danger of perplexity. The of Moses to which all Jews most scrupulously passion of an orator inflames an assembly; the feeling of a newspaper electrifies a continent your habitations upon the Sabbath day," (Ex-The orator is for an edifice; the newspaper for the world; the one shines for an hour; the odus xxxv, 3.) Consequently, they never light a fire, or a lamp, or a candle on the Sabbath other for all time. The orator may be comday, nor eat food prepared on that day—all must be done on Friday. As it is impossible to spend the Sabbath in cold climates without pared to lightning, which flashes over a valley for a moment, but leaves it again in darkness; the newspaper to a sun, blazing steadily over a whole earth, and 'fixed on the basis of its own fire or light, the Jewish families who keep servants, make it a point to have a Gentile in their

Printing has happily been defined the 'art preservative of all arts.' Printing makes the orator more than an orator. It catches up his dying words, and breathes into them the breath of life. It is the speaking gallery thro' which the orator thunders in the ears of ages. He leans from the tomb over the cradle of the rising generations.- William Wallace.

"I's quite too bad of ye, Darby, to say your wife's worse than the devil." "An't plaze your reverence, I can prove it by the Holy Scripture—I can by the powers. Didn't your reverence, in the sermon yesterday, till us if we resit the devil, he'd flee from us. Now, if I resist my wife she flies at

.... The reason why good-looking girls tramp about so in showery weather, has just been discovered by Dobbs, It is to enable the peen discovered by Dobbs, It is to enable the gentlemen to lift them over the gutters. Who supposed they were so fond of squeezing! We pause for a reply.

A STRANGE STORY.

Since the story of the Cock Lane Ghost, we have not heard or read of anything in that line so strange or wonderful as the affair which lately transpired at New Martinsville, in the the Shanghai rooster "towers above his sex," county of Wetzel, Va. The following is a mere and, like every thing on stilts in this world, at outline of preliminary facts, after stating which we will give an extract from a letter received from a gentleman resident at New Martinsville : It appears that in or about three years ago, a certain man named Gamble, a cooper, dwelt on the Ohio river bank, about two miles below the mouth of Fishing creek. Having received some two or three hundred dollars, he went to New Martinsville, where he drank rather freely. There, it appears, he had some business to transact with various persons, and among the rest with one Laban Mercer. Towards night, Mercer and Gamble proceeded over the creek for the purpose of going to their respective homes. They were seen together at a late hour on the bank of the river, where Gamble had a skiff moored; indeed, Gamble was seen to get into the skiff and push off from the shore, and Mercer was seen to go in the direction of his home, some two or three miles distant in a different direction. Gamble, however, never reached home; the skiff was soon found a few hundred yards down stream, but the body of Gamble yards down stream, but the body of Gamble Shanghai is such a poor spunkless creature that a plucky little creature in feather breeches will newspaper?" Rumor, at the time Gamble was missed, point- thrash him in presence of his assembled harem ed out Mercer as guilty of foul play; but he in less than three minutes. We speak by the accounted for his conduct so satisfactorily that: card, for a neighbor of ours rears Shanghais no investigation of the matter took place; and another neighbor cultivates bantams, and cooper was drowned; and such was the general a monstrous rouster-a knock kneed, bobtailed, opinion until about a week since. Now we ungainly ogre, with a deep asthmatic crow, will give the extract of the letter above alluded that sounds like the bellowing of a bull calf opinion until about a week since. Now we

NEW MARTINSVILLE, Nov. 1, 1853.

Before closing this letter, I must tell you of

landlord of the Wetzel House? Well, Mr. Hindman happened to be at a corn-husking, about two weeks ago, away at Young's farm, creat tear is abroad in the land. At the exchange board and the council chamber, at the church door and in the parlor—it drives out every topic. Knots of men standing at the stranger, "You do not know me!" "No, sir," and the stranger, "I do not." "Then," said the stranger, "I do not." "Then," said the stranger, "I am Gamble, who was murdered by Live very topic. Knots of men standing at the stranger, and Gamble, who was murdered by Live very topic. Knots of men standing at the stranger, and Gamble, who was murdered by Live very topic. They rested on his eyelids, and the stranger, and I want you to have him arrested, and included the secretary has the power of appointment of extranger and the daily lists of the dead, trembling lest the news of the suddenly discovered he was covered o'er with the stranger, "I am Gamble, who was murdered by Latana Mercer, about three years ago; and I want you to have him arrested, and included the secretary has the power of specific triumphs of pigmyism over gawkyism; for the fact is, that the misgotten celestial has a vile habit of crowing with all his might every ten minutes or so, from 2 o'clock, A. M., until davelence of the stranger, "you do not know me!" "No, sir," and Congress has not modify the contract the time. But still year argument amounts to no more than the cearse Gorgress has not modify the contract at Wheeling, while to himself a talking experienced a feeling "strange painful and alarmino knowedge whatever of. "Sir," said the stranger, "you do not know me!" "No, sir," and Congress has not modify the contract at Wheeling, while to himself a talking experienced a feeling "strange painful and alarmino knowedge whatever of. "Sir," said the stranger, "you do not know me!" "No, sir," and Congress has not modify the contract at the fact is, that the misgotten celestial has a vile habit of crowing with all his might every ten minutes or so, from 2 o'clock, A. M., until dave habit of crowing with all his might every ten minutes or so, from 2 o'clock, A. M., until dave habit lieve that Mr. Hindman was bewildered. He was not acquainted with Gamble-never saw him. His sudden, ghost-like appearance before him-in which he says he could not be mistaken, as the night was moonlight-and the terrible revelation made by the apparition, all conspired to fill Mr. Hindman with fear and trembling. However, he reached home, and after spending a night in great agony, he told the occurrence next day to his friends—and the upshot was, that Mercer was apprehended. On Saturday last he had a preliminary trial in New Martinsville, before three or four justices, and although defended by two able lawyers-Messrs. Horner and Lauck-the accused was committed for examination before the County Court, on the 8th of this month. I need not add that our whole community is in the most intense state of excitement on the subject, and they do really make a strong case

> against him, all of course circumstantial. MATRIMONIAL.

The following advertisement recently appear-

ed in the Stockton Herald: "HUSBAND WANTED-By a widow lady, in the 31st year of her age, who lives in the country; is worth \$10,000, and with fair personal charms-a husband who can bring good references as to moral character, does not drink or gamble, and is possessed of a good manly countenance, a large heart, tolerable good looking, and withal is capable of doing business. This must be his principal recommendation; he must fully understand how to transact business in a isiness manner. Letters addressed to 'Mary,' at this office, will meet with prompt attention. The advertisement was answered immediately by eighteen candidates, among which is the following, and if it didn't win the widow, we can't say much for her taste. After describing his personal attractions, he says: "My temper is warranted good-and, may I

the record in the old family Bible-and not in say, it is even amiable. I am called a good business man, having received a fortune by each of my wives, and having succeeded in investing them all in different ways, so, that perhaps our children may reap the benefits of their parent's foresight. I am at present slightly embarrassed for the want of funds, but will easily get out of all my difficulties with the \$10,000 you so generously offer to bestow on the man of your choice. I have no habit that can be called bad in California-am a member of a respec-The dim and dusty shops are swept up; the | table meeting-house, (recently established) and hammer is thrown down, the apron is doffed, have frequently been told (some time since) that I was a fine, nice young man, (for a small party)-am very good loking, and have no incumbrances, such as real estate, or, in fact, property of any kind to distract my attention from your charms. I have a class in Sunday school-am a member of the hook and ladder company, also of the singing school and the I O. O. F., and am a candidate for collector of taxes and justice of the peace-at present practising medicine on the homospathic plan, as it requires no capital. Please state, dear Mary, when and where we can have an interview, and name the hour when I shall become the happiest of men, elevated to the 'tipmost top of the highest pinnacle of bliss-or plunged to the lowest corner of the bottomless pit of despair,' should you reject my suit. Allow me-to subscribe myself, dear Mary, your expectant husband, SANTIAGO JEEMES. "P. S.—If convenient, please deposit \$100

with Mr. Tabor, with orders to pay to me to and the bargain "P. S. No. 2.-In case you should lacerate my heart by declining my proposal, you will lease send me \$50, or some old clothes, and a box of good cigars, and if perfectly conveni-ent, you might add a basket of champagne. "P. S. No. 3.-The cigars and champagne I

want for a friend. Don't suppose for a monent that I ever use either. "P. S. No. 4 .- I have had the measles and small-pox-and forgot to mention that I have a slight cast in one eye, but my sight is good until 4 o'clock, P. M. "P. S. No. 5 .- I have a very large circle of

valuable acquaintances in San Francisco, and perhaps might influence consignments, should we conclude to go into business. "Good bye, dear Mary.

"P. S. No. 6.—I forgot to mention that I am from Pike county, Missouri, and have a fine terrier dog, (I hope you are fond of dogs.)
"Au revoir, ma chere ami, as the Germans

SANTIAGO JEEMES." ATTEND TO THE TRIFLES .- We never hear men, on making a bargain, use the common phrase, "We'll not quarrel about a trifle," without being sure that trouble is in the wind. Every contract, even one for the value of a dollar, should be explicit, down to its minutest particulars, so that there can be no possibility of misconstruction. If this is neglected, diffiA TALK ABOUT BOOSTERS.

The ordinary varieties of the domestic fowl are completely overshadowed, literally and metaphorically by the Shanghai. Like Marcia, and, like every thing on stilts in this world, attracts a corresponding degree of admiration.—
Yet he is a gawky colossus, made up "lamely and unfashionably;" as "shaky about the knees" as Dickens' giants, and coarse in flesh as he is no; he will esteem it one of his greatest treasunseemly in appearance. The Chinese are a ures, and value it accordingly.

woulderful people in some respects. By a diof tree to the size of a cabbage, or vice versa; exagerate a small bird or animal, by cultivabelieve, the jungle fowl of Asia, a mere bantam.
The jungle cock measures, when he is on his dignity, about eight inches in height, while the shambling Shanghai rooster, which never stands upon its dignity, for it has none, can feed from the top of a flour barrel. "Size is the measure of power, other conditions being equal," says the phrenologists. Now, by this rule, the Shanghai being six times the size of the bantam, ought to lick said bantam. "other out it. I have not the money to pay now, and I have called to see if I could get it on a credit till fall; for I must have it on some terms—I would not be without it for ten dollars."

Of course we placed his name on our list with great cheerfulness. Such men are the best subscribers in the world, (except those who pay down.) They will always pay at the time it falls due.

You have evidently set too high as estimate upon the extent of your powers.

The reason which you have assigned for this weeping claim of authority, is as extraordmary as the claim of authority, or as an interestion of authority, is as extraordmary as of extent of your powers.

The reason which you have assigned for the soft extent of your powers.

The reason which you have assigned tion, to an extraordinary bulk and attitude.reminds you of a Kentucky giant. Between him and the bashaw of the bantams the collia most extraordinary circumstance which lately | sions are frequent, but in all cases the mandaoccurred here. You know John Hindman, the | rin of the Shanghais, after a few ineffectual demonstrations, turns in his track, and vamoses with prodigious strides, the bantam banging on to his short-tail feathers like "Cuttie Stark"

AUTUMN.

Autumn is a time for reflection. The husandman improved the spring time in preparing the soil, and sowing the seed, the summe in cultivating his crop-removing noxious weeds, and preparing his productions to receive nourishment from the soil, the air, the dew. and the rair. The blessing of Providence has been bestowed bountifully on the labor of his ands, and the fruits of the earth; the grain nas grown abundantly, vegitables and fruit have yielded bountifully, and the trees have been bowed beneath the burden of the ripe and delicious apple and the lucious peach; and altogether a more fruitful season we have never seen. Add to this, in our particular locality, we have been blessed with almost universal and uninterrupted health.

All these blessings call on us for the rendering to God the tribute of grateful hearts and obedidnt lives. Now that the abundant fruits of the earth are being garnered and enjoyed let the "harvest home" song and shout of praise be raised all over the land to the Benificent

Giver of all our blessings. And let these who are in the spring-time of life prepare dilligently the soil of the heart, and sow good seed of virtue there, and cultivate the precious crop with careful industry. and the dews and showers of grace develop and mature those plants of the "Father's right hand planting," and ripen them into perfection; and, then, when the "sear and vellow leaf" shall indicate that the "summer s ended," you shall feel yourself verging towards the chill winter of age, you shall gather the rich fruits of virtue with joy and gladness, and rejoice in the bountiful stores which shall supply the wants of barren winter, and divest hat dreaded season of life of its dreariness. And finally, when the great reaper shall thrust in his sickle, you—thus prepared—shall be gathered, as ripe shocks of corn, into the garner of Heaven.

HOW TO RAISE FRUIT EVERY YEAR.

If rightly understood, few trees, unless ab solutely dead or rotten, need occupy ground without yielding a plenteous crop. After a long and varied series of experiments, I grad-

ually adopted the following mode: As soon as the winter has sufficiently disappeared and before the sap ascends, I examine my trees; every dead bough is lopped off.—
Then after the sap has risen sufficiently to show where the blossoms will be, I cut away all the branches having none on, and also the extremity of every limb, the lower part of which bears a considerable number of buds, thus concentrating the sap of the tree upon the maturation of fruit, and saving what would be a useless exs penditure of strength. In the quince, apricot, and peach trees, this is very important, as these are apt to be luxuriant in leaves, and destitute of fruit. You may think this injures the trees, but it does not; for you will find trees laden with fruit which formerly yielded nothing .-Of course, fall other well know precautions must be attended to, such as cutting out worms from the roots, placing old iron on the limbs, which act as atonic to the sap, &c., Try it ye who have failed in raising fruit. Farmer and Mechanic.

GOT HIM AT LAST.

of disposing of public nuisances. At the late fair in Stamford, of the Fairfield county Agricultural Society, a notorious English pickpocket "Ned Hammond" was arrested in the very act of rifling the personal treasury of a solid country gentleman. Ned was promptly tried, convicted, and sentenced, under the name of "Seymour," to the State prison for three years. His capture was adroitly turned to the benefit of the Fair, for as he had victimized several persons on the ground, he was placed on the last day among the other curiosities, and as a consequence, the receipts for tickets of admittance on that occasion, ran \$100 ahead of the ordinary amount.

Explosion .- "Don't talk to me about your gun cotton," said a gentleman, "I'll put my wife against any invention in the world for blowing people up; if the Government could get her to go down opposite San Juan de Ulloa, the Mexicans would leave instanter."

"train of thought," says it didn't pay, for he sprained his memory, cracked his intellect, and bruised his perceptive faculties. He says no blame is attached to the conductor.

.... Mr. Careful having been told by a phy scian that he must take gentle exercise, replie that he had for some time practiced cuttin toenails twice a week.

.... The lady who was lost in amatem lias been found.

How longsome the fireside where there is no newspaper? Ask the man who has had a family paper to read; with the latest news, good stories, the useful lessons, and the witty sayings of the newspaper—ask him its value. Let him be deprived of it for a few weeks, and then ask

wonderful people in some respects. By a di-minuendo process they reduce you any species day, by an industrious, worthy man, who called at our office to subscribe for a paper. Said he, "I was taking it, but times were so hard, I paid up and quit; and I find I cannot get along with-

Every family ought to have a paper, it is a lifed authority over collectors in the selection of their ty they owe to their children, if nothing else conditions being equal." But they aint. The Who wishes their children to grow in perfect

A TOUCHING SCENE.

A beautiful infant had been taught to say, and it could say but little else, "God will take all sensible people concluded—and, indeed, it seemed probable enough—that the unfortunate blood. Among the oriental brood there stalks a time when both parents were just recovering from a dangerous illness. Every day it grew ungainly ogre, with a deep asthmatic crow, that sounds like the bellowing of a bull calf through a worsted stocking, and a gait that reminds you of a Kantucky giant Between ried into the room of her darling, to give it one last embrace. Both parents succeeded in reaching the apartment just as it was thought the baby had breathed its last. The mother wept aloud, when once more the little creature opened its eyes, looked lovingly up in her face, and in a faint voice said, "God will take care at Point Pleasant. On his return home, about one or two o'clock in the morning, as he was walking through a field on the firm of Robert.

deep into his ears, they crawled upon his trowsers, and filled his eyes with tears. Did he vell like a hyena? Did he holler like a loon? Was he scar't, and did he "cut and run?" or did the critter swoon? Ne'er a one. He wasn't scar't a mite, he never swoons-or hollers; but he hiv'd 'em in a nail-kew tight, and sold 'em for

PUBLIC SPIRITED YOUTH .- The other day a small boy came tearing round the corner with his rags fluttering in the wind, his face smeared with molasses, and a shingle flourishing in his hand, while he was shouting to another boy, about the size of a pepper box, who stood nearly a quarter of a mile down the street-Oh-h Bill ! Bill ! git as many shingles as ever you can and come up the street, round the coreer, as soon as ever you can, for there's a great hogsit of 'lasses busted on the pavement busted all to smash."

BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT-The velvet moss grows on a sterile rock, the misle-toe flourishes on the naked branches, the ivy clings to the mouldering ruins, the pine and cedar remain fresh and fadeless amid the meditations of the receding year; and amid, Heaven be praised, something green, something beautiful to see and grateful to the soul, will, in the darkest hour of fate, still twine its tendrils around the crumbling aland then shall the sunshine of divine favour, tars and broken arches of the desolate temples of the human heart.

.... A pedler calling on an elderly lady the other day, to dispose of some goods, in his conversation inquired if she could tell him of any road that no pedler ever traveled. "Yes," 'I know of one, and only one, which no pedler has ever traveled, (the pedler's countenance brightened) and that's the road to Heaven.

.... As Father Morris was walking through a parish famous for its profanity, he was stop-ped by a whole flock of youthful reprobates of the place. "Father Morris! Father Morris! the devil's dead!" "Is he?" said the old man. benignly laying his hand on the head of the nearest urchin, "You poor fatherless children!

.... To make a young lady six fathoms deep in happiness-give her two Canary birds, half a dozen moon-beams, twelve yards of silk, and ice-cream, several rose-buds, asqueeze of the hand, and the promise of a new bonnet. I she don't melt it will be because she can't.

THE ENTIRE SWINE .- "Miss, will you take my arm ?" "La, yes, sir, and you too." "Can't spare but the arm, miss," replied

the batchelor. "Then," said she, "I can't take it, as my motto is, "Go the whole hog or nones?"

a physcisn to an intemperate person; "set down a stake that you will go so far and no "So I did." said the toper ; " but I set it so far off that I always get drunk before I get to

BROADWAY, New York is perhaps the most densely crowded thoroughfare in America. 528 omnibuses pass through it incessantly. It is proposed to afford relief from this annoyance by removing the omnibuses, and substituting a railway with 61 cars.

.... An editor somewhere in the west has become so hollow from depending on the printing business alone for bread, that he proposes to sell himself to some gentleman, to be used as a stove pipe.

.... The Albany Transcript insinuates that beauty fades so rapidly now-a-days, that if half the girls in the city were to wipe their faces in their handkerchiefs, all their good looks would go to the washerwoman.

TAKING IT EASY .- A traveller in England observing a peasant at work, and seeing that he was taking it remarkably easy, said to him: "My friend, you don't appear to sweat any." "Why no, master, six shillings aint sweating

....Fanny Fern says it is provoking for a woman, who has worked all day a mending an old coat of her husband's to find a love letter from another woman in his pocket.

.... A kind word will often tell more than the severest reproof, and a sigh of sorrow make a far deeper impression than an open censure.

....Jones says the best voice he heard sinoing in meeting, last Sunday, reminded him of a rag machine tearing corduroy pantaloons in-to 4th of July orations. Jones won't live long.

.... A lady was asked the other day, why she chose to live a single life, and gravely re-plied:—"Because I am not able to support a

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

UDGE BRONSON'S SECOND LETTER.

edge Brenson's Reply to Mr. Guthrie's Last Letter

New York, Oct. 31, 1853.

Sir.—If you had been content, in your letter of the 22d isstant, with anacuncing my removal from office, it would have been the end of our correspondence of that subject. But as you have attempted to assign reasons for the proceeding. I have something to say in reply.

You deny the right of the Collector to act without instructions from your department, in any case. This doctrine is entirely new; for in much the larger part of the business of the Custom House, the Collector is guided by the revenue have, and has always acted without instructions from the Secretary of the Treasony. It is only in special cases, where the law is of dointful construction, or the duties of the Collector have been fully prescribed by law, and where the Secretary has a dispensing powder, that he has been authorized to issue instructions to Callectors. And none of these cases have anything to do with the appointment of officers of the enstons. On that head the rights and duties of both Secretary and Collector have been prescribed by Congress, and neither can colitrol the other when acting in his appropriate sphere.

If, as you appear to suppose, for Collector can do nothing without instructions from our department, the business which is now transacted in the Custom House in a single hour, could not be accomplished in a month.—You have evidently set too high an estimate upon the extent of your powers.

ited authority over collectors in the scheenin of my legal acquirements and experience should fall into the error of assuming that the Collector appoints the various persons employed in the Custom House—some with the approval of the Secretary, and some on the authority of the Collector. Singular as this may appear to you, it is the course which has uniformly been pursued since the foundation of the government. Weighers, measurers, guagers and inspectors have been appointed by the Collectors, with the approval of the Secretary; waite cterks, porters, bargemen, laborers, and others, have been appointed by the Collector afone. It has not only been so under all former Secretaries of the Treasury, but during your own-time. All my elerks, porters, car then, laborers. &c., have been appointed without consulting you in any form, and you never intinaried a doubt about the propriety of this course until you decaded it expedient to interfere in the local politics of New York.

Still you insist that the elerks and other agents of the Collector "Gerive their appointment and their authority contains the Secretary of the Treasury.

Still you insist that the clerks and other agents of the Collector "Gerive their appointment and their authority as public officers from the Secretary of the Treasnry alone." The reason you assign for this new and extravagant claim will show that it is wholly without any legal foundation. You place it upon the constitution of the United States, which provides that "Congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they may think proper—in the heads of Departments." You then add, that "Congress has not attempted, nor if it had, could it have effected, any medification of this provision of the constitution." And hence you conclude that the appointment is in the Secretary. It is readily granted that Congress has not, and crancol, modify the constitution. But still your argument amounts to no more than

that the clerks, porters, luberers, &c., in the Custom-House, are public afficers within the msaning of the constitution in relation to appointments. But in truth, they are mere agents of the Collector, to said in the dis-charge of the duties which the law has imposed upon him. They are the hards by which he works, and are no more officers in the sense of the emistitation than are more officers in the sense of the emstitution than are soldiers and sailors in the army and navy. They have never been treated, or even mentioned, by Congress as officers, appointed by the Collector or any one clse; but only as persons employed by the Collector. I hazard nothing in saying that the claim which you have set up has not a shadow of foundation, either in the law of the land or in any former practice of the government.

You speak of "unwarrantable pssamptions" and a "manifest spirit of insub rdination" on my part, as a ground for the removal. But you have been wholly unable to show that I assumed anything beyond my just rights, or that I was nowilling to act in obedience to your

rights, or that I was unwilling to act in obedience to your instructions, in all cases where the law had given you authority to direct. You must allow me to add, that subordination in office does not necessarily prove inferi-ority; and between gentlemen, the relation of superior ority; and between gentlemen, the relation of superior and subordinate confers no right on the one to use imperious language, and imposes no daty on the other to surrender his legal rights.

You complain that the remarks in my former letter impugn your motives. I did not more than state facts—facts which you have not attempted to confrovert, and then said "As to the motive of this movement let others indee".

judge." If your motives have been impaged it is because the facts themselves, and not any words of mine reate the impeachment.

Nothing in your letter has amozed me more than what you say about my selecting the free-sort as for office.

No man can read what was said in your first communica

No man can read what was said in your hist communica-tion without seeing that you called on me to appeant a larger portion of the free soilers, or persons who had left the democratic party and followed Mr. Van Buren on the slavery question in 1845, than I had before done. You spoke of the party as being divided into "different sections", and complained that You spoke of the party as being divided into "different sections," and complained that my appointments had been generally made from that portion of the party to which I adhered. You was not speaking of the recent division at Syraeuse, for t had made no nominations, after that event happened. You were speaking of the different sections as they had existed in the past. You know very well that I adhered to that partion of the party which had not deserted the national standard in 1843, and no one can full to see that you intended I should give a larger share of the offices to the free soil sections, and its allies. And now you think it worthy of "aniand its allies. And now you think it worthy of "ani-madversion" that I have "selected free soilers for office." You cannot escape under a quibble. I did not inform you, as you now find it convenient to state, that I had "selected free soilers for office"—meaning persons who are now free soilers. On the contrary, I spoke of apare now free soilers. On the contrary, I spoke of appointing none but "sound democrats, sincerely attached to the principles of the party, and firm supporters of the national administration." I spoke of "different sections" of the party, just as you had spoken of them rand told you, not that "free soilers," but that "the free soil section" had got its full share of the offices. Your "animadversion" derives all its force from misrepresenting the language of your adversary.

More might be said; but if in reviewing this branch of the subject, you can maintain your self-respect, nothing

More might be said; but if in reviewing this branch of the subject, you can maintain your self-respect, nothing that I can say would be likely to reach you.

Having, as I trust, shown that the reasons which you have assigned are utterly worthless, it now remains to inquire what was the real ground of removal. It was not until after the recent break in the party at Syraeuse that you found any easie of complaint against me. After the party had been resolved into its original elements, without any agency of mine, and by means which I could not approve—after I had been compelled to chose between the two sections, and had very naturally adhered to my old associations with the national democrats—after the old associations with the national democrats—after the paper which professed, without relake to speak the sentiments of the Cabinet had taken the side of the free sentiments of the Cabinet had taken the side of the free soil section, and denounced as traitors those who adhered to the principles which brought the administration into power—then it was that you first discovered that I had not been sufficiently favorable to the free soil section.—Can any man of sense and candor entertain a doubt concerning the motive for your action? I think not. You intended to take ground againt the national democrats, and throw the weight of the administration into the opposite scale. The men who had swerved from the praciples of party, but had stood fast by the Union when it was in danger, were to be borne down by the strong arm was in danger, were to be borne down by the strong arm of power; and because the Collector occupied a place of "Why don't you limit yourself?" said of power; and because the Collector occupied a place of some importance, the blow was to be rendered the more significant by making it fall on him. You then wrote me an insulting letter, and placed a copy in the hands of an officer of the customs, who whispered it about, and finally gave it to the press as a means of annoying me. Whether you intended the officer should so act is more than I can say; but so far as I have learned he still enjoys your confidence.

than I can say; but so far as I have learned he still enjoys your confidence.

And now what was the nature of the controversy to which you have made the national administration a party? It was not a conflict between democrats and whigs, but between two sections of the democratic party. No candidates for national offices were in the field, and if the free soil sections was honest in proclaiming its conversion to the principles of the Democratic platform and the inaugural address, there were no national issues at stake. It was perely a New York quarrel, involving questions of mere Statepolicy. In such a quarrela member of the Cabinet at Washington has taken sides and has, in effect, told the democrats of this State whom they must select for their local rulers, and what should be their policy in relation to the canals and other mat-ters of merely local interest. Your denial on this sub-ject can amount to nothing so long as the facts remain her must select for their local rulers, and what she

unchanged.

Aside from the principle involved the removal is a matter of little moment. I shall leave the office at the close of this day with greater pleasure than I accepted it six months ago. But I have been assailed without cause, and there has been a gross violation of the Democratic doctrine which denies to the federal government the right to intermeddle with the purely internal affairs and policy of the States. For these reasons I have not felt at liberty to let your letter pass without some notice.

I am, respectfully yours.

GREENE C. BRONSON

Hon. Jas. Gothair, Secretary of the Treasury.

STATE FAIR.

At the late State Fair, held in Richmond, the committee on best farming in Virginia, branch 3-

mmended Honorary Testimonials for the fol-The farm of Geo. B. Beall, of Jefferson. The farm of Geo. H. Borwell, of Clarke. The farm of Hill Carter, of Charles City.

The farm of Hill Carter, of Charles City.

The farm of John R. Edmunds, of Halifax.

The farm of W. B. Harrison of Pince George.

The farm of Jas R. Kent of Montgomery.

The farm of Richard Sampson, of Goochland.

The farm of Wm. Sayte, of Norfolk county.

The farm of John A. Seldon, of Charles City.

The farm of Gen. P. Steinberger, of Mason Co.

The farm of Robert Taylor, of Henrico. The farm of Robert Taylor, of Henrico. The most of the testimonials awarded were up

evidence not in writing, as written statements were generally not furnished. "Let us remove temptation from t ath of youth," as the frog said, as he plung into the water, when he saw a boy pick up a



CHARLESTOWN: TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 15, 1853. THE NEW YORK FEUD-ITS ORIGIN, THOUGH NOT ITS END. We have heretofore been silent about the difficulty between Secretary GUTHRIE and Collector BRONSON because we thought that the New York disputes ought not to be nationalized. The subject, however, has now excited so much interest throughout the Union, that further silence on our part might be misconstrued, In order, therefore, to a proper understanding of the difficulty, we must go back some years to the origin of the New York division of the Democratic party. This division took a definite form in 1848, when the Free Soil Democrats of New York, under the lead of Martin Van Buren, formed themselves into a distinct party, in opposition to the National Democrats,-They united with the Whig Abolitionists, and nominsted Van Buren in opposition to General Cass, the regular nominee of the Democratic party for President. The origin of this distinct organization of the Free Soil party can be readily traced to the personal opposition of Van Buren to Cass, and it arose from Van Buren's bitter disappointment in not getting the nomination for President, which he had confidently expected. Van Buren succeeded in defeating Gen. Cass's election, and the object of the distinct organization by him of the Free Soilers having succeeded, it is probable the party, as a separate organization, would have disbanded after the defeat of Cassif the masses had been left to themselves. This, however, did not suit the views of its leaders, for they would thereby have lost their prominence, and with it all chance for the spoils of office, for which their appetites were most voracious. By the exertion of their leaders, the Free Soil-faction, instead of disbanding, endeavored to form a most corrupt coalition with the National Democrats. This infamous coalition was to be based on no principles; each section was to keep up its separate organization; they were to vote together against the Whigs, and then divide the spoils of office in a fixed proportion to be agreed upon beforehand. This disgraceful attempt at a coalition was made in 1849, and though nobly resisted by the more honest portion of the National Democrats, was partially successful. Though for some years these two sections of the Democratic partv acted together, yet there was no real union or harmony between them; year after year the division of the spoils of office produced bickerings and heartburnings. Those Democrats, who, unseduced by the spoils, continued to denounce this unholy coalition. deserve the thanks of the Democracy of the country. Such was the state of things in New York when the Democratic National Convention met in Baltimore in 1852. The Compromise measures had in the mean time passed Congress. These measures had been bitterly opposed by the Wilmot Proviso Democrats of the North as yielding too much to the South, and on the other hand the Southern Rights party had denonnced them as unjust to their section. But after their passage, the Democratic party North and South, had determined to abide by them, and in future to resist all further agitation on the slavery question. On this common ground the whole party met in Convention, and without approving or condemning these measures, pledged the Democratic party of the Union faithfully to abide by them, and to desist from all agitation of the slavery question. Accordingly the Southern Rights party was disbanded, and the Free Soil party also, except in the State of New York .-Those Northern Democrats elsewhere than in New York, who would not consent to resist in future all agitation of the slavery question, left the Democratic party, and uniting themselves with the Abolitionists, voted for Hale or Scott. The New York Democrats, however, did not dissolve their organization; and though they generally voted for Pierce, many of their leaders refused to pledge themselves to abide by the Compromise, and though they suspended for a time the agitation of the slavery question, they would not pledge themselves in future to desist from such agitation. Many of their papers denied that the National platform had been fairly adopted. Their party in the last Legislature refused to endorse the Baltimore platform, and they still continued their separate organization. Upon the Baltimore platform Gen'l. Pierce was elected, and he has endeavoued to place the whole Democratic party upon it by giving his confidence to all who cordially adopted this platform, no matter how bitterly they may have been originally opposed to the Compromise measures. At the late Syracuse Convention the Free Soil Democrats, for the first time, placed themselves upon this platform, and thereafter changing their name, they were called "Softs," while that portion of the National Democrats who refused to coalesce with them, were thereafter called "Hards." An open rupture occurred between these sections of the party, and each section made its own nominations. This was the state of things when Secretary Guthrie wrote his first letter to Collector Brouson. Mr. B. had always been a firm and consistent member of the National Democracy of New York, and was appointed Collector of the city by President Pierce without any solicitation on his part, or on the part of any of his friends, and without his prior knowledge. The "Softs" made bitter complaints that Bronson, in his appointments to subordinate offices, discriminated against them-and Secretary Guthrie writes to him in substance, complaining that he had made an undue proportion of his appointments from the National Democrats, or "Hards," and had not duly recognized the claims of the "Softs," or former Free Soilers; and he instructs him to recognize this section of the Democrats, "in the only way that will carry conviction with it," that is, by appointing them to office, and that discrimination between the sections would not be approved .-This was followed up by another letter, directing him to submit to the Secretary's approval his appoint-

ments of all clerks. These are substantially the po-

zitions taken by Secretary Guthrie, and they are most

illogically deduced from the fact that the adminis-

tration recognized the Baltimore platform and the

inaugural address as containing the principles on

which the administration would act. These letters

were responded to by Bronson, in an open, manly,

and vigorous letter, in which he says that he had not

discriminated in the bestowing of offices in favor of the

"Hards," as had been charged, but he denies the right

of the Secretary to dictate to him who shall be his

instance in which a public officer had been instructed

to go into an inquiry about sections, and see that a

ust distribution of offices was made between them.

To this Secretary Guthrie wrote a reply, showing

time any Secretary has attempted to lay down a uni-

versal rule that all persons who accept even a subor-

dinate office, are thereby pledged to support the policy

of the administration. But we will let this pass, as

there is no complaints but that both Bronson and his

appointees approved the principles of the administra-

tion. Against the doctrine promulgated by Secretary

Guthrie, that those who united to elect the President

were entitled to be recognized by appointments to office,

weenter our solemn protest. It is to reduce the Presi-

dential election to a mere contest for the spoils, Presi-

dent Pierce has ever denounced such a doctrine. In his

inaugural he says: "a claim to office is what the pco-

ple of a Republic should never recognize;" and again

"importunate desire for office can confer no claim, and

the public interest imperiously demands that appoint-

ments should be made with sole reference to the du-

ties to be performed." How different this from the

command issued by Guthrie, that as the "Softs" had

a just claim to the offices, and importunately desired

them, more of them should be bestowed on them, and

that, too, when there was no complaint that the ap-

pointees of Bronson were not faithful, honest and com-

petent. And what can be the character of Guthrie's

reasoning powers, when from the Baltimore platform and the President's inaugural he can deduce this

principle, that distinct sections of the Democra ic

party are to be recognized by appointments to office.

Did the Baltimore platform contemplate distinct sec-

tions of the party, or can such distinct sections of the

party as the "Softs" and "Hards" really exist, if it

were true that they both equally concurred in the

principles of the Baltimore platform? Much might

be said of the offensive tone and spirit of Guthrie's

longer on them. The whole affair was not only indiscreet on the part of Guthrie, but absolutely de plorable. He ought to have had nothing to do with the New York fend. As it is, so far as he could do so, he has endeavored to place the Democratic party of the Union in the false position of sympathizi the "Softs" of New York. For one, we repudiate the position, and openly declare ourselves sympathizers with Bronson and his faithful followers, the true friends of the South. Though on all proper occasions we have raised our voice in their behalf, yet as the controversy was confined to New York, and the Democratic party was pledged not to agitate the slavery question, we should have remained silent had not Secretary Guthrie, by his bungling and offensive letters, endeavored to place the administration on the side of the "Softs," and thus made a mere local feud a national matter. The Secretary has most foolishly made an issue between himself and the "Hards" of New York, the true and tried friends of the administration and of the South. 'The "Softs" have seized hold of this to represent the Administration as with them, themselves as its best friends, and denouncing

as false to the administration all who do not side The "Softs" of New York have become the supporters of the administration under most suspicious circumstances, and their past history is such as to render them the subjects of strong suspicion as to the ionesty of their present professions, yet they are endeavoring to palm themselves upon the country as the best friends of the President, while the "Hards," who have ever been true to the Democrasic party, true to the Union and true to the South, are denounced as enemies of the administration. We will not permit this false position to be assumed without exposing it. We are true and tried friends of the administration, and while we denounce the course of Secretary Guthrie, we feel an abiding confidence in General Pierce-We have ever regarded him as a firm defender of the onstitutional rights of the South, and our confidence in him is in no degree lessened by the folly and misconduct of one of his Secretaries. The whole course of the President through life shows that he has no sympathy with Free Soilers or Abolitionists in any form or shape. And though by Guthrie's bungling, and the hypocritical pretences of some of the "Softs," the administration has, for a time, been placed in the false position of apparently sympathizing with them, yet we doubt not that the President will soon extricate himself from this dilemma, and the administration will appear to the whole country in its true attitude. We have indeed now ample evidence of what is the true position and sympathies of the President. As we have seen his inaugural is in direct conflict with the letters of Guthrie. The recent letter of Cushing in opposition to the coalition of the Massachusetts Democrats with the Free Soilers, clearly shows that there is no sort of sympathy between the President and this base faction. Indeed, the whole life of the President has been one continued war on these enemies of the country. That the dilemma into which Guthrie's folly had involved the administration might not be used to show that the President had taken sides with the "Softs," or Free Soilers, Gen. Pierce appointed in Bronson's place, Hiram J. Redfield, one of the bitterest opponents of the New York Free Soilers, and one of the Cass electors in 1848. By no act could the President have more strongly repudiated the false position in which the "Softs" were striving to place him. We attach the blame of this whole transaction to Mr. Guthrie. The President has been surrounded with difficulties. It has been his patriotic aim to unite the Democratic party on the broad basis of the Bal timore platform. In this he has succeeded to a considerable extent, and though'he has been for the present thwarted by the folly of Guthrie and hypoc risy of certain New York politicians, yet we still have the most unbounded confidence in the ability and patriotism of our patriotic President.

We have thus fully and frankly expressed our humble opinions; they can be taken for what they are worth We feel assured that Northern fanaticism will never be able to turn our President from his determination to uphold the rights of the South. Even Bronson himself, who we deem a much injured man, attaches the blame to Guthrie, and not Pierce, in whom he expresses the strongest confidence.

THE RESULT IN NEW YORK.

Owing to the divisions in the Democratic party in New York, the Whigs have carried this State, as all

The Senate stands, so far as we have been able to learn, 22 Whigs, 5 Hards, and 2 Softs, and two districts to be heard from. The Assembly stands 78 Whigs, 17 Hards and 15 Softs, sixteen to be heard from, which will be mainly Democratic.

In 25 counties, including New York city, the Hards have gained over the softs 10,665 since 1848, when Van Buren had a plurality over Cass of about 6,000 The probabilities are that in the present election the Hards will have a plurality over the Softs of five or

While we deeply lament that the State has been carried by the Whigs, through the split in the Democratic party, we rejoice that the "Hards," the true friends of the South, outnumbered the "Softs" by many thousand, and that, too, at a time when the "Softs" were falsely claiming themselves to be the friends of the administration, and denouncing the "Hards" as enemies of the President. We regard this vote as a decisive censure on the impolitic course pursued by Secretary Guthrie, and rejoice that the aid and comfort which the "Softs" expected to derive from his course, has availed them nothing.

ESCAPE FROM JAIL.

By reference to our advertisement columns, it will be seen that the Sheriff of Jefferson, JOHN W. MOORE, Esq., offers a reward of \$100 for the apprehension of negro CHARLES, who made his escape from this county on the morning of Friday last. This negro was charged, and the evidence against him is positive as to his identity, with having attempted to commit an outrage, which our law justly regards as a most heinous offence, upon a white woman, who is a most respectable lady of our county. His trial was to have come off on Monday next.

The manner of his escape was simple and casy in its operation. He had been furnished with an iron wedge, by which he unlocked the door of the inilgained an access to the basement, (through the fireplace) and by simply removing the brick which were under the door of the jail, (a nine inch wall) was at full liberty to go where his inclination might sug-

Those who may feel inclined to examine the premises, can readily perceive the case with which the escape could have been made, and will unite with us in the hope that a place of better security may be provided, for those whom the public good require should be made answerable for their outrage of law, and whose deeds should consign them to the severest penalty which it provides.

The whole community feel indignant at the escape of this negro, yet we hope no one will act so unkind. appointees, and he complains that this was the first | as to attach blame where it does not belong, as we are sure his master, the Sheriff and Jailor, could feel no interest but that in common with every good citizen of the community, and that is to bring the negro, if guilty, to the most condign punishment.

both had taste and bad humor, in which he dismisses We hope he may be speedily arrested, (and the Bronson from his office. These letters of Guthrie are prospect is a good one, as we learn he was in the into a knot on the crown, the ends being turned unopen to many and grave objections. It is the first | county up to Friday night) and no good citizen | der and concealed, and all brushed so smooth as not should leave any efforts untried to effect his recovery His crime is a common outrage against the community, and all are alike interested in the punishment of its offender.

& BARNET CUSHWA, Esq., was nominated on Monday week, by the Democratic Convention of Berkeley county, as its candidate for the next Sheiffalty of that county. Moses S. Grantham, Thos. G. Flagg and Wm. D. North, Esq'rs. were also put innomination, by heir respective friends. John SENCINDIVER, Esq. the present Commissioner of the Revenue, was re-nominated for election.

83-U. S. stock amounting to one million three hundred and forty-one thousand dollars, was redeemed at the National Treasury last week. At this rate Uncle Sam will soon get out of debt.

.... The discoverer of gold in Australia is to be rewarden by the British Government. The Colonial authorities of Australia propose to give to Mr. Har-graves, the discoverer, £10,000, but the Duke of Newcastle, who is the head of the Colonial Department in the Ministry, offers him only half that sum, which Mr. Hargraves objects to,

03-The trial of Hemphill Trayer, for the murder of Wm. Coleman, has been in progress at Staunton since ast week. A jury was empannelled on Wednesday

Mr. Ligon, the recently elected democratic Govrnor of Maryland, is a Virginian by birth, and a graduate of the University of Va.

63-All of the Washington hotels have put up the the afternoon. There is but one passenger train a letters, and much more of other objectionable features | price of board to \$2 50 a day.

ALEXANDRIA, L. AND H. BAILBOAD.

Our community has been deeply palued, and its sympathics universally expressed, at the sudden and nexpected death of Mrs. MARGARET RAWLINS, the espected consert of our old and valued friend, Mr. CHOMAS RAWLING of this town. She was stricken lown whilst pursuing her ordinary avocation, by Apoplexy, on Friday, and though she lingured for a day or two, was entirely insensible to any thing around her, until her spirit took its final departure She was an affectionate mother, a kind neighbor, and to her venerable partner, a solace in his old age, and always a reliance in the vicissitudes with which his life has been marked. To himself and his respected and numerous family, we can but add our sympathy for the present and past afflictions which they have been so recently called upon to mourn

THE ELECTION IN MISSISSIPPI.

The whole democraite State ticket is elected by over 6,000 majority, All the democratic Congressn are also elected. The anti-Foot majority in the Legislature, on joint ballot, will be over twenty-five .-The Hon. Jefferson Davis will probably be chosen U.

The following are the Congressmen elect; -1st District, D. B. Wright, dem; 2d do., W. S. Barry, dem; 3d do., O. R. Singleton, dem. 4th do; W. P. The following State ticket elected-Governor, John

McRae, dem ; Secretary of State, W. H. Muse, dem ;

State Treasurer, A. M. Jackson, dem; Attorney General, D. C. Glenn, dem. HARPERS-FERRY GARDENING.

Mr. WM. F. WILSON, near Campbill, Harpers-Ferry, raised in his garden this season, a Cabbage measuring 4 feet 9 inches in diameter; one measurng 4 feet 6 inches, weighing when trimmed ready for cooking, 16 pounds. One beet weighing 15; pounds; as also, a single vine bearing 14 good marketable Pumpkins. Who can beat the above?

NEW YORK ELECTION.

The rupture between the Hards and Softs Shells of New York has led to the success of the whig ticket.

'It appears certain that the whice have elected about two-thirds of their senators, for a term of two years-and a large majority of the members of Assembly. Consequently, the Legislature and Canal board will be whig, while the Govenor and Lieutenant govenor, elected last year being democrats, hold over for another year. The U. S. Senator in place of W. H. Seward, is to be chosen by the assembly elected next year and State Senator now chosen.

A telegraphic despatch, a few days since, mention ed in brief terms, the murder at Louisville, Ky., of a schoolmaster, Mr. Butler, by one of his pupils named Ward. Mr. Butler, it would appear, had slightly punished a little brother of Ward, for eating chesnuts in school and telling a falsehood. The latter had gone home and given his brother his own version of the case; and he had deliberately purchased and loaded a pair of pistols, with which he went and shot Mr. Butler, in cold blood and without a word of explanation. The N. Y. Times says:

Ward, the principel actor in this dreadful tracedy, is the author of a book recently published, entitled English Items, which attracted some attention from the violence and coarseness of its vituperation of everything English. His family is one of the firs in Louisville. Miss Sally Ward, the lady whose marriage to Col. T. B. Lawrence, of Boston, some years since, and subsequent separation from him, attracted public attention, is his sister."

JOHN MITCHEL

It gives us true pleasure to be able to announce that the report of Jno. Mitchel's escape from Van Dieman's Land is confirmed. Private letters have been received from him in N. York, detailing the facts of his escape and its success. He has now reached the free soil of this Republic, under whose institutions his noble soul will still more expand. At the last secounts he was at San Francisco, where he was to be greeted with a public dinner and then visit New York. His aspirations were ever towards the principles which govern our people. At the same time when the most gifted and daring of his compatriots still clung to the hope of saving their country, without breaking its connection with England, John Mitchel stepped forward and declared that the time had arrived for an entire and final severance of the Island from the Imperial crown. His bold writings in the United Irishman so alarmed the Government that a specia act was passed to get rid of him, and under its provisions he was convicted of "treason felony" and transported for fourteen years. His friend, John Martin, at once stepped into his place, continued to enunciate his opinions-was arrested, tried, and followed him to a penal colony. They both, it is said, achieved

their liberty together. John Mitchel is one of the noblest apostles of the creed of human equality that the present, or any pre-vious age, has produced. He is a thorough republican in all his impulses and sympathies. He is a man of comprehensive intellect and fine acquirements. The Philadelphia Register, which has refreshed us with the above facts, adds, of Mitchel, that in his pro-

fession as an attorney, he was realizing a full competence, when he threw himself at the head of the movement in Ireland, and assumed the duties of a journalist. John Mitchel is the son of a Presbyertian minister; in age, he is about 38 years. In appearance, he is slight, fragile, and delicate looking; with a fine intellectual face, and deep set, very calm blue eves. The great characteristic of his appearance is a stoical calinness, though he is full of passion. Yet, even in repose, he looks like a hero. He is intensely pale—the pallor of deep and anxious thought is only casually intersected by a streak of hectic rose color as his heart swells into en-

thusism with his subject. The blue veins are distinctly marked on his expansive snowy temples; round which wave-or did wave, when the writer last saw him, free and full of hope then—dark brown, flowing locks, falling back on his shoulders. But the shears of the jailor have been playing with their glories Jno. Mitchel was born to be the honored citizen of a free nation-and he will win, here in his exile, the

esteem that would have awated him at home had Providence willed a higher destiny to his hopes. [Richwond Euquirer.

DINNER TO THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION.

terprising proprieters of the City Hotel gave a dinner ig to the Howard Association. It was a very splendid affair, and numerously attended. Dan Hickok, the model caterer and prince of hosts as well as a good fellow, presided, assisted by Messrs. Boullemet. Shaw and Nobles, of the Howards. Appropriate toasts were drunk to the Mayor, (whose unavoidable absence was excused by the President of the Howard Association) to the Howard Association, to Mr. Boullemet, the President, Mr. Kursheedt, the treasurer, and Mr. Ricardo, the Secretary of the Association, and to many other gentlemen present, and to the public press, all of which were happily responded "The Medical Faculty of New Orleans' was given

and drunk with great cordiality. This brought Dr. Dalton to his feet, who, after replying briefly to the The North, the East, and the West-Forgetting all sectional differences, with a noble sympathy, worthy the memory of the immortal Howard, they rushed to the relief of the South when smitten with a sud-

den and fearful calamity, and have thus sealed the bond of union between us forever."

LOO CHOO ISLAND.

A young midshipman attached to the Japan ex-A young musingment of the dress pedition gives the following description of the dress of the inhabitants of Loo Choo, one of the Japanese "I was among the first to land, and enjoyed a rich

treat in the sight of the Loo Choo islanders. Their appearance is in the highest degree effeminate and simple, and is increased by their dress. They shear the top of the head, leaving a ridge of hair all around. This, when it grows long, is gathered up and made to leave a hair out of its place. It is then kept in its place by two pins crossing each other. Their dress consists merely of a piece of light airy material thrown over the shoulders, and gathered by a belt at the waist, the end hanging almost down to the ground Their sandals are made of a kind of straw, secured by a strap over the instep and another connected with it, rearing over the foot and passing between the hir and next toe. This is the general dress .-That of the mandarians and the "upper ten" is some what richer, there is a little more of it, and they are allowed the luxury of stockings. All, upon entering a house, leave their sandals at the door."

MORGAN CIRCUIT COURT.

The special term of the Morgan Superior Court commenced on last Monday, convened for the pur-pose of trying the case of Loyd and Carr against Leopard, involving the title to the ground upon which all those valuable buildings have been erected at the mouth of Sir John's Run on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. On Wednesday night the testimony was closed, and Thursday until a late hour at night was consumed in the argument by counsel of the cause before the Jury. The Jury stood eleven to one in favor of the plaintiffs, but not being able to agree, were discharged. It is thought the suit will be comwere discharged. It is thought the suit with the compromised. There were some nine counsel employed. The cause was opened before the Jury by John E. Nozris, Esq., who was followed by Ed. I. Lee and Andrew Hunter, Esqrs, for the defendant, and closed by Chas. Jas. Faulkner, Esq., for the plaintiff.

[Martinsburg Republican.]

BAILROAD CHANGS. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have discontinued the Harpers Ferry accommodation train for the winter, and the old system of travel has been returned to on the Winchester and Potomac road for the same time, in consequence. The cars leave at nine in the morning, and return at the usual hour in

Mr. Epron - Peralt me through the colu een viewed. The instructions heretofore given the hief Engineer, probably excluded a view of this route. the correct location of the road is a matter of so ate to have this route viewed, if there is a probabil-ty of its proving the most desirable.

The route 1 propose, corresponds with that which as been surveyed from Alexandria to Keys' Gap, and from Green Spring Run to Paddytown. Instead of descending from Keys' Gap, the Western slope of the Blue Ridge in an oblique direction towards the south, to a point opposite the mouth of Long Marsh, the suggestion I would make is, that the road after passing the summit of the mountain at Keys' Gap, should bend a short distance towards the south, crossing the river by a high bridge nearly opposite the mouth of Cat Tail Run—thence along the bluff on the southern side of this run, to its source near Charlestown; thence road, nearly west, about 3½ miles, to a point just be-yond Cameron's depot; thence still westward in a course nearly with the Smithfield and Harper's Ferry Turnpike, passing near the former place to the Opo-quon Creek, and thence pursuing the same general direction to Green Spring Run where it would again oin the line already surveyed. The Shenandoah river this route, would be reached in a distance from Alexandria, of less than sixty miles. The entire route would be more than 5 miles shorter than the route already surveyed through Keys' Gap. It would be fully as short a route as the one through Snicker's Gap, and a very short tunnel, if any, would be re-

quired through the Blue Ridge.

But is this route practicable, and can a road over it be made at as small a cost as over either of the other routes? This important question can only be satisfactorily answered by an actual survey. In the absence of such survey, I feel confident that the route is not only practicable, but far cheaper and more de-sirable than either of the routes already surveyed. At a point nearly opposite the mouth of Cat Tail Run, a spur of the Blue Ridge runs down to the very edge of the Shenandoah River, and on the other side of the river immediately opposite, another bluff runs down to the river's edge along the southern side of Cat Tail Run. Each of these bluffs are about 150 feet high, and their distance apart at the point where the bridge would strike them, is not more than 75 yards greater than the width of the river. The difficulty of throwing a bridge 150 feet high across from bluff to bluff, though considerable, must be far less than the cost of the tunnel at Snicker's Gap of 4500 feet. The cost of this bridge would not probably exceed the cost of the bridge at the mouth of Long Marsh Run, and the cost of the tunnel 1500 feet long near the mouth of this run which would be entirely avoided by the route I suggest. If the river was thus crossed by a bridge 150 feet high, there would be little difficulty in crossing the Blue Ridge at Keys' Gap, by a deep cut or a very short tunnel. Nor would there be any difficulty in descending the bluff on the Western side of the river. This bluff runs up Cat Tail Run in a westerly direction several miles, and as the face of the country is rapidly rising as we leave the river, by keeping along the side of the bluff on a level, before the road reached Charlestown, it would be on a level with Cat Tail Run, and the Winchester and Potomac Railroad at Charlestown. Thence to Green Spring Run there is believed to be no sort of difficulty in locating the road. The advantages of this route over the one already surveyed through Keys' Gap, are obvious. It saves a distance of more than five miles, it avoids a tunnel of 1600 feet and it is a route which would command a somewhat greater trade and travel. Its advantages over the Snicker's Gap route are equally obvious. It avoids a tunnel of 4500 feet without inreasing the distance at all, and while it would command all the trade and travel that the Snicker's Gar route would, in addition thereto, it would get the en tire trade and travel of Jefferson and Berkeley counties, a large portion of which would be lost by the Snicker's Gap route. With all these advantages the only difficulty upon the route is the bridge at the Shenandoah-and this,

BANK OF THE VALLEY.

JEFFERSON.

from the peculiar character of the country, is. I think, really no great obstacle. I would respectfully call

this route, in the hope that it will be surveyed.

State of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, including its Offices of Discount and Deposite, Oct. 1, 1852. Notes of bank incorporated by State. 139,505 63 Notes of bank incorpor'd elsewhere .. 15,853 18 Doubtful debts......9,937 90

\$2,398:072, 33 Capital stock......\$1,174,300 00 Due to other banks......54.956 59 In transitu betw'n bank and branch's. 2.368 18 \$3,398,072, 33

State of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, inclu ding its Offices of discount and Deposit, Oct. 1, 1853 Notes of bank incorpor'd elsewhere .. 32.949 50 Notes discounted..... 2,354,926 47 Inland bills discounted 162,015 75 Stock purchased to secure a debt....8,000 00 In transitu betwin bank and branches 8.681 55 Bad debts......\$2,843 22 Doubtfull debts.....4,892 76

Capital stock .\$1.202,500 00 Notes in circulation .2,289,513 50 Due to other banks .90,323 82 Discount .50,245 45 *Surplus fund .113,632 08 Deposits .534,400 22		\$4,280,615 14
Notes in circulation 2,289,513 50 Due to other banks 90,323 82 Discount 50,245 49 *Surplus fund 113,632 08	Capital stock	\$1,202,500 00
Due to other banks	Notes in circulation	2.289,513 50
Discount		
	Discount	50,245 49
Deposits	*Surplus fund	113,632 08
	Deposits	

*Of the surplus fund, \$75,000 is part of the capital of the branch at Christianburg. FARMERS' BANK.

The Picayune of Sunday morning says :- "The en-Comparative state of the Farmers' Bank of Virgin ia, including the Brunches, on the 1st day of October, 1852, and the 1st day of October 1853. Debts outstanding...\$6,404,697 52 \$7,121,234 19 Specie......848,274 18 Notes and checks of other banks.....260,731 42 338,434 34 Real estate......202,320.95 196,332 34 \$7,777,589 14 \$8,679,639 01 Capital stock 3.000.900 00 \$3.100.900 00 Notes in circulation 2,757,177 00 3,064,854 50 Individual deposits....1,504,862 56 1,893,605 42 Surplus or reserved fund......323,319 97 rofits of the insti-

Due to other banks......75,450 34 131,671 58 In transitu between parent B'k & Br 21.946 99 20.994.85 \$7,777,589 14 \$8,679,639 01

OHIO THE BANNER STATE.

The following are the majorities received by the everal democratic candidates on the State ticket at the recent election in Ohio:

Trevitt, secretary of State,.....53,709 McCook, attorney general,52,230 Griswold, commissioner of public works, 51,515 Barney, commissioner of public schools, .. 22,348

THE PILLORY AND WHIPPING IN DELAWARE. -On the 29th ult., at Dover, Delaware, a man named Daniel Morgan, convicted of some crime, was placed in the pillory for one hour, at the expiration of which time twenty lashes were inflicted on his bare back with a willow switch, the Sheriff, it is said, declaring positively that he would not use a cowhide on any white man. Whilst standing in the pillory, the blood became so stagnated in the prisoner's face and hands as to render them almost black. After the sentence of the law had been completed, the prisoner was remanded back to prison, there to stay until he shall have paid the costs, \$75 restitution money, and a fine of \$100. It is said he is a very poor man, and how he is to pay the amount demanded passes our com-prehension. Reform is sadly needed in Delaware.

.... Secret Orders continue to multiply in all parts of the country. The last we have heard of is men-tioned by the Cincinnati Columbian as having been founded in that city, under the title of "The family Compact;" of which both male and female are members. In that city it already numbers five hundred members, and the Columbian says that it is for charitable and beneficial purposes. In Philadelphia the itable and beneficial purposes. In Philadelphia the number of these secret orders is very large. Besides the old and respectable orders of Masons and Odd Fellows, we have the Ancient Order of Druids, Ancient Order of Good Fellows, Improved Order of Red Men, American Protestant Association, Sons of Temperance, Sons of America, United Order of American Mechanics, Independent Order of Philozatheans, Independent Order Rechabites, Brotherhood of the Union, Female Druids, Cadets of Temperance, Order of the Lone Ster and a bost of others whose names of the Lone Star, and a host of others, whose names only occasionally appear in public,

New Jensey Election.-Rodman M Price, dem, is chosen Governor by 5,000 to 8,000 majority; the Senate will stand 15 democrats to 5 whiga. The House is largely democratic,

NEW ORLEANS, Uct. 29, 1853. Friend Beller :- The "Picayune" of this mornin in the city last evening announce Baton Rouge yesterday of black vomit."

Can this be our old townsmm,—my friend and class-mate at Dr. Jones' Academy—the well-known and estimable youth, in days long gone by—who was familiarly called "Archy Lamon?"

Only last week I learned, for the first time, that the Whig party had nominated a man of that name as a candidate for the important offlice above mentioned; and that he was an Episcopal Minister. I have no doubt that the deceased was really our old friend— but, how strange I—that I never knew that he was a citizen of Louisiana. In all that region of our State the yellow fever has

been raging for some weeks, with great virulence.— At Jackson, La., the Presbytery was to have met, per adjournment, on the 19th inst. So great was the terror of the people, (or the authorities, I know not which,) that strangers from infected places were not permitted to enter Jackson. The members had to return home. No meeting was held, of course. The fever still rages and spreads in Texas. A friend of mine, who has been on a visit there since June last, writes from Huntsville, Eastern Texas, under date of the 18th inst., as follows:

"Alas! I am still detained. Nothing has so tried me for many years. To run the gauntlet at this moment, of Houston and Galveston, (particularly the former,) is here considered almost certain death. No less than six persons have, as the result of a few hours visit to Honston, died within a few weeks." In New Orleans we still have some cases. Only week ago, I was called to see three cases in less than

twenty-four hours. Two of these died-but they were all three lately from the country. I make this letter intentionally very short : for your space is no doubt precious, and my time certainly is.

The facts above stated may interest some of your

Our people, I regret to inform you, do not seem to to have profited by the terrible lessons of the epidem ic, as they should. How prone men are; to run with the multitude, to do evil! How few are swift to do good! The ten or twelve thousand, lying all around us entombed, who were only five months ago mingling among us, seem to be already forgotten. Thousands upon thousands are pouring in; and our streets are becoming as busy as ever.

Truly, we ought to be thankful as a city-and we ought to rejoice; but it should be with trembling .-There are, I suppose, some twenty odd thousand more of acclimated citizens now, than there were last April -persons who have had the fever. They have gone through the ordeal-and, with feelings of sympathy, can be the Samaritans and Howards in time to come Many of these appear to be in more vigorous health than ever-and my own two family cases are of this description; for Mrs. N., since her recovery, has sat up more than one night, nursing the sick and dying. Even while I write, she is out, with other ladies, attending to some sixty orphans. The Howards have distributed these fatherless ones, very properly, according to the religious faith of their late parents .-The "Orphans' Home"-i. e. the Protestant institution -has the sixty above referred to. The Catholics have received, as their quota, some two hundred, for their "Asylum"-for they have two or three. This shows that the great bulk of the destitution, and distress, and suffering, and abject poverty,-during these five weary months, has been among the poor emigrants from the Roman Catholic populations, of the old

world. And the cry is, "still they come." In conclusion, then,-I will appeal to all those of your readers, who live on their own comfortable estates-to all persons-but especially to the young people and children of my native county, to do som thing, and out of their abundance, to help these poor little children, who are left orphans by the dreadful epidemic. The Howards give only \$100 for the suppert of each child; and that you know will not go very far. And I will say, moreover, let the donors, who are Catholics, give for the "Catholic Orphan Asyluns," And let Protestants give to the "Orphans Home," for that is the name of their institution. In that institution, Methodist ladies, Episcopalian, Bapbe sent, directed as above, to the care of the Hon. A D. Crossman, Mayor of the city. Yours, as ever.

N. G. NORTH THE ARMORY QUESTION.

The following letter was written to the committee of arrangements for the Citizens' Leveeheld at Hampden Hall, Springfield, Mass., in September last, in response to an invitation to be present, and join in the festivities of that occasion:

EXETER, N. H., Sept. 16, 1853. DEAR SIE:- I have received, and am very much obliged to you, for sending me a complimentary card to attend the "Citizens' Levee" at Springfield, on the evening of Monday, the 16th inst. I regret that business engagements render it altogether impracticable to be present on the social and happy occasion. I inter from a correspondence published in the Springfield Post, that the "Levee" is to be held in compliment to the Commission now in session, relative to the superintendence of the armory, and that I have been invited on account of the spontaneous interest I took in that subject, while a member of Congress. It was accidental that I happened to become more acquainted with the difficulties connected with, and complained of, at the armory, than any other member of the last Congress.

Early in the summer of 1852, while taking a sick daughter from school towards my home in Exeter. I was obliged to stop about two weeks in your beautiful town for her to amend. While there I was visited by Mr. Ripley, who courteously proposed to take me to the armory and show me the operation of the establishment, and the different processes of the manufacture of fire arms. I accepted his proposal and was obliged to him for the attentions, by which I was enabled to go through with a very interesting examination. He gradually opened to me, at the same time, the agitations which had taken place in respect to the civil and military superintendency, and stated some of the charges and some of the defences set up on his part to any change. I became interested and determined to make myselffamiliarly acquainted with the controversy before I should be called to act upon a pending report then before Congress. I did so, and I involuntarily became an earnest advocate for breaking down the supervision which Mr. Ripley seems to

have made it his chief business for the last few years The first aversion which I felt to the military superintendency I derived from Mr. Ripley himself .-Without saying anything that ought to be offensive to him, or to his best friends, I think every unprejudiced man, acquainted with the dignity and rights of free labor, must observe in Mr. Ripley, traits which utterly disqualify him to be the overseer of free men. Master and servant is written on every wall of the armory buildings, and was too apparent upon the countenances of some that were there employed. Mr. Ripley is quite a gentleman, and I could attribute his general notions, only to the military training he had had, and hence considered the military superinten-

dency pernicious and wrong. The examination of the outside of the mansion built by Mr. Ripley for his own accommodation, with the needlessly expensive walks, covered with finest stone, all so much superior to what any officers of the United States, civil or military, are provided with, or can provide for themselves, convinced me at the close of my examination, that besides the vicions results of a military education, Mr. Ripley had, naturally, magnificent ideas of the elevation of men in authori ty which unfit:ed him to be invested with power over After Mr. Ripley had exhibited his side of the case.

I was visited by those who had been employed in the armory many years ago, but who had refused to bend themselves to the successive claims made by Mr. Ripley, upon what they deemed their rights, and their independence. I expressed no opinion to either Mr. Ripley, or to those opposing him, while at Springfield, but the proclivity of my feelings was very decided, and with every additional fact which has since come to my knowledge. I have felt an increasing wish and hope, that the military superintendency of our armories may soon be forever abolished. With many thanks to yourself, and the other gentlemen of the committee, I am

Your friend and servant, Hon. Charles Stearns, chairman of committee of

WASHINGTON ON DITS,-A correspondent of the New York Tribune gives the following Washington A great combination of patentees is on foot, to obtain from Congress a renewal of their several grants. Among them is the Goodworth Planing Machine-the Goodyear India Rubber patents-the

A contract has been made with a heavy English railroad firm to construct a plank road across the Isthmus of Tehaunteper, which is to be completed within one year, to be followed by a railroad to be finished in three years. All the arrangements are made for a prompt commencement of both works— Santa Anna is to receive a bonus of a million or so for the right of way. Seven hundred thousand dollars is to be paid over this week in New York, on

Morse Telegraph patent, and other heavy interests.

It is said that half a million of dollars has been pledg-

ed to ease the passage of the various schemes through

SOLDIERS OF 1812.—A meeting of the veterans who marched to the defence of Baltimore, and fought the battles of their country at Lundy's Lane and elsewhere, was held at Harrisburg, Pa, on Saturday evening, for the purpose of appointing delegates to; the National Convention of soldiers to be held in Philadelphia on the 8th of January, Captain Reese acted as president, Capt. Krause, vice president, and David Harris, Esq., secretary. In consequence of the phort protion of adjunction of the latest secretary. short notice an adjournment took place until the 22d instant.

A NEW WAY TO RAISE THE WIND .- It is stated that the method adopted by a forger in Boston to raise the wind, was as follows. He was agent for a busi-ness firm in New York, and sold the goods forward-ed to him by them at a reduced rate for cash, and then sent to the firm in New York forged notes due in three and six months, in payment,

TERRIBLE RAVAGES OF CHOLERA.-A letter dated Remodious, Cuba, October 11th, says that in the limited and sparsely peopled district between Matanzas and a point below Sagualo Grande, 20 leagues in extent, 13,000 slaves have been carried off by the cholera, according to the official accounts, which are known to be under the mark. The attacks were very short, some of them only lasting an hour,

nign, to lead on the Democratic party to victo-on Tuesday last the President of the U. States ecompanied by several of the Heads of Department many distinguished citizens, repaired to the Falls, and went through the inte commencing the work upon the Wash duct. This work, it will be remembered, is designed o convey water from the Potomac to the District of

Columbia, and it is anticipated by the Superintendent and engineers employed thereon, to complete it in the course of two years. entertaining our citizens at "Carusi's Saloon" for several evenings past; he is considered by the connoisseurs of music, to be equal, if not superior, to the far-

famed Paganini. The Hon. Carroll Spence, our Minister to Constantinople, will leave for his place of destination in a few days; he goes out in the steamer Swanne. The Hon. ert M. McLane is also making preparation to leave

The late election in Maryland, though claimed as a victory by all parties, has undoubtedly strength-ened the administration, and had it not have been for the operation of local causes, the triumph of the L'emocratic party would have been a most signal and decided one. Yet, even as it is, Maryland has given sufficient evidence of her approbation of the measures of President Pierce. The election in New York is pretty much of a hodge-podge concern. It seems to have been a triangular fight between the "Hards," "Softs," and the Wirigs. The Whigs have carried the State by a plurality vote, in consequence of the schism

n the Democratic party.
Guorgetown.—Workmen are now employed on all of the principal streets in laying pipes for gas, and it is expected that Georgetown will be lighted with gas by the first of February. The canal is doing a fine business; boats are constantly arriving and depart-ing. The coal trade between this and Cumberland is rapidly increasing. The flour and grain markets are quite firm, with an upward tendency. Flour is quoted at \$6 87 a \$7 per bbl.; Corn, (white) 68a70c per bushel; yellow, 70a72c. Wheat, \$1 45 a \$1 50 per bushel. The weather has been clear and seasonable for the last day or so, but we have now every appearance of rain.

Yours, &c., THE STATE FAIR.

This exhibition closed on Friday last. We have read with feelings of pride the accounts with which the Richmond papers have been filled for the last few days, and the exhibition has proved a magnificent attair-highly creditable to the enterprise and skill of the farmers of Virginia. Although it was, in our State, a new and untried experiment, yet it will compare lavourably, in the number, variety and quality of the articles exhibited, with any similar exhibition that has been held in the North or West, where they are of regular occurrence. If such has been the first experiment, we may certainly expect magnificent results in those which are to follow, as our farmers are now aroused to a proper appreciation of its importance, and will in future give it the encouragement and support which it ments.

The address of Mr. LDAUND is replete with useful instruction upon the subject of Agriculture, and we shall take pleasure in laying it before our readers. The Fair closed on Friday with an eloquent varedictory address from Ex-President Tyles from which we extract the closing paragraph:

"I shall say no more. We seperate after a few ours. Meet again at the next annual Fair-and bring with you your wife and children. Come not empty handed. Let the father and the son and the susband oring with them, the products of their industry-and let the mother and the children bring. the fruits and flowers-types of their own purity.leave the spirit of discord behind him, and give place in its stead to the Catholic spirit of peace with his brother and good will to alt. That is the great principal on which this Society is based; and it is consecrated alone to the noble task of Leautifying and improving the earth. This spirit stands boldly forth to rebuke all sectionalism-uil local strife. It knows no East, no West. It knows only Virginia. Virginia in part and Virginia in whole. It is on its march, and mountains sink before it. It walks upon the waters and the billows become calm. Come up, then, to an altar at which all may worship, and let your offerings be worthy of the altar and the Deity. The Society selected the following officers for the next rear: President-Philip ST. GEORGE COCKE. Vice President-ED, RUFFIN: Sr., LEWIS E. HARVIE, WIL-LOUGHBY NEWTON, THOMAS L. PRESTON, JOHN R. ED-

MENS, SAM'L F. CHRISTIAN and GEO. W. SCHMERS. A number of premiums were awarded for the stock exhibited from this section of the Valley. Col. J. W. Ware and the Messrs. Nelson of Clarke, received premiums on almost every article exhibited. Mr. Wm. J. Blackford received the first premium of \$30, for his very superior stallion, orphan Boy, for Heavy

THE TIDAL THEORY EXPLAINED

A " scientific writer" in the Washington Union. thus disposes of the moon theory in causing the tides

If there are such deep, wide caverns, many miles in length, and some of them of unknown extent, on the dry portions of the earth's surface, and if there are doubtless other caverns quite as extensive in the submerged mountains, plains and valleys of the ocean? It is our belief that there are, and hence that in these huge recesses of the organic globe are the source of the rise and fall of the tides. Into and out of the internal depths of the oceans the waters are regularly flowing as the earth regularly revolves, and neither the moon nor the stars, nor the sun, nor the winds, nor the clouds, can produce any sensible effect upon supernumerary passengers, which in this case will !-

CONSUL TO LIMA.

The Washington Star states that the appointment of consul to Lima, not long since declined by Judge J. Smith, of California, and late of Fauquier county. has been bestowed on JAS. W. GREEN, of Alexandria and brother to N. C. Green of this town. Judge

PREMILIE TO A NEGRO PLOWMAN. - Our readers no doubt observed in the list of premiums published in the Despatch of Saturday, that the first premium for ploughman was awarded to Mr. R. Sampson's negro. Mann Randolph," who managed his four mules without lines. This circumstance excites no comment here, as anything strange or wonderful, but it is one of the many facts of every day occurrence, which disproves the allegation of the abolitionists, that the negro of the South is exiled from the pale of humanity, justice, and all kindly sympathies. We question very much whether he has half the chance for fair play, or half the real practical sympathy, in the Northern States that he daily and hourly experiences from the 'despots and monsters' of the South.-Rich. Despatch.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY,-At a recent meeting of the Directors of this Company, Wm. G. Harrison, Esq., was re-elected President, and a resolution was adopted increasing the salary of the office from three to four thousand dollars per annum. At the meeting of the Board on Wednesday, Mr. Harrison declined to receive the increased salary, though he stated he could not but feel highly complimented by the vote of the Board in offering it to him. The importance to the Company of treasuring all its resources, and of bringing its expenses to the lowest point possible, without interfering with the efficiency of the road, were assigned by him as the reasons which caused him to decline the increased salary.

Petersburg Express states that Mr. Henry Birdsong, of the county of Essex-the same gentleman whose little son was killed by his side and himself dangerously wounded, a few months since—so cruelly bent and whipped one of his negroes on Tresday night last, that he died in a few hours. A jury was sum-moned by the Coroner, and an inquest held, which resulted in the finding of a verdict that the deceased came to his death by sundry blows, etc., inflicted by his master, Henry Birdsong. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Birdsong, and the accused was imme-

THE PAN HANDLE RAILROAD,-The Wheeling Intelthe Attorney General of Virginia against the Pittsburg and Stenbenville Railroad, and the persons alleged to be illegally engaged in the construction of a railroad through Virginia, has not been dismissed. The bill was to have been heard before Judge Camden on the 31st ult, but the Attorney General being unable to attend on that day, and as it could not be postponed, it went by default against the State. The Intelligencer says the application for an injunction will be promptly renewed,

ENORMOUS FOREIGN TRADE, - The exports of specie from New York the last month were unusually large, and the whole foreign exports greater than ever known from that port in any single month, being eleven millions; and exclusive of specie about six millions and a half. The cash duties received at the ame port in October were seven millions, seven hundred thousand dollars, and for the whole ten months past they have reached the unprecedented sum of \$37,486,128 98 at the port of New York alone, This is the largest amount of cash duties ever received at that port in the same space of time,

THE PACIFIC RAILBOAD .- Mr. Comptroller Flagg, of New York, has been elected treasurer of the Pacific Railroad Company, and has accepted the trust. An installment of 1 per cent, has been called upon the stock of this road, one-tenth of which is payable imstock of this road, one-tenth of which is payable im-mediately. The directors of this company are now in session in New York, considering the best means to advance the interests of the enterprise. It is pro-posed to give the work to contractors in sections of fifty miles each, Propositions, it is said, have been made by firms of contractors to build the whole line. 13-The Board of Public Works have elected Chas 3, Fisk, Esq., Chief Engineer of the Virginia Centra

...Octobine Chapel, near Smoketown, in Berke ey county, was destroyed by fire on last Sunda

the most enlightened.

"Mr. Douglas traveled over the principle part
Russia in a long carriage, which traveled night
day, and that too at the rate of eight or ten in
an hour. It contained a sleeping room and kite
so that he seldom-left it. He penetrated to the fines of Tartary, where a grand annual fair was going on, at which there were 300,000 persons—Siber

ians, Austrians, Calmuck, Tartars, Cir sians, Turks and Persians. The Judge arrived at Symrun the day after the oszta affair, and he described the excitement as beconcerning the affair, and will be able to throw much light on the settlement of the question."

America arrived at New York yesterday mo from Aspinwall, with 150 passengers, among them Capt. W. C. Faalkner, bearer of dispatches from Mr. Clay, U. S. Minister at Lima, to the Secretary of State, concerning the Chincha Islands difficulty.

The ship Defiance had stilled from Callac for N. York, under the command of Capt. McCurran, who was slowly recovering from his wounds. The Pa-

The whale ship Emma, of New Bedford, with 800 barrels of oil on board, was burnt at about midnight of October 15, in the harbor of Payta. One of the crew had been arrested on suspicion of having set

The health of the Isthmas was never known to be better than at the present time, and the roads are said to be in very good order. The work on the Panama railroad is being pushed. forward with the utmost rapidity. Three of the spans of the bridge over the Chagres at Barbacoas are finished, and the last is in an advanced stage towards completion. It is the intention of the company to have the cars running regularly, to Obispo, two-miles from Cruces and eighteen miles from Panama, dy the 1st of Decemper next, thus reducing the tline of crossing the 1sthmus to one dap, and entirely do-

ing away with-the river navigation. They also intend to commence a work on the Panama end of the route on the 1st of January next, and for that purpose are bringing four thousand Coolies from India. All on the Isthmus confidently expect the road to be finished and in running order by the 1st of January, next.

THE CALIFORNIA MARKETS OVERSTOCKED.-A letter to the New York Journal of Commerce, dated San Francisco, October 15, says: Since the sailing of the steamer of the 1st, the arrivals of all kinds have been very heavy, and prices-have had a downward tendacey. In addition to the parcels that have recently arrived being placed upon the markets, other large parcels that had been previously stored for an advance, bare been freely offered, and as the supply is very buggly in excess of the required demand, prices have gradually receded, until, at this time, but little over home cost can be obtained for strictly prime qualities, while inferiors grades are daily offered through the auctions at heavy losses to-shippers. The accumulation is ten-fold greater than at any previous period. Our storehouses are overloaded, and the demand from the interior is only for immediate consumption, in antici-

pation of a still further decline. We repeat our previous advices, that larger losses willensus to shippers this year than at any other period in the history of our State—and our markets cannobimprove under the continued heavy shipments

Swauer Layer have been defeated bountifully by

recent Congresses to the Western States. As the publie has probably very littly idea of the extent of the national generosity towards the vigorous young commonwealths of the West, it may be of interest tomany to know that, according to the report of the U. S. surveyor General for Missouri and Illinois, the total number of acres swamp land given to Missouri is 2,765,871, and the number given to Illinois 2,370,-635. According to the St. Louis Republican, much of this land may, and will, be reclaimed, and, in general, the soil is so rich us to make it very valu-

A FEMALE SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT EOR LIFErea Assox.—A woman, named Almira Wyman, was-on Wednesday sentenced by the Supreme Court, in session at East Cambrisher Mass .. to the House of Correction for life for setting fine to a house in . Farmingham, where she was employed as a domestic, and which she had previously middle. She isnow serving out a term of three years, at the same place, for theft. She is under thirty years of age. CHARGE OF FORGERY.-The Norfolia Reason states-

that Isaac Goodup, a merchant in Pettsmouth, Va.,

charged with forgery, was brought outer Justice-

Grice, on Wednesday, and sent our testine county court for further examination. I wenty-one notes, amounting to \$3,000, were produced inseridence, on which were the alleged fraudulent signatures ofseveral of the most prominent citizens of Postsmouth SUIT UNDER THE STEAMBOAT LAW .- A suit bacheen instituted in the U. S. Circuit Court, at St. Louis. against the steamer Federal Arch, for a violation of the late law, which prohibits steamboats from carrying a greater number of passengers than is allowed

the rate of ner tonnage. The penalty is a summer

equal to the passage money and \$10 besides, for each a

FORGERY IN NEW YORK.—The New York Express says that forged endorsements to a considerable amount have been discovered on the paper of the firm of Graham & Co., druggists, Old Slip, which sailed a few days since. The active partner, Isaac Graham, formerly of Sing Sing, had absconded. It is said that he has been of late largely engaged in stock

MORTALITY AT SEA .- A letter received in Charlesfon, from Key West, reports that the brig Nancy Piace, with a cargo of sugar and molasses, was ashore on the shoals off Loggerhead Key. It was not known where she was from, but supposed from Cuba, bound to some southern port. The mate had died of the fever, and the captain and several of the

YELLOW FEVER IN PHILADELPHIA.-It appears from a statement in the Medical Examiner, for November. that there was a good deal more of yellow fever in Philadelphia, this past summer, than was generally known to the public there or elsewhere papers there thought it expedient to acknowledge. According to the authority in question, the first case appeared on the 19th July, and the last on the 7th of October.— During this period of eighty days there were one hundred and seventy cases, and one hundred and twentyeight deaths, equal to 75 per cent, or one death in every1.42 hundredths.

price of breadstuffs) are producing great dissatisfac tion among the operatives in the manufacturing districts in England. Upwards of forty thousand col-liers and factory hands had censed to work in the towns of Wigan and Preston, alone, also fifteen luindred dyers in Manchester. On account of strikes among the hands, many factories have stopped ope-rations, and many others, it is thought, will do so EXTRAORDINARY CASE. - Among the articles exhib-

.... Various causes (and among them is the high

ited at the late Fair. was a jar of butter put up by Mrs. Wm. B. Irby of Nottowry, within the last six weeks, from the milk of a calf twelve months obl.—She was calved about the 1st of November, 1852, and commenced giving milk in May, and now gives a pint at each milking, twice a day—morning and evening. She was brought to her milk by the sucking of a vounger calf .- Dispatch

(C-Wm, P. Dangerfield, Esq., formerly of Rocking-ham county, Va., and brother of J. E. P. Dangerfield, Esq., of Harpers-Ferry, has been appointed Judge, by the Governor of California, of the judicial district in which he resides. Mr. Dangerfield resides in Shasta

FINE SHEEP .- We noticed at the depot of the Messrs. Jackson, the other day, a lot of improved sheep for James O. Watson, Esq., of this place. They were six ewes, of the mixed grades of Cotswold and Southdown, from the celebrated flock of Josiah W. Ware, of Clarke county, Va. These sheep were exhibited at the Maryland Agricultural Fair, recently held in Baltimore, where they took the premium. Mr Watson is one of our most intelligent and succeesful agriculturists, and we hope his attention to this branch of husbandry will be the means of more generally enlisting our far-

mers in the same cause. Winchester Republican. ... "Jones what in the world put matrimony into your head. ?" "Well, the fact is, Joe, I was getting short of

shirts." The man who was fired with indionation has been extinguished. The fire depart ment was called out.

iage is like a precious China—a man has so much to pay for its breakage. be told, in the dark even, by its (s) talk,

[Punch-

LOVESUIT AND LAWSUIT .- Promise of mar-

....If you doubt whether you should kingirl, give her the benefit of the doubt, at take the trick."

Marsa Laguon Law.—Among the proceedings of the Methodist Church South, in session at Lynchburg, is the action of the Conference in regard to the Maine Liquor Law. On Tuesday, the sixth day of the session, the Bishop laid before the Conference a communication from the Secretary of the Missouri Conference, recommending for the approval of the several Conferences a proposed alternation of the Discipline so as to prohibit the sale, use or manufacture of ardent spirits, by members of the Church, which was read and discussed. The vote being taken, the Conference refused to concur with the Missouri resolution. Ayes 32—noes 65.—Fredericksburg Herald.

Richmond, was a team of four calves attached to a very neat little cart and drived by two small boys, the sons of Mr. Lewis Bailey of Fairfax county, Virginia, who had them on exhibition. The calves are remarkably well grown and are severally four, five, sight and ring weeks ald they were broken to the eight and nine weeks old; they were broken to the yoke entirely by the two little boys mentioned.

THANKSGIVING .- Sixteen States have already agreed oon the 24th of November, this year, as a day of anksgiving, viz: Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Marynd: North Carolina, Alabama, Kentucky, Illinois, nsin Michigan, Indiana, New York, Ohio, Concticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, and New

Marriages. On Tuesday evening, the 8th inst., by Rev. W. G. MARY M. RILEY—sli of this county.

At Harmony Church, on the 9th instant, by Rev. A.

G. Chenowith, Rev. JOHN N. COOMBS, of the Baltimore Conference, to Miss SALLY ANN HATCHER

Deaths. On Friday night, 25th ultimo, MARABEL, infant daughter of Ehud and Lurane Turner, near Shepherdstown, aged 8 months.

At the residence of T. A. Tidball, Esq., near Winchester, on the 35th ult., ROBERT MACKY TID-BALL, Esq., late of Hagerstown, Md.

On the 6th instant, at the residence of his father, George F. Washington, in this county, GEORGE F. WASHINGTON, jr., in the 27th year of his age.

Near Mountsville, on Monday, the 7th of November, Mrs. ENOCH FEAGANS, in the 60th year of her age.

At his residence, in New York, on Thursday, 23th ultimo, after a long illness of consumption, 30HN G. ELGIN, formerly of Londoun county, aged 33 years, and 9 months.

On Monday morning last, in Shepherdstown, MA-RY LOUISA, infant daughter of James W. and Eliza M. Greenwood, of Shepherdstown, aged 5 months and 4 days.

At Harpers-Ferry, on the 1st instant, Mrs. EMILY, consort of Mr. Geo. Koome, aged 32 years, 3 months, and 6 days. She leaves a husband with six small chil-

dren to mourn her loss.

Near Hedgesville, on the 6th inst., Mr. THOMAS

W. BUTLER, recently of this county, in the 25th year of his age.
On the 13tir inst., of paralysis, Mrs. MARGARET RAWLINS, aged 66 years, consort of Thomas Raw-lins, Esq., of this place.

In the death of this estimable lady, the domestic ircle by whom she was surrounded, together with a targe number of relatives and friends, will sustain a heavy loss. She was one who possessed a heart of sensiblity, and was ever ready to bestow her acts of charity whenever necessity required it. Only the short space of four months and a few days have passed into eternity since the deceased was called upon to follow her afflicted daughter to the grave. Now both tnother and daughter meet in Heaven, where sorrow never comes and parting is unknown.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOV'R. 12, 1853.

EPORTED FOR THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON BY M. DANNER, COMMISSION MERCHANT, HOWARD STREET. FLORE AND MEAL. - The advices as received by telegraph, per the America, have thus far had no effect, except to sustain previous prices. We have no advance to notice, the price having been strained to a high point in anticipation of the news. We notesales of some 1200 bbls Howard street flour at \$7 per bbl., the price obtained prior to the advices. Small sales also of city mills at \$7 per bbl. Rye flour 5a \$5 15, and corn meal \$89a \$3 94 per bbl. The receipts of flour are increasing.

Grank AND SERIES.—The European advices by the America have served only to sustain wheat at previous prices. There were 9,000 bushels wheat offered, and small sales at 1 45a1 52 for red, to 1 55a1 59 to 1 60 per bush, for good to prime an Lehoice whit.— Inferior lots 3 to 10 cents per bush, below the above figures. There was not much disposition to operate to-day. Corn is steady. About 7,000 bushels offered, and mostly sold at 69a71c for old white, new do. 58a 62c; old yellow 69a71c, and new do 62a66c per bush. Rve—Penna. Rye at 92a93c, Md. and Va. Rye 73a78c per bush. Oats—Sales of Md. and Va. Oats, good to

WINCHESTER MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 10, 1853. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HARTLEY, AT THE DEPOT.

PLAISTER, per ton..... 0 00 a 0 00 6 00 a 0 00

ALEXANDRIA MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 11, 1853.

GEORGETOWN MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOV'R. 11, 1853.

PUBLIC SALE Of Valuable Stock, Farming Implements,

Household Furniture, &c. THE undersigned, intending to discontinue farming, will offer at public side, at his residence on the Charlestown and Winchester road, about one mile west of Summit Point, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th of DECEMBER

heat, all his valuable STOCK, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, HOUSEHOLD PURNTURE, &c., being a large and general assortment, which it is deemed temecessary to particularize. The fat Hogs (about 30 in number) will be sold for cash. On the Carriage, Boggy, Furniture and Stock generally, a credit of 12 months will be given, with bond and approved security.

(t)—His slaves, embracing a large number of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, will be hired for the ensuing year, on the same day which the sale takes place.

Nov'r 15, 1852—ts

JOSEPH SMITH.

\$100 REWARD. Escape from Jail.—Broke from the Jail of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, on Fri-Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, on Friday morning, November IIth, negro CHARLES, who was committed on charge of attempting Rape on a white female of the county. Charles is about 30 years of age—of dark copper color—5 feet, 8 or 9 inches high—small, keen black eyes—quick spoken. Has a large sear on the left of his forchead, near the hair. Had on a mixed frock coat, and pants considerably patched. He may, however, change his clothing. The above reward will be given for his apprehension.

JOHN W. MOORE,

Not'r 16—11 Sheriff of Jefferson co. Vir.

Sheriff of Jefferson co., Va. TURNPIKE NOTICE. A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Smithfield,

Charlestown, and Harpers-Ferry Company will
be held at the Court-house on FRIDAY, the 9th day
of December next, for the purpose of electing a President and three Directors. HUMPHREY KEYES,
Nov'r 15, 1853—4w [F. P.] Treasurer.

The Passenger Train, on and after that day, will
leave the Ticket-Office at Winchester, at 9, A. M., Nov'r 15, 1853-4w [F. P.] Treasurer.

SCHOOL NOTICE. TEACHER WANTED in District No. 4, Jeffer-A son county, Va. Apply to Samuel Licklider, Commissioner of the District, or to the Secretary of the Board. W. C. WORTHINGTON,

FOR SALE.

HAVE a fine young MARE for sale; one that works and rides well.

November 15, 1853—tf CLOTHING,

WE have a lot of Coats and Vests on hand, which we think we can sell as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the county. Call and examine before making your purchases.

Nov 15, 1853

SIGATOOSE & HARLEY. NEW STYLE CASHMERE.—We have just re-ceived a fine lot of new style Cashmeres, M. De-

aines and Prints, to which we invite an examina-ion from the Ladies.

Nov 15, 1852

SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY BOOTS, SHOES AND CAPS.—A large stock of Men's, Boys', Women's, Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Caps for sale by Nov'r 15, 1853 SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. BACON AND LARD—Prime country-cured Bacon
and Lard in store and for sale by
Nov'r 15, 1853
SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

VELVET TRIMINGS—A large and complete stock of Velvet Trimings for sale by Nov'r 15, 1853 SIGAEOOSE & HARLEY. HONEY! HONEY!!—We have on hand a fine lot of Honey, which we offer cheap. Nov'z 15, 1853 SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. OO SACKS OF SALT for sale by LOCK CREAMER & LINE. LARGE LOT OF WINDOW GLASS & PUT-TY for sale by Lock, CREAMER & LINE. November 15, 1853

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, for sale by Nov 6. H. L. EBY & SONT NAILS OF ALL SIZES on hand and for sale by LOCK, CREAMER & LINE.

A N Agent wanted in every town and county in the United States to sell the most popular and saleable books ever published, including several new works with finely colored plates; also the works of T. S. Arthur, including "Arthur's Cottage Library." 10,000 copies of these popular series of books have been sold in the last three monits. The largest commission puid to enterprising and industrious men, who can now have an opportunity for doing a pleasant and profitable business seldom offered

Each Agent has exclusive control of the sale of our publications for the town or county he may agree to canvast. For particulars apply personall cor address (post paid,) J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher, No. 43 North 4th street, Philadelphia. Sons of Temperance.—The members of Jefferson Division, No. 16, Sons of Temperance, are respectfully requested to meet at their Hall on this (Tuesday) evening at 7 o'clock. As business of importance will be before the Division, a full attendance is desired.

By order of the Nov. 16, 1853—1w WORTHY PATRIARCH: 03- The Pew Rents of the Episcodal 60-The Pew Rents of the Presbyterian

Special Potices.

Church, Charlestown, are now duc.
Oct. 11, 1853.
L. BOTTS Collector.

Oct. 4. Payment can be made to Oct. 4. S. H. STEWART, Collector.

"V. B. PALMER, the American News

MUSTANG LINIMENT.

Companies of New York city, certify that they have entirely abandoned the use of any other Liniment for

Extract from a letter dated Pittsburg, Pennsylva-

was an EMPTY Mustang bottle, and a two-ounce vial FILLED WITH MUSTANG LINIMENT, on which

was the following directions: "Rub the throat well night and morning with the Liniment, and wrap a woolen cloth around it."

J. P. FLEMING.

The Liniment is put up in three sizes and retails for 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1 — the 50 cts. and \$1 sizes constitution.

25 cts., 30 cts, and \$1—the 50 cts. and \$1 sizes contains three and six times as much as the 25 cts. size, and is much cheaper.

A. G. BRAGG & CO., sole proprietors, 304 Broadway, New York, and corner of 3d and Market streets, St. Louis, Missouri. For sale by all Druggists.

13-L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, T. D. HAMMOND and A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry, Agents.

STATEMENT

OF TOWN EXPENSES for the year ending May 1st, 1853.

· Dr.

" For 4 new pumps \$186 00

filling up & grading 231 50 New bridges & repairs to old ones 41 50

fitting up market house 85 32 Health regulations.... 25 00

For crossings..... 25 00

The amount of rents received from the middle story

of the market house—the offices on the market hous

lot, and also that received from Mr. Rawiins for store room, goes to licuidate the debt due for re-building

on the 1st of January next to less than or about \$700.

By order of Trustees, S. RIDENOUR.

SALE OF LANDUNDER TRUST DEED.

Anthony Rosenberger, on the 23d of March, 1839, and for the purpose of paving a balance of purchase money due by the said Cameron to Rosenberger, I will,

by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Berkeley county, substituting me as Trustee in said deed of

trust, offer at public suie to the highest bidder, before the Court-house door in Charlestown, on TUESDAY,

the Obequer Creek, in the counties of Jefferson and Berkeley, adjoining the lands of White Hill, Shaul, and now in the occupancy and possession of George W. Tabb, containing 461 acres, 2 rods and 25 poles. Payments, one third cash, and the balance in one

and two years, with interest from day of sale. The purchas r to give a lien on the land for the deferred payments.

JOHN F. SMITH,

November 15, 1853—5w

Trustee.

ANTHRACITE COAL.

WE will fill all orders for Anthracite Coal from the District market at the lowest cash prices, with the transportation added. R. S. BLACKBURN & Co.

November 15, 1853-3w

the house to the Odd Fellows, which will be reduce

4 Repairs to streets,

October 15th, 1553, . .

Am't paid Town Sergeant for services \$20 08

Sessor and Clerk....... 30 05

Commission for collecting. 73 02

Gross amount of taxes...... \$1260 33

NEW STORE AT KABLETOWN. HAVING purchased the stock of Goods belonging to franklin Osburne at Kabletown, the undersigned respectfully announces that he is now opening and referving a general stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c., which he offers at the very lowest figure for eash, or on a limited credit to punctual dealers. It is his purpose to replenish his stock at least four times a year, which will enable him to furnish the public at all seasons with Goods fresh from the market. The stock of Goods purchased from Osburne he intends selling at reduced prices. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, promising to give entire satisfaction in return.

Country produce of all kinds will be taken in exchange for goods, and the highest price allowed.

Nov. 1, 1853—tf [F. F.]

A. WILSON. Oct. 4. Good Medicines" are popular with all who know of them. See their advertisement in another column: "Their "CHERRY EXPECTORANT" is admirable for Coughs, &c., and their DIARRHŒA CORDIAL is the best remedy for discases of the Bowels now extant: [Sept. 6—1m] Ty-Strange.--A gentleman was seen yesterday looking for a good and cheap Clothing Store. Being a stranger, he had never heard of Rockhill & Wilson's at which all the spectators were amazed. He was soon shown the way to it, and was so satisfactorily supplied, that he is going to buy all his clothes there; and send all his friends to the cheap store, No 111 Chestout street, corner of Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

paper Agent, is the authorized Agent for this paper in the cities of Buston, New York, and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His Offices are: Boston, Scollay's Building; New York, Tribune Buildings; Philadelphia, N. W. corner Third and Chestnut streets." In the Circuit Court of Jefferson Co. John Humphreys, ad. of David Hum-phreys, dec'd., Plaintiff, In Chance-George Humphreys and others, Dfts.

On inction of Bitsil B. Hopkins and Robert Hull, partners under the name of Hopkins and Hull, leave is given them to file their petition, which is filed accordingly.

65-Obitnary notices, exceeding six lines in length, are only inserted as Advertisements. ordingly.

And the cause coming on again to be heard this 25th And the cause coming on again to be heard this 25th day of October, 1853, upon the papers formerly read, and the report of the master commissioner returned May 20th, 1852, and the exception thereto was argued by counsel, upon consideration whereof, it appearing that said report is too imperfect and incomplete to enable the Court to render a proper decree, settling the respective rights of the parties—the exception thereto for that cause is sustained—and it is adjedged, ordered, and decreed that the cause be restoin intent to the same commissioner to state more fully, stid complete the amounts prayed for in the bill will the following instructions, to wit:—He is to regard the testator, Da BUSTANG LINIMENT.

135 The Ladies will always rejoice at the happy experience of curing eruptions, sore nipples, broken or caked breasts, piles and corns, after a thorough trial of the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment will give the most undoubted satisfaction to every one giving it a trial for stiff joints, stiff neck or sore throat; it has proved itself efficacious in those complaints in many very stubborn cases. the amounts prayed for in the bill with the following instructions, to wit:—He is to regard the testator, Da vid Humphreys, as having died intestate, as to that part of his estate bequenthed to his wife Catharine Humphreys, the Court being of opinion that the same became lapsed legacy by the death of the said Catharine in the lifetime of the testator—no advancements are to be brought into the amount as against the legacies bequeathed to the several children—but advancements without respect to date are to be brought into the amount as to the share in respect to which the testator died intestate as above decreed—and the said com-MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.—The five Express the cure of sores, galls, sprains and rheumatic pains among their horses or men.

If you have any ugly, painful Corns upon your feet, get a bottle of Mustang Liniment and apply it twice a day for eleven days and the trouble will be gone podied intestate as above decreed—and the said com-missioner is required to state specially any matters he may deem pertinent or that he may be required so nia, October 5th, 1852:

Another circumstance which I noticed in Ohio a few days ago, I thought spoke highly of the virtues of the Mustang. Being in the office of a Physician of high standing, I noticed as he opened a door of his bookcase, several bottles of Mustang, along side of which

taking said account may be published once a week for four successive weeks in one of the newspapers print-ed in Charlestown, such publication to be equivalent to personal service of such notice upon all the parties to this cause—and said commissioner is directed to make report to the next term of this court, in order to a final decree. A copy. Test,
ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk.

COMMISSIONERS OFFICE,) Charlestown, Nov. 1, 1853. The parties interested in the above cause are hereby notified that I shall attend at my office aforesaid or Friday, Dec'r. the 9th, by 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of executing the above decree of the court, at which time and place they, the parties, are requested to attend.

R. WORTHINGTON, Com. Nov. 1, 1853-5w

- CLARKE FARM FOR SALE. THE undersigned proposes to sell one half, or the whole of a most valuable TRACT OF LAND in Clarke county, known as the Pond Quarter, containing SIX HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FOUR ACRES. It is situated near Berryville, and adjoins the lands of Col. Jacob Isler, Thos. Gould, Thomas Jackson and others. The quality of the tillable land is very superior, and there are over 200 ACRES of best quality WOODLAND. The improvements are comfortable, and the Farm is well adapted for division, as there are Springs; running water, and improvements upon either half. Terms made known upon application to the undersigned near Kabletown, Jefferson county.

Nov. 8, 1853—3m GEORGE L. HARRIS.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Charlestown Jefferson County, V., on the 31st day of October, Avis, John of Wm., 2; Avey, William; Black, W. W; Burk, Stephen; Barton, John; Brown, Rev. R. T.; Davis, William; 2; Emory, Miss Mary Ann; Gordon, Florinda 2; Haines, Jacob; Hawn, Samuel; Hamilton, Lewis; Hicks, John A.; Hayslett F. F.; Hill, Jackson; Haines, Edward B; Jackson, Mrs., Sarah A.; Jones, John W; Keller, William N.; Loyd, H. F; Luse, A. T.; Lansinger, Jacob; McBeide, Mrs. Hester; Monroe, George B; Matheny, Jonas; Mitchell, Elizabeth; Morris, John, G; Norcross, Wm. C.; Petticord, John H.; The Pedlind Saddler; Rochenbough, Thomas; Reynold, George, late Sher-iff; Stribling, Miss Ann. Stewart, Bushrod W.; IN pursuance of a deed of trust executed by Win. Cameron and Elizabeth his wife, for the benefit of Slifer, E.; Wilshire, John C.; Woodly, Miss Albina; Wright, James. Underwood, Alfred J.: Yonng, Miss Maria.

JOHN P. BROWN, P. M.

DETWEEN Carter's Hotel and Hiram O'Bannon's shop, on Monday morning, October 24th, a RED PORTE-MONIE, containing some where about ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS. The finder will receive a liberal reward by leaving it at this office, or delivering it to

October 25, 1853-tf PHŒNIX MARBLE WORKS.



LOST POCKET BOOK. Corner Sharp and German Streets, THE finder will oblige me by retaining fifty dollars, and putting the Pocket Book and contents some-September 20, 1553—1y BALTIMORE, MD. where that I may get them again. The papers are such as will benefit me and no one else, and will cause MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING! MISS A. R. GARDNER would respectfully in-form the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity that she has just received from Baltimore, the late Fall and me considerable trouble in making some settlements without them. If the finder is not satisfied with the fifty dollars, take the hundred, and let me have the Winter Fashions. She returns thanks for the libera papers which are valuable to me alon SAMUEL C. YOUNG. share of patronage she has received, and hopes by stric attention to business still to merit a continuance of November 15, 1953

POCKET BOOK LOST. On Thursday last, on the W. & P. Railroad, between Charlestown and Cameron's Depot, a RED MOROCCO POCKET BOOK, containing 35 or \$40 in money, mostly in small bills. A reasonable reward will be paid for its return to the office of "Spirit of Jeff-rson," in Charlestown.

Nov'r 15, 1853—3w ALBERT JEMES. I HAVE on land, at my nursery, on the farm of Win. Lucas, near Hall Town, a large number of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public are aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege NEGRO WOMAN FOR SALE.

to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—
My Peach Trees, especially, srevery fine. My terms are accommodating.

JAMES STRONICK.
October 25, 1853. THE advertiser offers for sale, a Negro Woman, who is about 45 years of age, and is a good cook, washer and ironer. She will be sold on accommodadating terms, so as to get a home in the county.

Enquire of the Printer. [Nov. 8, 1353—3w] OVERSEERS OF THE POOR. A MEETING of the Overseers of the Poor of Jeffer-son county will be held at the Court-house in HAVE just received 10,000 superior Cucumber Pickles, and for sale at 75 cents per hundred.

Nov. 8

J. F. BLESSING. Charlestown on Friday, the 18th of November next.

A Superintendent of the Poor will be appointed at that time, who will be required to furnish suitable houses for the Poor, with gardens, fire-wood—stoves JUST RECEIVED, if required-servants to cook, wash and nurse; pasturage and rough food for a cow, &c.

A Contractor will also be appointed to furnish Pork,

Corn, Flour, Salt, &c.

JACOB HEFLEBOWER.

Cheap Store on Main Street.

THE PEOPLE'S FAIR!

The highest Premiums will be awarded to those buy-ing the largest amount of Goods. Admission free-Children half price. ISAAC ROSE'S

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

COAL GRATES, &c., which will be sold, delivered

tremely low prices.
Nov. 1, 1859 THOMAS D. PARKER.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

MANTUAMAKING.

and set up on the most accommodating terms.

HAVE an extensive assortment of PARLOR, OF-FICE, HALL and COOK STOVES, FURNACES,

2 BARRELS OF CRANBERRIES; a large lot of Figs, Dates, Raisins, Almonds, &c.
Nov 8

J. F. BLESSING. 500 SACKS G. A. SALT FOR SALE. JUST received by the subscribers 500 sacks G. A. Salt, which we will sell cheap. It will be delivered to any of the Bepots on the line of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad. Address R. S. BLACKBURN & Co., Nov 8—3w Harpers-Ferry, Va. crly authenticated, as for no others will I be re-

HARPERS-FERRY TRAIN. **医验验器** 500

NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after MON-DAY, November 7th, the HARPERS-FERRY AC-COMMODATION TRAIN will be discontinued for the win ter beyond Frederick, to which place it will run direct, at the former hours of departure.

JOHN N. DONE,

Master of Transportation. OFFICE OF WINCHESTER & P. R. R. Co.,)

leave the Ticker-Office at Winchester, at 9, A. M., and return immediately after the arrival of the trainfrom Baltimore, due at Harpers-Ferry at 10 minutes after 12, M.

J. GEORGE HEIST,

November 8, 1853—11

P. Agente PUBLIC NOTICE.

HAVING qualified as the Committee of Jacob IsLER, of Clarke county, Va., I hereby notify all
persons having cloims against him to present them to
me duly authenticated for settlement; and all persons
indebted to him are requested to come forward and
pay the same, as indulgence cannot be given.
Nov 8—4w WM. A. CASTLEMAN, Com.

NEW BOOKS-NEW BOOKS. HARPER for November; Putnam, do.; Salid for the solitary; Mr. Rutherford's Children, by the Author of "The Wide Wide World;" A. Smith's Poems; The Old House by the River, by the Author of "The Owl Creek Letters;" Adventures on the Amozon. Just received and for sale by Nov. 8 L. M. SMITH.

TAKE NOTICE.

A LL Carriages left at my shop for sale, I shall charge \$1.50 per month for storage, and 5 per cent commission if sold by me.

Nov. 8, 1853—3w

W. J. HAWKS.

ESTRAYED FROM a lot of Cattle at Joseph Strider's, near Harpers-Ferry, one fat COW, red and white; rather
more white than red. Any information that will lead
to the recovery of said Cow will be thankfully receiv
ed, also a liberal reward will be paid.
Oct. 25, 1853—3w DAVID FRY. DAVID FRY.

OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.

He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his office one door East of it.

November 1—tf

TO SPORTSMEN!—A superior lot of Powder Flasks, Shot Bags, Bird Bags, Drinking Flasks, for sale low by L. M. SMITH October 25, 1853

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF CONGRESS AND NEWSPAPER FOR THE PFOPLE. NO NEWSFAFAR Il be seen by the annexed extract from a letter ren. Washington to David Stewart, dated New March 17th, 1790, that the idea of such a paper York, March 17th, 1790, that the idea of such a paper as I propose to make the Globe, originated in the mind of the Father of his Country. He said:

"It is to be lamented that the editors of the different Gazettes in the Union do not more generally and more correctly (instead of stuffing their papers with scurrility and nonsensical declamation, which few would read if they were apprised of the contents) publish the debates in Congress on all great national questions.—
The principles upon which the difference of opinion arises, as well as the decisions, would then come fully before the public, and afford the best data for its judgment "—Sparks's writings of Washington, vol. 10; p. 04.

THE DAILY GLABE.

The Congressional George

In surrendering my interest in the organ of a great pointical party; I cherished the purpose of continuing the Congressional Globe, and, if possible, in time, to perfect it into a full history of the action of Congress, giving the debates accurately and fully with the proceedings—all stamped with the verity of an official record. From the passage in the letter of General Washington, which I have quoted, it will be perceived that he thought this office neight be combined with that of a regular newspaper; and it is certain that the avidity of the public for news of the less important kind greatly contributes to give wings to the weightler matter which may be called Congressional news. Having succeeded in my purpose of perfecting the reports of the debates in Congress, and giving them the official stamp, I now propose to send them abroad, in connection with the news of the day, in such haste as shall ourstrip full and accurate intelligence sent from the seat of government in any other form whatever. It will even anticipate the scraps of news forwarded to cities within two hundred and fifty miles of Washington by telegraph. Before the events thus transmitted are published in the morning papers (for instance, of the city of New York) the Globe containing them will have reached the post office of that city by the Express Mail of the previous night. The process by which this will be effected I now lay before the rubble. THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOSE:

ss by which this will be effected I now lay before the I will have a corps of 16 Reporters in Congress; each I will have a corps of 16 Reporters in Congress; each in succession will take notes during five minutes; then retire, prepare them for the press, put them slip by slip in the hands of compositors, and thus, while a debate is going on in Congress, it will be put in type, and in a few minutes after it is ended, it will be in print. I shall by this means be enabled to send it by the Express Mail of five o'clock; p. m., for the East, West and North, and by that of 9 o'clock; p. m., for the South, all the proceedings of Congress up to the ordinary hour of adjournment. Thus the debates of Congress will reach the cities two hundred and fifty miles from the Capitol before their morning papers are in circulation. re in circulation.

The miscellaneous news I shall be careful to gather from remote sections of the country by telegraph. will obtain from the Executive Departments, through official sources, the matters of moment transacted in them, and, through ifgents employed for the purpose, all the city news of consequence in sufficient time to be put into the Globe and mailed in the Express Mail

trains. In this way I hope to create a new era in the dissemination of news from Washington. Hitherto no newspaper has attempted to give authentic accounts of things done in Washington before the public mind at a distance had received its first impressions from irresponsible telegraphic dispatches, or by letter-writers biased by peculiar views.

Washington has now become so great a centre of political interest during all the year—the proceedings of the Executive Departments and the information collected by them even during the recess of Congress is of so much importance to the interests of every sec-tion of the country—that I shall continue the publication of the daily paper permanently, with a view to become the vehicle of the earliest and most correct intelligence.
It is a part of my plan to reduce the price of the daily paper to half that of similar daily papers y and thus I hope to extend its circulation so as to invite advertisements. I will publish advertisements of the Government. To subscribers in the cities I hope to

Government. To subscribers in the cities I hope to submit such terms as will induce them to advertise their business in every village throughout the Union, where the Globe is sent daily under the franks of members of Congress, all of whom take it, and some of them a large number of copies.

The installation of a new Administration and a new Congress portends much change in the course of public affairs as the result of the next session. Many vast interests which were brought up in the last Congress interests which were brought up in the last Congress were laid over by the Democratic majority to await the action of a Democratic Executive. The new modof giving homesteads, and making every man a free-holder who may choose to become one; the approximation of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by a national railroad across the territory of the Union; reform in the Army, Navy, and civil offices—all these great questions, with a thousand minor ones, deeply anect ing multitudes of men and every State in the Union will, now being matured by public opinion, come up for the Government's decision. These new issues, cooperating with old ones, coming up to be disposed of by new actors on the scenes at Washington, will be apt to modify greatly, if not after essentially, the par-ty organizations of the country.

To these elements of interest another is likely to be introduced by the interposition of the agitations of Europe. After nearly forty years of peace in Europe there is an evident restlessness that now seems fraugu with tendencies threatening war; and if war comes, in all likelihood there will follow such universal change that the United States can scarcely hope to escape its vortex. Indeed, from late events it is apparent that our Government is airceady drawn into European dif-ficulties. These circumstances are calculated to draw

the public mind towards the next Congress with much THE DAILY GLOBE will be printed on fine paper, double royal size, with small type, (brevier and nonpareil) at five dollars a year. The Congressional Globe will also be printed on a double royal sheet, in book form, royal quarto size, each number containing sixteen pages. The Congressional Globe proper will be made up of the proceedings of Congress and the running detates as given by B. 2. en by the Reporters. The speeches which members may choose to write out themselves will, together with the messages of the President of the United States, the reports of the Executive Departments, and the laws passed by Congress, be added in an Appendix. Formerly I received subscriptions for the Congressional Globe and Appendix separately. But this has not been found satisfactory, masmuch as it gave an oncomplete view of the transactions in Congress; and therefore I have concluded not to sell them apart, considering that neighbors can have the advantage of both by clubbing in case individuals shall find it too oncrous to be at the charge of both. To facilitate the circulation of the Congressional Globe and cheapen it to subscribers, Congress passed last year a joint resolution making it free of postage. I annex it, as the law may not be accessible to postnusters generally:

Joint resolution providing for the distribution of the Laws of Congress and the Debates thereon.

With a view to the cheap circulation of the laws of Congress and the debates contributing to the true interest of the cheap circulation of the company. terpretation thereof, and to make free the communi-Be it resolved by the Scnate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress assem-bled, That from and after the present session of Con-gress, the Congressional Globe and Appendix, which contain the laws and the debates thereon, shall pass free through the mails so long as the same shall be published by order of Congress: Provided, That no-thing herein shall be construed to authorize the circu-lation of the Paily Clubs free of postage.

lation of the Daily Globe free of postage. Approved August 6, 1852.
As I sell the DAILY GLOBE at half the price of simi-As I sell the Dally Globe at half the price of similar publications, so the Congressional Globe and Appendix is sold for half the cost of so much composition, press-work, and paper. This I can afford to do, inasmuch as the subscription of Congress almost covers the cost of composition, and this enables me to sell for little more than the cost of press-work and paper. It requires the sale of about 9,000 copies to reimburse expenses. If 500 only were sold, the cost of each copy would be about \$104! The debates in the Encopy would be about \$104! The debates in the English Parliament cost about eleven times as much as I charge subscribers for the debates in Congress, equal in quantity, and as well reported and printed.

The next session of Congress will be a long one; and it is believed the Congressional Globe for it will reach 4,000 royal quarto pages, as the last long session made 3,842; and the long one before that made 3,901 royal quarto pages—four large volumes each session. If subscribers will be careful to file all the numbers received by them, I will supply any that may miscarry in the mails. This work increases in value as it grows old. The first seventeen volumes will now command

A punctual attendance of the members of the Board is requested. By order of the President, Oct. 25, 1853—tm SAM'L STONE, Clerk. three times, and some of the subsequent-ones twice, their original subscription price.

The subscription price for the Congressional Globe (including the Appendix and the laws) is six dollars. Complete indexes will be made out and forwarded SOLOMON HEFFLEBOWER is no longer my Agent, and all claims against the "distillery," while he was my Agent in that business, must come prop to subscribers soon after the session is ended. Subscribers for the Daily should have their money ere by the 5th, and for the Congressional Globe by MILLINERY.

MRS. MARIA E. JONES respectfully informs her friends and Customers, that she has just feturned from Baltimore, with the latest EALL & WINTER FASHIONS. Her stock comprises a handsome collection of Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces and Embroideries. the 15th of December. The money must accompan an order for either the Daily of the Congressions Glore: Bank notes current where a subscriber resides will be received at par. JOHN C. RIVES. Washington, October 12, 1853.

NOTICE-TO THE PUBLIC. She desires that her PATTERN BONNETS be in-Circulation-Ten Thousand! Five Thouspected, as they are all that could be desired.

Mrs. Jones returns her sincere thanks to the La sand! Three Thousand! dies for past patronage; and hopes by strict attention to merit a continuance of the same.

THE subscriber having made arrangements for pub-lishing a WEEKLY LIFERARY AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER THE great exhibition of Cheap Dry Goods and Clo-thing will commence at 8 o'clock this morning. IN THE CITY OF RICHMOND,

Offers to the Business men of the city unequalled advantages in the way of Advertising | For the Literary and Family Paper will be appended an advertising medium prepared in the most at-The first issue will be Ten Thousand; the second Five Thousand; and no subsequent issue less than Three Thousand. The subscriber has at command

Three Thousand. The subscriber has at command the names of Twenty Thousand persons living in all sections of the State.

To insure the reception of the paper by those to whom it will be sent, the postage will be paid on all papers sent out of the city:

The first number will appear on TUESDAY, the 1st of November, the day of the opening of the State Agricultural Fair, and will be published regularly every Wednesday thereafter.

TERMS.

Subscription (per year, in advance) \$1 00 Clubs of 6, \$5-10, \$8-15, \$12-20, \$15 Advertising—For a square of 15 lines, first insertion,

Each subsequent insertion, 371 N. B.—To annual advertisers a liberal discount made.

E. A. GALLAHER,

November 1, 1853 Publisher. All persons in want of any Apparatus for heating Houses, or for Cooking, are respectfully solicited to call at the Charlestown Tin-ware and Stove Honse, before purchasing elsewhere, as great inducements will there be offered, both in variety of style, and ex-NOTICE TO FARMERS,

THE subscriber is now largely engaged in manufacturing Leavitt's Patent Corn and Cob Grinder,
Corn Sheller, and Corn Meal Grinder, at Messis.
Shapp & Coonts's Foundry, Winchester, Va., where
all letters (post paid) will receive immediate attention, addressed to the undersigued, who will also furnish Bills, giving full descriptions of the Mill. As
this Mill was fully exhibited at the Fair of the Valley
Agricultural Society, and the first premium awarded
to it, further recommendation is unnecessary.

Nov. 1, 1853—3m

R. McLAGAN.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

COLLIER'S Shakespeare; Headley's History of the 2d War; Book of the World; illustrated; Eastman's Aboriginal Port Folio; Sloan's Carpenter's Guide; Shaw's English Literature; Webster's Unabridged Dictionary; do Royal Octavo do; Prose Writers of America; Female Poets of America; Schoolcraft's Thirty Years with the Indians; Hearts and Homes, by Mrs. Ellis; Sparke Life, of Washington; Pope's Works, 2 vol., fine edition; Memoirs of Monstrelet, 2 vols.; Tytler's History; 2 vols.; Pigeon's Traditions of De-coo-tah; Stearn's Notes on Uncle Ton's Cabin; California illustrated; Waverly in 12 vols.—a fine edition bound in callf; British Poets, illustrated, 3 vols.; Spenser's Works. Also, a large lot of Juvanile Works, Miscellaneous Books, &c., for sale low by Maiss M. KING respectfully informs the ladies of Charlestown and its vicinity that she lad just received her FALE and WINFER FASHIONS from the North. She earnestly solicits a call from her friends and the ladies generally, feeling fully satisfied that she cannot fail to please all who may favor her with their custom. All work entrusted to her care will be executed with neatness and despatch.

Charlestown, Nov. 1, 1853—tf low by L. M. SMITH: Obtober 25, 1853 G. A. AND PINE SALT, for sale by H. L. EBY &

Ing the season, are assortment of manonantection ing; Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, equal if not superior to any in the Valley of Virginis. Much of the Clothing was ordered by him several months ago, expressly for this market; and issuperior to any Clothing generally kept in Clothing Stores, and will be sold a those low figures; the Establishment is celebrated for All in want of Overconts, Business Coats, Pants, Vests Shiris, Woolen Underslurts and Drawers, Hats, Caps Boots; Shoes; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Gloves and Com, forts; will find those articles in the greatest variety and at the Very lowest prices at ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store on Main Street.

Oct. 11.

CHEAP DRY GOODS in Charlestown. THE subscriber having purchased a mignificent assortment of Dry Goods and Fancy Articles, is now able to offer inducements never before that with in this place. He bought of those houses only, who did not know anything about Goods being higher, consequently he can and will sell cheap as ever. Particulars in handbills to be distributed in a few days.

October 11. ISAAC ROSE.

PUBLIC SALE. HAVING sold Shannon Hill in Jefferson county, Va., I will offer at Public Sale, On Tuesday, 15th of November, 1853; PERSONAL PROPERTY,

excepting my Servants-House and Farm Hands, which will be for hire for 12 months on and after Janwhich will be for hire for 12 months on and after January 1st, 1854.

The Stock of Horses, including a pair of Desirable CARRIAGE HORSES, young, strong and safe; (after 12 months trial), with three CARRIAGES, Single and Double Harness complete for each, and "OLD JOHN," a Saddle Horse.

The Stock of Cattle, of the Burham stid Devon breeds; the EWES and BUCKS of the finest Cotswold breed, and MOGS well improved—comprise the largest and best stock ever offered on any one farm in the Valley of Virginia. The Farming Implements ise all that is required on a Large Farm in the

Valley of Virginia.

The HOUSE, one of the largest in Jefferson, is furnished from cellars to garrets with comforts and con-vertichees selected during the past nine years, from the Home and Northern Markets, without regard to price, and all in good order.

The sale will include CORN, HAY, LIQUORS, &c., &c., and will be continued from day to day till sold. Terms of Sale .- On all sums of and under \$10 cash; wer \$10 a credit of nine motths secured by notes satisfactorily endorsed, to be cafteelled on prompt payment without, interest. On failure of prompt payment interest to be charged from day of sale till paid.

Oct. 4, 1853—45. GEORGE W PETER. BARGALNS.

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS. THE undersighted has just returned from the East with a large and general assortment of Goods, which has been purchased as low as any Goods in the Valley of Virginia, for cash. The assortment consists in part of the following articles, viz:

Super Black Cloths and Cassimeres; Super Fancy Cassimetts, at very low prices; Silk Velvets, Satins, and Fig'd, Silk Vestings; Pkin Black, Changeable, Phild, Striped and Figured Silks; Illusions, Tarltons and Sarcenets; Swiss, Plain and Figured Muslins; Swiss, Plain and Figured Musins;
Cambric and Jacont do.;
Stiper Curtain Muslins, of various patterns;
Ginghams and Calicoes, all patterns and prices;
Ladies Super Linen Handkerchiefs;
Gents Linen and Silk do.;
Colored and Black Cravats;
Crape, Cashmere and Wooleh Shawls, of various sizes and prices; sizes and prices; Figured and Plain Bobinets;

A large assortment of Dress Trimmings;
Silk Laces and Fringes; French worked Collars;
Ladies Kid, Silk, and Lisle Thread Gloves;
Gentlemen's Kid and Silk do.; Ladies Silk, Cashmer, Lambs-wooland Cotton Hose Gentlemen's do do do do do Super White, Red and Yellow Flannels; Domestics, of every description and color; Fine 11-4 and 12-4 Twilled Blankets; Servants Blankets; Canton Flannels; Silk and Fancy Branets; A large assortment of Fancy and Plain Rifbons; Artificial Flowers, Combs and Brushes; and al-

China and Queensware;
Among which are several handsome Ten Sets. A
good assortment of Hardware; Cuttlerv, Carpenters Tools, &c.; Waiters, Looking Glasses and Groceries

I have a large stock of Groceries, all of which are of the best quality.

Also, a large lot of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Shoes; Silk, Kossuth and Wool Hats; Caps of every description. Those who desire to get good bargains, are respectfully invited to call soon and judge for themselves.

JOHN G. WILSON. Harpers-Ferry, Oct.4, 1853.

BOOTS AND SHOES. WE have on hand and ready for sale a large assortment of Eastern-made Boots and Shoes. Also, the most extensive stock of Dougastic Males in the most extensive stock of Domestic Make we have ever offered, and are prepared to manufacture with promptness, every description of Boots, Shoes &c., ordered. We are selling the best Servants Boots for \$3.50 a pair. Orders sent in soon. HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

LADIES SHOES. WE have on hand the best and most delphia and Baltimore LADIES SHOES, Best Full and Half Gaiters, Lasting; Do Morocco and Kid Gaiters; Do do do do do Bucskins;
Do do do do Slippers;
Do do do do do Walking Shoes;
Do do do do do Mistes do; Do do do Children do,; The above Shoes was very carefully selected, and

an be sold lower than by any house in the county, October 4, 1953. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. for the same article. BLACKSMITH SHOP.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

THE subscriber having permanently located himself at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured that all who give me a call will not go away dissatisfied.

GEORGE PENSE.

Duffield's Depot, April 12. 1853.

WESTERN VIRGINIA LAND AGENCY: THE Subscribers are Agents for the sale of large quantities of land in that part of Western Virginia, through which the Central Railroad is in process of construction. This land, considered in reference to soil, climate, mineral resources, accessibility, and the character of the population now "settling" in that part of the State, will generally commend itself on examination, as very desirable for investment and residence, at the low prices and easy terms at which it is offered for sale; Full and particular information will be furnished to persons desiring to purchase, by either

either
HENRY L. BROOKE, Richmond city,
S. S. THOMPSON, Lewisburg, Greenbrier co.,
P. P. DANDRIDGE, Lee-Town, Jefferson co., CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, FOR MEN AND BOYS.

WE have the largest assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings brought to this intract, at prices as low as ever have been sold before the great advance in woolen goods. Our stock is entirely new, selected with great care by one whose attention has been directed to this particular part of the trade, gives the purchaser full confidence in getting the best and most desirable goods. We do not wish the public to believe what has been said above, but call and see the evidence, at the Cloth House of evidence, at the Cloth House of Charlestown, Oct 18 HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

WANTED for the New Orleans market, men, wonien, boys, girls and families, for which I will
pay the highest cash prices. Persons having Slaves
for sale, will find it to their interest to call on me before
dealing, as I will pay the highest cash prices. Address letters to me at Martinsburg, Berkeley co.; Va.,
and they will meet with prompt attention.

A. P. STRAYER

October 25, 1853—3m [Martinsburg Gazette copy.

MILLINERY.

MRS. MARY E. DAVIS tenders her thanks to the ladies of Charlestown and vicinity for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended towards her, and respectfully gives notice that she has just returned from Baltimore with the FALL & WINTER FASH-IONS for all descriptions of Millinery Work. She has also several beautiful PATTERN BONNETS of the latest style and fashion, to which she invites the attention of her old friends and the public generally, as she will endeavor, by renewed efforts to please, to render satisfaction to all who may favor her with their custom. She can be found at her residence, 3 doors custom. She can be found at her residence, 3 doors east of David Howell's, on Water street. October 25, 1853.

NOTICE Is hereby given, that the Notes given at the sale of George Roberts, will be due on the 1st day of January next. They are in the hands of the undersigned, and the money will be expected when due.

JOHN MARSHALL, Agent. October 25, 1853-3

DRUGS, PAINTS, &c. A LARGE and general assortment of Drugs, Paints,
Oils, Perfumery, &c., is now being received.—
The public may be assured, that a finer assortment of
these articles has never been opened in this market.
Call and see them. Charlestown, Oct 18, 1853 NOTICE.

ALL persons having Claims against the estate of Samuel Cameron, dec'd, are requested to present them to the indersigned properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, as it is his wish to close up the business of the estate as speedily as possible.

THOS: RUTHERFORD, Adm'r;
Ott. 11, 1853.

of Saml. Cameron, dee'd. ANTHRACITE COAL

W E will fill all orders for Anthracite Coal from the District market at the lowest cush prices, with the transportation added. R. S. BLACKBURN & CO. Oct. 19, 1853—3t. [F.P.] NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS. WE are receiving our supplies of GOODS for the HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

NEW GOODS. JOHN L. HOOFF is now receiving a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods, to which he invites the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen to examine before purchasing elsewhere. SUGAR. -- Fresh supply of good fip Sugar, just received and for sale by Argust 2, 1833.

1000 Silk, Satin, Marseille and German Vests, some French Embroidered, very costly.
1500 Silk, Kossuth and Straw Hats. Also Caps, Handkerchiefs, Stocks, Shirts, Drawers and Söcks. These Goods will be sold cheaper, and are superflot to any ever brought to this county.

April 26, 1853. ISAAC ROSE.

A LL persons are warned not to barter or trade with the Slaves under my control, unless they have a written order, as the law will be strictly enforced against those disregarding this notice.

THOS. S. JOIENSON: September 20, 1853-tf

TAKEN FOR DEBTE SEVERAL dozen boxes of the very best Cigars, which SI will sell either in box or retail, considerably below the usual prices. Samples sold at 2 cents a piece; of for 6 cents.

ISAAC ROSE. 4 for 6 cents. September 27, 1853. WANTED

I WISH to purchase for my own use, a NEGRO WOMAN; who is a good Cook and Washer. To such as will suit, a felf price will be paid.

Sept. 17, 1853 WHLLS J. HAWKS. MULES, HORSES, AND COWS, For Sale. BEING about to close Shannohdale Springs

For the present season; I offer for sale 2

young unbroken Mules, 2 years old; a few

Work Horses, and several fine Miletr Cows. Also a

Rarouche. All of which I will sell lew;

Sept. 27, 1853. G. W. SAPPINGTON.

AT THE LADIES' CHEAP STORE. A FINE assortment of Dress and Needle-worked Goods, bought at fuction and sold at a small advance. Calicoes for comforts, fast colors, 18 yards for one dollar. ISAAC ROSE: Charlestown, August 23, 1853.

TAKEN UP. CAME to my Pen on Friday the 9th inst.

Ca Stray SPOTTED HOG, without any
mark, and appraised at \$8, which the owner
can have by coming forward, proving property and
paying charges.

JONATHAN ANDERSON.

Bolivar, Sept. 27, 1853—3t.*

NOTICE. WE would respectfully call the attention of the Farmers of Clarke county and all who want the best Thresher, Cleaner and Power, at the lowest price, to a Machiite of our pattern, purchased by Mr. H. M. Nelson, near Millwood, from Mott, Lewis & Co., Richmond, who are building our Machine, they liaving purchased the privilege from us, and as their right to sell in Clarke extended only to Mr. Nelson's Machine, we notify the public that we can at all times supply them at our shop. Price \$75, all complete, with double cleaner and screen, which will make the grain merchantable at one operation: Persons wanting a good Machine will please call on Mr. Nelson, who will take pleasure in showling the machine and giving such information as they may desire.

ZIMMERMAN & CO. Charlestown, August 30, 1853—3m To the Farmers of Clarke County, &c.

Charlestown, August 30, 1853-3m A WATER CAR, WITH an Gil Hogshead, sufficient to hold 126 gallons, attal superior running Gear, nearly new, for sale by V. W. MOORE.
Charlestown, August 30, 1953.

BEST Ivory Table Knives and Forks, Roller Ends and Rack Pulleys for Curtains, Worsted Cord for Curtains, Brass Screw Rings, White Coffin Hinges, Screws and Tacks, Halter Chains, Axle Pulleys, Cork Screws, Waiters, Horse Nails, Wire Rat Traps, Mule and Horse Hames, Revolving Warfle Irons, Matches without sultilur. &c. without sulphur, &c.
July 19.
T. RAWIANS & SON.

BELL HANGING. AM prepared to furnish and hang BELLS of all kinds, and in the latest and most approved manner. Respectable reference given, if required. Or-ders left at Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, will be promptly executed. P. E. NOLAND. Charlestown, September 13, 1853. FOR RENT.

THE Second Story and Cellar of my store on Main L street. Hent low. Possession give ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, September 6, 1853. SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTIST.

THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their liberal patronage, during the time he has been with them. And having permanently located himself in West Bolivar, would respectfully solicit à liberal share of the patronage of that place, and the surrounding Community. ing Community.
Those desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth in screed—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific twinner.

AT THE LADIES' CHEAP STORE! JUST received, beautiful large pointed Collars, 75 cts.; second quality, 44 cts.; sweet liftle Collars, (worth 25 cents,) 9 cts.; heavy silk Parisols, latest style, \$1.50; 1000 cakes of Fancy Soap, three cakes for a fip! Charlestown, May 17, 1853. FIFTY HANDS WANTED,

To make Pants, Vests, Shirts and Drawers. I will pay 20 cts. above Baltimore rates to good Hands. No others need apply.

August 30, 1853. ISAAC ROSE. DISSOLUTION. THE Partnership existing between Thos. RAWLINS and Thos. G. RAWLINS, is this day dissolved by

mutual consent. THOS. RAWLINS having become purchaser of the Stock in Trade, and also the Notes and Accounts of the Firm; and become responsible for all the Debts of T. Rawlins & Son, he will continue the business as usual, at the Old Stand at the Market House.

THOS. RAWLINS. THOS. G. RAWLINS. TAKE NOTICE.

THAT at the next Session of the General Assembly of Virginia, there will be made an application for an act to constitute the Potomac river from Strider's Warehouse to the Potomac Mills, a lawful fence. September 27, 1853 BOYS BOOTS. 500 PAIR Youths, Boys and Childrens Boots. We can sell a better article than any house in the county. Call soon before stock is broken.
Oct. 4. HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

TAKE NOTICE. CIRCUMSTANCES having rendered it necessary that the undersigned should close up his business for the present in Charlestown, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted, that they must come forward at once and liquidate balances. No indulgence can be given; and he hopes his old friends and customers may be disposed to eave themselves cost, by an early compliance with this request JOHN AVIS, Jr.

October 11, 1853. BOOT AND SHOE MAKING. THE undersigned again gives notice to his old friends and customers; that he will hereafter conduct the Boot and Shoe-baking business in all its branches, at the Shop recently occupied by John Avis, Jr. He solicits the patromage of his old friends, the late customers of the shop; and the public generally, sätisfied that he can please all who may favor him with a call.

October 11, 1853.

NEW PICKLING AND PRESERVING HOUSE.

THE subscribers begleave to inform the public that they are now prepared to fill orders for anything in their line, such as Pickles, Preserves, Catsup, Sauces—Fruits and Vegetables preserved in their natural state. Brandy Fruits; Pic Fruits preserved; fresh cooked, spiced and pickeled Oysters; fresh Meats, Fish Sorps, &c., all of which are of superior quality. Particular attention is given to supplying of raw Oysters; having arrangements with the different Express and Railroad files, we are enabled to deliver them in good condition to any section of the country. them in good condition to any section of the country.

A portion of public patromage is solicited.

MANN & DUKE,

Nos. 1#1 and 129, McEldry's Wharf,

October 25, 1853—tf Baltimore, Md.

Labites Dress Govos.—French Merinoes, all colors; English do., all prices; Persian Cloths, Plaids from 50 certls to \$150 per yard, plain and figured Mouslaines, Silks, (very handsome.) with many other very fine dress goods, selected with great care and of the latest and best styles, to suit the taste of our Jefferson ladies. Will they fayor us with their presence? [Oct 19] HARRIS & RIDENOUR. BARRELS.

2.5 off 30 Ætherial Oil Barrels, on hand Oct. 11. L. M. SMITH. WE have now in store a full and complete stock of Fall and Wirter, Goods: We ask a east from customers and the public generally.

Oct 25 SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

FRALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Fully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving and opening a generally assortment of Groceries, Queensware, &c., to which he invites the attention of the public. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

WE would ask a call from the gentlemen to look through our stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Stocks, Shirt Collars, Gloves, &c.
Oct. 25 SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. ESTRAY HOG. TAKEN up on the land of the subscriber, in February last, an estray Hog, a stag, recently altered, hole in the right est and cropped. Color, black, with three white teet; appraised at \$8 00.

Oct 25, 1853—34 EPHRAIM WATSON.

HATS AND CAPS:—2 cases fashionable Hats, 10 dozen farky, do., 10 dozen men and boys' cloth Caps, which we will sell very cheap. October 18. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. DOMESTICS—New York Mill Shirting, Lousdale do. do., and ado do., one bale heavy brown, twill and plain Cotton Flannels, at as low prices as have been sold in the last H months.

Oct 18

HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

Liguors, Liquors.—We have some splen-did old Bourbon Whiskey, Brandy, Wines, &c., which we will sell very much lower than the usual price, as we wish to close out our stock of liquors. Oct 18 HARRIS & RIDENOUR. POTASH, PURLASH, SODA, &c.—A quantity of Crude Potash for sale low to close the lot; also, Purlash, Saleratus, Bread Soda and Sal Soda, for sale by quantity or retail by

L. M. SMITH

October 25, 1853

Linseed Oil, WillTing, Hibernian Green, Lineard Oil, Turpentine, Chrome, green and yoldow; White Lead, ground and dry; Venitian Red, Whiting; Copal and Japan Varnish; also, Hibernian Green, a new article of Green Paint, enperior to Ground Vordigris, and much cheaper. Call and examine.

October 25, 1883

ken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladles, it is incomparably better than all
the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of Carter's
Spanish Mixture; will remove all sallowness of
complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek,
give elasticity to the step, and improve the general
health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medi
cines ever heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable cures cines ever heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable curse performed on persons residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia, by the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call and have few hypricaging the certificates around Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates around the bottle.

Let the Afflicted flead and Ponder!

MORE than 500 persons in the City of Richmond,
Wa., alone testify to the remarkable cures performed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The great Spring Medicine and Purifier of the blood is now used by hundreds of grateful patients, who teatify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, Carter's Spunish Mixture, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrotula, Erbptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Paines and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remesty.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yell been found to compare with it. It chanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Diseasion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the Skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfechled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

Ever the Leddes, if it is promparably better than all.

FACTS CANAGE OF DOLLL

None genuire unless signed BENNETT & BARRS, None genuire unless signed BENNETT & BELL,
Daugusts.
Principal Depots at M. Wand, Close & Co., No.
83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons,
and JENKINS & HARTSHORNE, Philadelphia. BusNETT & BEERS, NO. 125 Main afreet. Rich mond, Va.
And for sale by Dr. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown,
T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, and by Deglars
in Medicines every where.
August 16, 1553—19

SCHOOL BOCKS. A LARGE assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS, just received, including McGuffey's Speller; Do Ist Reader; Playfair's Euclid; Parke's Arithmetic; Pike's Ray's Jesse's do. .4th do. Smith's co Comiy's Speller;
Bonsal's do.
Davies' first Lessons in Smith's Gron.mar; Haren's Speller & Definer, Webster's quarto Dict'y; Do royal octave do. Smith's Geog'y and Atlas; Mitchell's do do Davies' Arithmetic; Do Algebra;
Do Surveying;
Do Legendre;
Do Analytičal Geom-Onley's do do
Smith's charto do
Morse's do do
Herschell's Astronomy;

etry;
Do Elementary do, Manual of Elecution and Gunmere's Surveying; Oralory. With every variety of Miscellaneous articles for Schools, including Paper, Pens, Pen-Holders, Ink, Inkstands, Copy Books, Slates, Slate Pencils. For sale low by L. M. SMITH. Charlestowit, August 30, 1953.

PRIVATE SALE. THE undersigned offers at private sale, the TRACT OF LAND, near Leetown, in Jefferson county, now in the occupation of Mr. Eben Trussell, and conprime TIMBER. This Land is in a good state of cultivation and produces well. The improvements consist of a good brick two-story DWELLING HOUSE and other convenient Out-buildings.

ALSO—THE TRACT OF 129; ACRES, at present convenient by Mr. Transall, and adjaining the above occupied by Mr. Trussell, and adjoining the above Tract and the lands of John C. Wiltshire, Thomas Hite and others. Of this Tract 55, acres are also in first-rate TiMBER, equal to any in the county. The improvements consist of a comfortable two-story Log Dwelling House.

The above Lands are limestone of fine quality, wellsituated in a healthy part of the County, and in an ex-cellent neighborhood—and convenient to Charlestown, the county seat of Jefferson, to the Baltimore and

Ohio Railroad, &c.

Terms of Stele made known by personal application to the undersigned at his residence near Kerneysville, in said county, or by letter (post-paid) addressed to him at said place.

JAMES V. MOORE. FARM FOR SALE. THE Farm adjoining Duffield's Depot, on the Balti-more & Ohio Railroad is offered for side, (occupied by Mr. B. Bennett.) Il contains about 100 Acres by Mr.B. Bennett.) If contains about 100 Acres of Prime Land, which is in a first-rate state of cultivation. The Improvements are valuable, with good Feneing, an abundance of good Running Water which never fails, and a SMALL ORCHARD of good Fruit. This Farm is one among the very best locations in this county, being in the immediate vicinity of Elk Branch Church, Stone School House, &c.

Terms will be made accommodating. Apply to the subscriber in Charlestown.

subscriber in Charlestown, Aug. 30, 1853. SAMUEL RIDENOUR. JEFFERSON LAND FOR SALE. Wish to sell two small Farms of good Linestone Land—one containing 150 Acres, with good Buildings, Orchard, &c., adjoining the Lands of John Lock, Fisher A. Lewis and the heirs of Daniel McPherson, dicco-about 40 Acres in Timber.

Theother on the Shenandeah river, containing 123

Acres of first-rate Land, with 30 Acres in Timber, a DWELLING HOUSE on the same, and adjoining the lands of George L. Harris and Dr. John H. Lewis' heirs. For terms, &c., which will be made easy, apply to the undersigned at Myerstown, or by letter (post paid) to Kabletown, Jefferson county, Va.

Jan. 25, 1853.

JOSEPH MYERS.

FLOUR! A LW AYS on hand, a good supply of the best Flour, for sale by R. R. BROWN. FXTRA ARTICLE FOR GLOVES for sale by

BOOTS & SHOES-A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of all qualities, for sale low by J L HOOFF WHITE AND BUFF MARSEILLES VESTS, Silk, Gingham and Linen Coats, White Linen Pants, and other seasonable Goods, in the greatest variety, at ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store. Charlestown, June 7, 1553. SPICES; of all kinds, for preserving and pickling July 26. TRAWLINS & SON

DRESS TRIMINGS.—Fancy Silk Trimings, Silk Fringe, Silk Late, Voltet and Ribbons, for sale J L HOOFF EMBROIDERY, &c-littide Spensers, Under-Sleeves, Needle Work, Cuffs, Jaconet and Swim Collars, Swiss and Jaconet Edgings, for sale by

BONNETT RIBBONS—A large assortment of Ribbons for sale low by J L HOOFF GENTLEMEN'S GOODS—A large stock of Cloths—Cassimeres and Yestings, of every shade and cold or for sale low by

J. L. HOOFF HATS AND CAPS—Extra Mole-skin Hats, Cassimere Curled Brimmed Hats, Saxony Cubins, Cassimere Metropolitan, Planters do., Boys' Saxony Hungariah, Boys' Cloth and Glazed Caps, for sale by J L HOOFF

WANTED -- Small Bacon Hains and Lard, in exchange for Hardware, Groceries, &c. July 26. T. RAWLINS & SON. THE subscriber has received lately large quantities of seasonable Domestics and Fancy Dry Goods, bought at auction, also 150 yards Black High Lustre, and boiled Silks. To see the goods and learn the prices, will be inducement enough to buy.

September 6, 1853, ISAAC ROSE.

CIDER VINEGAR: 456 barrels of Cider Vinegar, a prime article, for sale by September 6, 1853: JOHN L. HOOFF. JUST RECEIVED a superior article of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, for sale by September 6, 1853. JOHN L. HOOFF.

CIDER VINEGAR.--Pure and first-rate for Pickling, for sale by July 26.

T. RAWLINS & SON. CORDAGE, 321. 2, 4, 2, 2, 1, 11, and 11 inch. Ropes, Bed Cords, Plough Lines, Halters, Clothes Lines, Sash Cords, bag-string Twine, Chalk Lines, Mason Lines, &c. Every size from a Fishing Line to

a Machine Rope, just received and for sale by July 26. T. RAWLINS & SON. HERRING AND MACKEREL.—A fresh supply of Herring and Mackerel jest received and for sale by (Oct. 18.) R. H. BROWN. TRESH GROCERIES .- The undersigned respect-

Oct. 18 R. H. BROWN. A FRESH supply of Soda, Water, Bufter and Sugar Crackers just received, and for shie by Oct. IS

R. H. BROWN. FRENCH GLASS 8 by 10 and 10 by 13-just re-

A FRESH supply of prime New Orleans and New York Syrup Molasses just received and for sale by (Oct 18) R. H. BROWN. FRENCH WORK.—Swiss and cambric Collars,
50 cents to \$3 50; Swiss and cambric Undersleeves, do do Spencers, do do Edgings, do do Insert
ings. The ladies will find the most select stock of the
above goods, ever offered in this town, prices yeary low.
Oct 18

HARRIS & RIDENOUR SHAWLS.—Some very handsome, (low peires.)
Oct 18
HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.—A full assortment, at old prices.

Oct. 18.

HARRIR & RIDENOUR. NAILS-50 kegs, which we will sell mech under the market price.

Oct. 18.

HARRIS & RIDENOUR: BLANKETS:-100 pair last season, purchased
25 per cent. less than the present prices: Farmers will do well to call soon.
Oct. 18.

HARRIS & RIDENOUR. PORTSMEN will find the best Powder, Sho (all sizes,) Caps, Gun Wades Puwder Flasks, Sko Pouches, and Bird Bags: Also, one extra double bas rel Gun. [Oct. 18:] HARRIS & RIDENOUR. T ADIES DRESS GOODS.—All Wool de Laines Printed Parish de Lainess, Merinos, Alpacs Sack Flannel of all colors. J L HOOFF:

HYDRAULIC CEMENT .- Just received H. L. EBY & SON.

50 EMPTY WHISKEY BARRELS for sale by JOHN L HOOF

FRESH PORTER just received and for sale by (Oct 18)

A man whose name was Johany Sands
Had married Betty Hagne,
And though she brought him gold and lands
She proved a terrible plague,
For, O I she was a scolding wife,
Full of caprice and whim;
He said that he was tired of life,
And she was tired of him.

Says he: "Then I will drown myself, The river runs below," Says she: "Pray do, you silly elf,
I wished it long ago."
Says he: "Upon the brink I'll stand,
Do you run down the hill,
And push me in with all your might."
Says she: "My love I will."

"For fear that I should courage lack, And try to save my life,
Pray tie my hands behind my back?"
"I will," replied his wife.
She tied them fast, as you may think, And when securely done,
"Now stand," says she, "upon the brink,
And I'll prepare to run."

All down the hill his loving bride Now ran with all her force, To push him in-he stepped aside, And she fell in of course.

Now splashing' dashing, like a fish, "Oh! save me Johnny Sands;" "I can't, my dear, though much I wish, For you have tied my hands."

General Entelligence. ALEXANDRIA, LOUDON AND HAMP-SHIRE RAIL ROAD.

We are gratified to learn from a friend, that the surveys on this road, west of us is progressing with rapidity, and a fair prospect of entire success .-From information received we learn that the development of the surveys are, so far, more encourageing than were at first anticipated from the nature of the country, and from reports of Engineers who had previously examined the mountains of Hampshire. The great "bugbear" upon the line heretofore was the South Branch mountain lying between the South Branch River and the Little Cacapon. This mountain commences at the Potomac proper, and runs directly at right angles with the line now in progress by this company, and is between 1300 and 1400 feet above mid tide. It was considered by the Chief Engineer decidedly the most formidable barrier to be encountered-and Mr. Latrobe and other scientific gentlemen deemed it impossible to overcome with a grade of only 528-10 feet to the mile. But we are glad to learn that this is no longer a problem. It has been found a practical route down the mountain, with the above-mentione grade, and with ho curve, with a radius less than 1000 feet. As this was the very worst feature to contend with by the Engineers, the friends of the measure are now sanguine of being able to obtain a good practical route to the Coal fields. They have progressed rapidly, considering the neture of the country to deal with. A continuous line has been already established from the helds east to the waters of Little Cacapon, Some portions of the route are unexplored. The surveys will be completed sometime in December, and confi lence is expressed that the Engineers will be able to proclaim a good practical route, with the grades above-men ioned, throughout the entire road-that is, no grades opposed to the trade greater than 52 8-10 feet to the mid. This grade, the nature of the Coal trade imperatively demands, Mr FRANK LACKLAND, son of our worthy friend SAMUEL W LACKLAND, of this county, has charge of the above route. It has been placed in proper hands-one who is every way reliable and competent to the task before him. He is not without

thorough practical experience, having served for many years under Mr. Larnobe-the Engineer of the day-who has demonstrated, in the construction of the Baltimore and Ohib Rail Road west of Cumberland, skill unsurpassed in the annals of No one who passes this road fails to express as-

deemed insurmountable .- Free Press. THE TRAGEDY AT LOUISVILLE.

tonishment at the science in overcoming barriers

Professor Butler, Principal of the high Schoo' at Louisville, as has been announced, was shot by Mat. F. Ward, oldest son of R. J. Ward, on Wednesday morning last, and died that night. The Courier says of the famentable transaction:
He went to the High School accompanied by

wo of his brothers, Robe t Ward, a youth of sixteen. and William Ward, a small boy and called for Mr. Wm. H. G. Butler, one of the teachers. A few words passed between them, when Mr, Ward pulled out a pistol and shot Mr. Butler down. The ball penetrated his left brea-t, over the heart, and he fell to the floor, exclaiming, in his agony. "I am killed-oh, my poor wife and child!" Ward then dropped his pistol, and, accompanied by his brother, retreated from the school-room.

"Mr. Butler was able to rise from the floor, and left the room, assisted by some boys; but, when in the street, he fell again, and was carried home .-The ball could not be extracted, and he bled inward ly. Mr Butler had corrected Wm. Ward, one of his pupils, the day previous, for telling a falsehood, which led to the tragic affair. "Robert Ward, who accompanied his brother,

drew a Bowie knife, and when Prof. Sturgus, the other teacher in the school, advance to the assistance of Mr. Butler, he made such demonstration that the Professor retreated and made his escape on of a window. The scholars in the school-room were also scattered in all directions by the display of such warlike instruments in their midst. "Mr. M. F. Ward and Robert J. Ward, Jr., were promptly arrested and lodged in jail, and as the af-

fair will undergo a judicial investigation, we forbear parrating the particulars.

"Mr. Butler was one of the best and most inof fensive men in the world, and we can appreciate the anguish of his friends at his being so untimely couloff, and in such a manner. The affair is generally regarded as of a most atrocious and unprovoked character, and, when it became known, the deepest indignation prevailed throughout the city. The Ward family is one of the wealthiest and most prominent in Kentucky."

CAYING OF THE CORNER STONE. The peremonies of laying the corner stone of the sex Church, near Crum's old Church, in Clarke county took place on Wedne-day the 2d instant, according to Masonic usage and enstom. The ceremony was performed by bro. George L.

Washington District D. G. Master, in an effient and interesting manner. Rev. bro. F. Isnasc, delivered an able and eloquent address, which was listened to with much

After the close of the ceremonies, the Brothers of the Order repaired to the residence of brother WILLIAM G. HARDESTY, where they were hospita bly entertained. Alter dinner, all returned to their respective homes, much gratified with the scenes of the day Much praise is also due Mr. Hardesw for the sampluous manner in which he enter

tained his friends - Free Perss. NOVEMBER COURT.

On Monday work the November Court for Jefferson takes place. It is a Quarterly Term and Jury Term .keeping the Poor of the County. Among the farms offered is that of SAMUEL RIDENOUS, Esq., at Elk Branch. The size of the farm, quality of the land, location &c. There are other farms in the same neighborhood offered the subject. That a place will be selected for keeping the Poor we have no oubt. Humanity, as well as economy, demands it. The location named-being on a public and much travelled thoroughfare, where the taxpayers would have an opportunity to witness the management of affairs—is an eligible one. But of this, those

CHARLES, the property of GEORGE B. BEALL, Esq., will be tried at November Court upon the charge of attempting a rape upon a respectable white female of this County. If found guilty, Death will be the penalty. The regular Court will consist of BHANTON DAVEN-PORT. Presiding Justice; GEORGE W. LITTLE, JOHN J. LOCK, JACOB W. REYNOLDS and JOHN J. GRANTHAM The Court will doubtless continue for several days.

A. L. & H. RAIL ROAD.

The corps of engineers whose field of operation extended from the Blue Ridge to Goose Creek, yesterday finished their experimental survey. We are happy to inform our readers, that the grades are comparatively light, after leaving the mountain, and that no serious obstruction is presented to the construction of the road. The gentlemen composing this division, will, we understand be engaged in running some short experimental lines near Leeburg, and then be ordered to the assistance of the other divisions in the county of Hampshire. We predict that their report, when submitted to the chief engineer of the Co., will reflect credit upon their efficient leader, Mr. Bowie, and speak volumes of praise for the energy and industry manifested by the corps in the prosecution of their labors.—Loudoun Democrat.

To CUBE POVERTY.—Sit down and growl shout it. By so doing, you will be sure to get rich and make yourself particularly agreeable to everybody.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Machinery of this Establishment is in full operation and the above mentioned. Wares are now TIN-WARE.

The assortment of Tin-Ware now on liand is extensive, and all orders from Mcrchants will receive prompt attention and Wares be delivered at their places of business without extra charge.

The Metropolitan Elevated Oven Cook Stone, for burning wood, is a strong and durable Stove, and will be sold with all fixtures complete, delivered, set up and warranted to operate well, for \$30, \$35 and \$40 for Nos. 3, 4 and 5. All persons in want of a good Stove, will please forward their orders and they shall have the pleasure of seeing one of the best stoves now in use, in operation in their kitchens, and if the Stove does not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away, after six days trial and no grumbling. A good selection of other patterns of Stoves kept constantly on hand, which will be sold cheap.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING Will be done in a thorough manner, at short notice and at prices that defy competition. LIGHTNING RODS.

Iron Rods with silver-plated Points, Brass Connectors, Glass Insulaters and malable fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner at low prices. SHOWER BATHS & BATHING TUBS During the Summer months may be found at this Establishment a good assortment of Shower Baths, Bathing Tubs, Boston-Boats, Hip-Baths, Foot-Tubs, &c., &c., which will be finished in the nextest possible style and sold at Baltimore prices. JOB WORK.

Job Work of every description, connected with the Tin and Sheet Iron business, will be done with neatness and promptitude—in short this Establishment shall be the Emporium for the above mentioned wares and Great Bargains will be given to all its patrons.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1853.

65 Cotton Rags, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Iron, Dried Fruit, Bees-wax, Beans, Corn, Hay, Cats, Wood and Bacon taken at the highest current prices in exchange for ware or work.

T. D. P.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY. NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and Bolivar, that they have commenced the above business in Harpers-Ferry, on High street, a few doors above Shenandoah, where they will manufacture in the very best manner, and out of the best material, all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES. All work will be warranted to be of the best quality, both in material and workmanship.

Repairing will also be nearly and substantially done, and on the shortest notice.

**All work guaranteed to equal in style, beauty, finish, and material, any that is manufactured in the county.

A. G. McDANIEL.

Harpers-Ferry, February 1, 1853.

Harpers-Ferry, February 1, 1853. SHENANDOAH IRON FOUNDRY. THIS Foundry, situated on the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, 1½ miles from Harpers-Ferry, has been rented for a term of years by the subscriber, who would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to do, in a style of workmanship, which cannot be surpassed, if equalled, in this Valley, every description of Machinery and Plough Castings, at short

Having been engaged in the business for many years in the largest foundries in the United States, and be-ing now determined to devote his whole attention to the business, he is confident that those who favor him with their work will at the same time, be favoring heir own interests, as his prices for Castings shall b s low as at any foundry in the Valley. Orders, from all in want of Castings of any descrip-

ion, are respectfully solicited.

13-Old Iron taken in exchange for Castings.

HENRY C. PARKER.

Shenandoah City, August 3, 1852.

WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER, FREDERICK CITY, MD., DETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and

R adjoining counties for the liberal patronage ex-tended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and

expense.
All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. Address
WM. S. ANDERSON,
Frederick city, Md., J. W. McGINNIS, Agent, or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent, January 11, 1853. Harpers-Ferry, Va.

THE SHENANDOAH CITY WATER Power and Manufacturing Company, Have the Mills in operation. They will pay the highest price in Cash for Wheat, Corn, and Rye. They will grind all kinds of Grain for Tolls, exchange Flour for Wheat or other Grain—receive and forward all kinds of Produce or other Goods for Baltimore or other Northern markets. They have made arrangements with the respectable and responsible house of Newcomer & Stonebraker, of Baltimore, for the transaction of their business, or any that shall be entrusted to their care. Mr. Geo. W. Taylon, well known in o their care. Mr. GEO. W. TAYLOR, well known in this and adjoining counties as miller, has charge of their mills, who will give his attention and spare no pains to give satisfaction. The Company have more WATER POWER to dispose of, on sale or rent, will give every encouragement to Manufacturers and Mechanics. They would invite them to call and examine or themselves. They feel confident in saying that a better location for all kinds of manufacturing business

cannot be found.

They have obtained a charter for a Bridge across the Shenandoah River at their place, which when con-structed and Roads made will open to the fine settlements in the Valley of Loudoun, and give a more direct communication with Harpers-Ferry and Charlestown, and must give to this place additional advantages. They ask a share of the public interest and patronage.

ISAAC GREGORY, patronage. ISAA Shenandoah city, Feb. 1, 1853.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Halltown and surrounding country that they have commenced the BOOT AND SHOE MAKING BUSINESS in all its various branches. They will manufacture in the very best manner and out of the best material all kinds of Boots and Shoes. All work will be warranted to be of the best quality, both in material and workmanship, and quarantied to be equal in style, beauty of finish, and material, to any work manufactured in the county.—They will make work as cheap if not cheaper than any shop in the county. Repairing will be neatly and substantially done on the shortest notice. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.

D. J. CARLISLE & SON.
Halltown, June 21, 1853. Halltown, June 21, 1853.

CHAINS.--I shall manufacture and keep constantly on hand a supply of all the various kinds of Chains used by the Farmers. Breast and Trace Chains, single and double link, straight or twisted, made of the best iron, and in the best style of workmanship.

GEORGE PENSE. Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

CARPENTERING AND JOINERING. I'HE subscriber returns his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Charlestown and neighborhood, for the liberal patronage he has received in the last five years; and hopes to merit a continuance of the same. He is always ready to execute work at the shortest notice, and will make it his interest to suit the times in

his prices.

If has procured a set of Draughting Instruments, and having made himself acquainted with Architecture, he is prepared to Draught and give plans and proportions for all kinds of work in wood. He will also make and curve to order Capitals for columns in the different orders of Architecture at the shortest necessaries. tice. Always on hand SASH of various sizes for win-

Those wishing to patronise him will address him through the mail, or verbally at Charlestown. \$\mathbb{G}\$-All orders shall be strictly attended to, and gen eral satisfaction given. WM. A. SUDDITH. Charlestown, April 5, 1853-1y

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY. OLD THINGS DONE AWAY AND ALL THINGS BECOME NEW.

THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the farming community to their very large assortment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising every kind of implement used by the farmer to facilitate and cheapen his operations, including our celebrated Patent Premium Thresher and Cleaner, which received the first premium over the New York Pitt Machine and several others at the Maryland State Agricultural Fair last fall; also, at the Washington Agricultural Fair last fall; also, at the Washington Comity Fair, Hagerstown, Maryland, and at our Valley Fair, Charlestown—which for simplicity, durability, and capacity has no equal in the world. By a recent improvement we can make the machine clean all kinds of grain perfectly clean for market, taking out all cheat, smut, and light wheat if wished, saving altogether the use of a Wheat Fan; thus saving the farmer two-thirds his expense over the common thresher, requiring but eight hands and from six to eight horses to thresh from 200 to 400 bushels per day, perfectly clean for the mill. This has never been accomplished by any other machinist but ourselves, and all sceptic minds can have their doubts removed by trying one and if they cannot do what we have represented we will take the machine back without charge.

Shop price of our Thresher and Cleaner from \$250 Shop price of our Thresher and Cleaner from \$250 \$275, that is:

Charlestown, February 8, 1853. WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c..-The subof Watches, and Jewelry, consisteng in part of Fig.
Gold Lever, Lapine and Duplex Watches, of State
all prices, Breastpins Ear-rings, Gold Guards, Vest,
and Fob Chains, Lockets, Bracelets, &c.., to which we
invite the attention of the public. Watches carefully
Repaired.
C. G. STEWART.
April 5, 1853. April 5, 1853.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, a pleasant and wholesome beverage, for sale by July 12, 1853. H. L. EBY & SON. SALE NOTICE. HORSE Cart nearly new, and several good Stoves, will be offered for sale before the Court Charlestown, on the 18th of this month. Court Charlestown, on the 18th of this month, Court-day Oct. 11, 1853. F. P. N. S. WHITE.

NEW GOODS. WE are now receiving our Fall and Winter Good Oct. 11. KEYES & KEARSLEY. BLANKETS—A large stock of Negro Blankets; alsa, Crib Blankets, for sale very low by Baltimore Crade.

HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO., Importers and Dealers in Rozeign an Domestic Liquors, of every description. No. 333 Baltimore street, between Pacu and Eulaw st Baltimore, April 12, 1853—tf

H. A. WEBB & CO. Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c., &c.

No. 14 North Howard Street, Nearly opposite the Howard House, formerly the Wheatfield Inn., Next Door to Davis & Miller's Drug Store, July 12, 1853—19.

Baltimore.

To the Millers in the Valley. MARTIN & HOBSON, FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. orner of Eulaw and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, Ma THANKFUL to their friends and the Millers .

Virginia who have so liberally sustained the House, offer increased facilities for the prompt an nost satisfactory performance of all business committed to the commitment of the commi ted to their care.
Baltimore, July 12, 1853—1y.

NEW CHINA STORE. JOSEPH S. HASTINGS, Jr., Importer and Wholesale & Retail Dealer in China, Glass and Queensware, 202: Baltimore street, north side, between St. Paul and Charles streets, Baltimore, DESIRES to inform the public that he has just laid in an entirely new and elegant assortment of every description of

PLAIN AND FANCY WARE,

White, Gold-Band and Painted French China Dinner, Dessert, Tea and Breakfast Sets; Rich Vases of beautiful shapes and styles; Fancy Mugs and Cups, with or without mottoes; Castors, with Cut and Moulded Bottles; Cut and Pressed Tumblers, Goblets, Wines, Champagnes, &c., of new and beautiful styles; Jellies, Bowls and Dishes to match. An extensive and well selected stock of Granite and Common Ware.

[13- Country Merchants, Hotel Keepers, Steamboat and Ship Agents, Private Families, and all others who may want articles in this line, are invited to call and examine the stock and prices. EUCH AS-

Baltimore, April 12, 1853.—1y E. L. MATTHEWS. P. HYDE. WM. SMYTH MATTHEWS, HYDE & SMYTH, Importers and Dealers in Foreign & Domestic HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, SADLERY, &c. Corner of Baltimore and Liberty streets, Baltimore.

Baltimore, June 21, 1853-1y

BERRYVILLE HOTEL. THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the day, week, month, or year. HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the receiving which the season and market will afford. varieties which the season and market will afford; his Bar with the choicest Liquors, and his Stuble with the best hay, grain, and ostler.

As he intends to make this his permanent residence.

As he intends to make this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortably and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. His charges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify.—
He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share o their custom.

WM. N. THOMPSON.

Berryville, April 5, 1853.

BLAKE'S PATENT Fire-Proof PAINT.

The subscriber has received a large supply of this valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the most reasonable rates.

Che riestown, November 16, 1852.

GEO. J. RICHARDSON: WM/W. OVERMAN. RICHARDSON & OVERMAN, Umbrella and Parasol Manufactory No. 106, Market street, Philadelphia. January 11, 1853-tf ...

EXCHANGE BANK OF SELDEN, WITHERS & CO.,

WASHINGTON, D. C. THE undersigned respectfully amounce that they have formed a Copartnership to transact a General Banking and Exchange Business in this city, under the firm of SELDEN, WITHERS & CO., and are prepared to deal in Foreign and Domestic Exchanges, Time Bills, Promisory Notes, Certificates of Deposite, Letters of Credit, Bank Notes and Coin. We undertake to make collections and promptly

remit the proceeds to any designed point within without the Union. Mr. WILLIAM SELDEN, a member of the firm, and for many years past the Treasurer of the United States, will give his careful personal attention to all financial ss which we may be employed to transact with any of the Departments of the Government. The business which our employers may require us to transact, will be conducted with fidelity and promptitude, and upon the most reasonable terms.
WILLIAM SELDEN,

Late Treasurer of the United States.
JOHN WITHERS, Of Alexandria, Va. R. W. LATHAM, Of Washington, D. C. L. P. BAYNE, Of Baltimore, Md.

Washington, February 10, 1852-1y THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of CAPRON & GOSNELL for the transac-

tion of a General Commission Business in all kinds of Country produce, was dissolved by mutual consent. R. J. CAPRON, J. L. BUCK GOSNELL. Baltimore, December 17, 1852. J. L. BUCK GOSNELL.

L. W. GOSNELL & SON, Country Produce Commission Merchants, No. 71, Bowly's Wharf, South street, Baltimore. THE undersigned take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have closed up their Dry Goods Business, and will hereafter give their entire attention to the Commission Business, in all kinds of Country Produce, under the firm of L. W. Gosnell & Son, and solicit any favors in that line, as we can at all times obtain the very ghest market rates for every thing in the way of Produce sent us. We intend to keep our friends constantly advised of

the state of the market, and will furnish regularly a Price Current. J. L. BUCK GOSNELL. Baltimore, December 29, 1852-1y WATCHES AND JEWELRY. THE undersigned has just received direct from Philadelphia a small assortment of WATCHES, reastpins, Cuff Pins, Cuff Buttons, Lockets, Pencils, Rings, Gold Pens, ect. A few fine Fans, all of which

he will sell on the most acc CHAS. G. STEWART. Charlestown, May 17, 1853. TO THE JEFFERSON FARMERS. THE subscriber is now ready to buy any amount of WHEAT and CORN, and will always give the

highest market rates.

He will buy Wheat and Corn delivered at either of the Depots on the Winchester and Baltimore Roads. E. M. AISQUITH. July 19, 1853—3m GILBERT'S HOTEL. (LATELY JOHN COE'S.)

At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va. THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform The community and travelling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot formerly kept by Mr. John Cos, dec'd. The House has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and so-

premises, which will be farnished with the hest grain and hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford, and the Bar at all times supand market will amord, and the Bar at all times supplied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is determined to spare no pains in making his guests

C3-Boarders taken by the week, month or year BARNET GILBERT. BARNET GILBE BO-The undersigned takes pleasure in recom-ing Mr. GILBERT to the patrons of the House under the management of my Father, and respe solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

RAWLINS' HOTEL, Corner of Queen and Burk streets,

MARTINSBURG, VA.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley House." The House has recently undergone a thorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious STABLE is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any additional expense.

JOS. C. RAWLINS, onal expense.

JOS. C. RAWLINS,
Proprietor.

SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.

THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and business part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment, are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and ors. veral large Parlors and airy Chambers have been

Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.

Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for the accommodation of visitors.

GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,
July 9, 1850.

Proprietor.

DICKSON & KING, Lumber Merchants, water street, George-town, D. C., KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of Building Materials. October 12, 1852—1y GUN!—A very superior Double-barrel Gus (war-ranted) for sale by J L HOOFF

DYE-STUFFS, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, &c.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE The Great Restorative & Invigorator,

RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, SCROFULA, &c.

Hy a wisechoice and combination of some of the best of each class of co-operative simple remedies, it fully reaches all the essential organs of the human system, and thus it has proved itself so effectually curative of the whole round of CHRONIC AFFECTIONS.

This article was discovered by Dr. Jes. 2 Ha upton, now in fine health in the 79th year of his: get. He was born in Virginia in 1775, emigrated to Kent. cay—then a wilderness—with his father, in 1779. In early manhood he was so reduced by disease as to be almost wrecked in constitution. He spent much of his living for medical advice and attention, and grew nothing better, but worse. Finding no relief from his physicians, he resolved to try the restorative powers of the roots, barks, leaves, plants, ect., of the forest. He then dwelt in the midst of the Red Men of the Western wilds. Having heard much of their skill in the use of vegetable remedies of the forest, and knowing their mode of medicinal practice must be one of practical experience and not of theoretical speculation, he made himself acquainted with their remedies, and also with the practical medicinal knowledge of the early settlers of Kentucky, had obtained from the uncidine men' of the Indians.

He carefully studied the nature of the medicines used by them, combined them as he had been taught, and had the cheering satisfaction of finding disease driven from his emaciated body, and vigorous health given in its stoad. His case was of no ordinary kind, but astonishing to his friends and neighbors. The fame of it spread; the people far and near sent to the doctor for his successful and wonderful combination of Indian remedies; which was freely given them, until the cases became so numerous and the demand so great that the doctor was advised by his friends, and induced through justice to himself, to put up his Vegetable Tincture in bottles, and charge a price for it which was freely given. Finding its way into the first and most intelligent families, and astonishing all by its wonderful cures; command

The many cures made by it, and the great demand, have induced the proprietors to offer it to the afflicted in this city, with the honest conviction that the same happy results will follow its use here, as in numerous other places. HON. HENRY CLAY AND HON. R. LOUNSON have certified to its merits. CAPT. other places. HON. HENRY CLAY AND HON. R. M. JOHNSON have certified to its merits. CAPT. GANOT, brother of the celebrated physician to the EMPEROR OF FRANCE, was cured by it of Chronic Inflammatory Rheumatism of seven years duration, after the skill of the physicians of Paris, London, and of this country had failed Rev. Vernon Eskeidge, chaplain U. S. Navy, was cured by it. Also, Judge Davies, Hon. T. H. Shelby, members of Congress, with members of the State Department, Washington, and hundreds of others, who give their testimony to this wonderful discovery.

testimony to this wonderful discovery.

PHYSICIANS
have cured themselves, and the members of their families, by its use, after their own remedies had failed; and some of them are so generous as to recommend it to their partiants. to their patients.

It has shown itself most powerfully curative of
NERVOUS DISEASES

NERVOUS DISEASES

NERVOUS DISEASES
in their various forms, giving new life and vigor, restoring the shattered constitution, and thus infusing hope in place of despondency. By its milt, pleasant, and safe action on the stomach, liver, kidneys, langs, and the nervous system, it cares DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE URINARY OR-GANS, COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHIAL AFFEC-TIONS, CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, KING'S RALGIA, ST. VITUS' DANCE, FITS, FISTULA, PILES, with all diseases arising from impure blood.

THE FEMALE SYSTEM, in DR. HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINC-TURE, A CURE for its numerous and complicated derangements. Hundreds who have been debilitated and dispirited, and on the verge of a premature grave, have been restored by its use to blooming health, which we are abundantly able to prove by such a host OF LIVING WITNESSES

To publish ALL THE TESTIMONY in its favor would make a large volume. RESTORATIVE AND HEALING QUALITIES, are published in a pamphlet, which with their origi-nals, and a host of other commendatory letters not yet published, the proprietors will be pleased to exhibit to Attention is not called alone to the quantity of the testimony, but also, to its HIGH CHARACTER.

Thousands will testify to cares on themselves, wives, children and friends, after all other remedies had failed. We give below a few extracts. WE REQUEST ALL to call and get pamphlets (gratis,) and see history of the discovery of this medicine, and read the certificates of its cures, showing a mass of testimony, such, as we believe was never given to any other medicine. LIVER COMPLAINT, DEBILITY.

Extract from James Harris, Esq's., Letter, Alexandri

Virginia.

After speaking of wonderful cures on himself, in says: "Mrs. H. has been suffering with the liver com-plaint and with inability, constantly complaining from weakness, through her whole system. She now enjoys better health than for thirty years, being entirely restored by the use of Hampton's Vegetable DISEASED SIDE, BREAST, EYES. Extract from a Letter from J. Grimes, Esq., Londoun county, Virginia.

"My wife has been for years afflicted with great weakness; pain in the breast, side and back; palpitation of the heart; feebleness of the nervous system; loss of appetite; complexion sallow; the sight of one eye almost gone, the other very weak. I am pleased to say, Hamoton's Tingture has restored her to perfect

to say, Hampton's Tincture has restored her to perfect health. Her eyes are as good now as ever they were." RHEUMATISM, 33 YEARS. Mrs. E. Bagwell, of Virginia, suffered from Rheu-matism from her 12th to her 50th year of age; at times entirely helpless. Being wealthy, she employed the

was cured only by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. CHRONIC INFLAMATORY RHEUMATISM. The wife of Thomas M. Yeakle, 76 Pearl street. was a great sufferer for eight years. Restored to per-feet health by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. MERCURIAL RHEUMATISM! Mr. Jarrett Plummer, 153 East Baltimore street, suffered this disease intensely six years; could not sleep; dreadful ulcers formed on his limbs, from which olinters of bones issued. His physician pronounced im incurable; but Hampton's Vegetable Tincture

cured him.
HEREDITARY SCROFULA! A boy in the family of Hon. W. P. Thommasson, once member of Congress from Kentucky, was a mass of sores from head to foot. His eyelids turned inside out, protruding over the eyeballs so as to produce blindness. He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASE, &c. Mr. Wm. Oldham, of Baltimore custom house, suffered these complaints for eighteen months, with both body and mind scriously affected. He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, after other things

COUGH, CONSUMPTION, &c. Mr. Henry C. Winn had a cough for five years, reat weakness, cct.; had, in all, five or six physi-ians; tried all their remedies, but was cured only by HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE 87-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Bal-imore st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York.

MC-Cill and get a pamphlet gratis.

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.
L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown. And by Dealers every where.

AFFLICTED, READ!! PHILADELPHIA MEDICAL HOUSE. ESTABLISHED 18 years ago, by Dr. Kinkelin, N. W. corner Third and Union streets, between Spruce and Pinesis., Philadelphia. Eighteen years of extensive and uninterrupted practice spent in this city have rendered Dr. K. the most expert and successful practitioner, far and near, in the treatment of all diseases of a private nature. Persons afflicted with ulcers upon the body, throat or legs, pains in the head or bones, mercural rheumatism, strictures, gravel, diseases arising from youthful excesses or impurities of the blood whereby the constitution has become enfeebled, are all treated with success. treated with success.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Kinkelin and confidently rely upon his skill as physician.

and confidently rely upon his skill as physician.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Young men who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in—a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt even when asleep, and destroy both mind and body, should apply immediately. Weakness and constitutional debility, loss of muscular energy, physical lassitude and general prostration, irritability and all nervous affection, indigestion, sluggishness of the liver, and every disease in any way connected with the disorder of the procreative functions cured and full vigor restored.

YOUTH AND MANHOOD. Kinkelin on Self-preservation—Only 25 cts.

This Book just published, is filled with useful information on the infirmities and disenses of the generative organs. It addresses itself alike to Youth, Manhood and Old Age, and should be read by all.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of lives.

Parents by reading it will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

(13-A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to Dr. Kinkelin, N. W. corner of Third and Union streets, between Spruce and Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book under envelope per return of mail.

Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (pose-p. d) and be cured at home.

Packages of Medicines, Directions, &c., forwarded by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity.

Booksellers, News-agents, Pedlars, Canvassers, and all others supplied with the above work at very low rates.

[Jan. 18, 1853—1y. A VIGOROUS LIFE OR A PREMATURE DEATH!

THE undersigned having ocen elected a Constable in District No. 3, offices his services to the public He will collect and pay over with promptness al: claims placed in his hands. Collections without warrants will be made with every possible dispatch, and the interests of those employing him faithfully regarded. He therefore solicits public patronage.

JOP; REED.

Charlestown, May 21, 1853.



CABLER'S DIARRHUEA CORDIAL

the skin gently, and with great efficacy for the coof this class of disease.

scribed. They are offered to the country practitioner, as medicines which he can in all respects depend upon, as prepared in agreement with the experience of some of the most learned and judicious physicians, and strictly in conformity with the rules of Pharmacy, and as especially serving his convenience, who cannot so readily as the city physician have his own prescriptions compounded by a practical Pharmaceutist.

See the descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis of all who have the Medicines for sale, containing recommendations from Doctors Martin, Baltzell, Addison, Payne, Handy, Love, &c.

Dr. S. B. Martin says—"I do not hesitate to recommend your Diarrhæa Cordial, and Anodyne Cherry Expectorant, &c.

Dr. John Addison says—"It gives me much pleasure to add my testimony to that of others, in favor of the extraordinary efficacy of your Diarrhæa Cordial," &c.; and of the Expectorant, "I have no hesitation in recommending it as a most valuable medicine," &c.

Dr. R. A. Paynesays he has used the Diarrhæa Cordial in his practice "with the happiest effect, and thinks it one of the most conver i at and efficient combinations ever offered to our profession."

Dr. L. D. Handy writes—"I have administered your Anodyne Expectorant, in several cases of Bronchial affection, with the most happy results, and from a knowledge of its admirable effects, I can with the greatest confidence recommend it," &c.

Dr. W. S. Love writes to us that he has administered the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchitis for fourteen years, and that she is fast recovering

Dr. W. S. Love writes to us that he has administered the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchitis for fourteen years, and that she is fast recovering from her long standing malady. It has in a few weeks done her more good than all the remedies she has here-tofore used under able medical counsel.

Sixteen of the best Apothecaries and Pharmaceutists in the city of Baltimore, write—"We are satisfied the preparation known as Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant and Stabler's Diarrhoa Cordial are medicines of great value and very efficient for the relief and curve of the diseases for which they are recommended. cure of the discusses for which they are recommended, they bear the evidence of skill and care in their prepa-ration and style of putting up, and we take pleasure in recommending them."

recommending them."

Twenty-seven of the most respectable Merchants of Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina, who have sold and also used these medicines themselves, say—"From our own experience, and that of our customers, we do confidently recommend them Pro Bono Publico. We have never known any remedies used for the diseases for which they are prescribed, to be so efficient and to give such entire satisfaction to all."

The above notices of recommendation from members of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high standing, and Merchants of the first respectability, should be sufficient to satisfy all, that these medicines are worthy of trial by the afflicted, and that they are of a different stamp and class from the "Quackery" and nt stamp and class from the "Quackery" and "Core Alls" so much imposed upon the public. For sale by Druggists, Apothecaries and Country Store-keepers generally. E. H. STABLER & CO,

Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Balt.
Agent at Charkstown, T. RA WLINS & SON,
AGENT at Kabletown, FRANK OSBURN,
AGENT at Harpers-Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND, AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL, And Loudoun Merchants generally, [Jan. 18, 1853.

MARRIAGE, HAPPINESS AND COM-PETENCE. WHY IS IT? That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life, broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, spirits with a complication of diseases and aliments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,

When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed.

IT IS MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and con-trollable, casily remedied—or better still—not incurred IF EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (within the reach of all) which would spare to herself YEARS OF MISERY, YEARS OF MISERY,

And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that competence which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands.

In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, be the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work antifled tle work entitled

The Married Woman's PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION. EV DR. A. M. MAURICEAU. Professor of Discuses of Woman.

One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., pp. 250. Price 50 cts.

[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, \$1.00.] First published in 1847, and it is not surprising or wonderful, considering that every Female, whether married
or not, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature,
character and causes of her complaints, with the various
symptoms, and that nearly half a million copies should
have been sold.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriages, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement. heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

(13- Upwards of one hundred thousand copies have
been sent by mail within the last few months.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC. BE NOT DEFRAUDED! Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty street, N. Y.," is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title

page; and buy only of respectable and honorable deal ers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauri ceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringe-ments of copyright. LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER! LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!

No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.

To enable every one to decide upon the indispensable necessity of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain uninformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing full Title-page and Index of Contents, together with extracts from the book, will be sent free of charge to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein.

When knowledge is happiness, 'tis culpable to be ignorant. When knowledge is happiness, 'tis culpable to be ignoraut.

35-On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition, extra binding.) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRI-

Box 1224, New York City. Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty street, New York. New York, April 19, 1853—6in DOCTOR YOURSELF! THE POCKET ASCULAPIUS:
Or, Every one his own Physician.
THE Fortieth Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Generative System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M. D.

to any part of the United States. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU,

VATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (ma

M. D.

RJ-Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the Asculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Asculapius; let no one suffering from hacknied cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another moment without consulting the Asculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

RJ-Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE cents enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address, (post-paid,)

Dr. WM. YOUNG,

No. 152 Spruce st., Philadelphia.

July 5, 1853—1y

PUMP MAKING. To the Citizens of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke counties. SUAGAIN appear before you as a PUMP-MAKER 500 AGENTS WANTED.

LEARY & GETZ,
Subscription Book publisher
No. 139 North Second Street, Phladelph
Augus 30, 1853.

OASTING COFFEE BY STEAM .--

PORTE MONNAIES, POCKET BOOKS,
AND FANCY GOODS.

THE attention of the Trade, and others, in want o
PORTE MONNAIES, POCKET BOOKS, BANKERS' CASES, DRESSING CASES, PORTABLE
WRITING DESKS, BACKGAMMON AND CHESS
BOARDS, CHESSMEN, PEARL, SHELL, and SILVER CARD CASES, WORK BOXES, CARAS, NEEogether with a large variety of FANCY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest rates.

Porte Monnaie and Pocket Book Manufacturer,
205 Arch street, below Sixth, Philadelphia.

August 23, 1853—\$4.

OUR clients and the public are informed that T. F. FAUNTLEROY, Ja., is connected with us in business, and has full authority to attend to any of our professional matters. His office is with ours, in Hoff's Row, near the Court-House.

BARTON & WHLIAMS.

Winchester, Va., April 12, 1853—1y

MULES FOR SALE. HAVE for sale, on reasonable terms and at moderate prices, FOUR VERY SUPERIOR MULES, now ready for work. They were gotten by Mr. Willis' Jack.

I wish to purchase a NEGRO BOY, from 16 to 20, who will make a good farm hand.

JAMES Y. HARRIS.

July 26, 1853—tf. [F. P.]

To Luther J. Cox, the Maryland Silk Com-pany of Baltimore, David Sniveley late Sheriff of Jefferson county, and Talbot Duke.

VOU are hereby notified that on THURSDAY, the 13th day of October next, (1853,) at the office of J. MASON CAMPRELL, Esq., an Attorney residing in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. of said day, we shall take the depositions of said J. Mason Campbell and others, by virtue of a Commission from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Jefferson co., Va., and which depositions we shall offer as avidence on the trial of suits in tions we shall offer as evidence on the trial of suits in said Court, depending therein under the name of J. H. Allstadt against Luther J. Cox and others, and Joseph and Samuel W. Strider vs. Luther J. Cox and others, and Nicholas Koonce vs. Luther J. Cox and others; if said depositions be not taken on that day or being begun and not completed, this notice and the taking of the depositions to be continued from day to day, until Respectfully, JOHN H. ALLSTADT, the same are completed. JOSEPH STRIDER,

SAM. W. STRIDER, NICHOLAS KOONCE. THE CHARLESTOWN DEPOT. THE undersigned have formed a Copartnership in the management and business of the Charlestown Depot, and hope the liberal patronage and confidence

ing all RECEIVING AND FORWARDING BUSI-NESS, at the shortest notice and in the most punctual We are determined to leave no effort unspared to accommodate the old and all the new customers who
may favor us with their patronage.

We will keep constantly on hand a large assortment
of articles suitable to the wants of the farming comnunity, such as SALT, FISH, TAR, PLASTER, &c.

V. W. MOORE & BROTHER. Charlestown, January 3, 1553. LUMBER, LUMBER. WE have on hand and for sale, at the Depot in Charlestown, a LARGE LOT OF PLANK, I inch, I inch and a of an inch, suitable for weather-boarding and planking of wagon beds. Also, a large lot of Gondolas.

V. W. MOORE & BRO. Charlestown Depot, July 26, 1353.

which will be sold on the very lowest terms for cash, or exchanged for any marketable commodities.

COAL will be furnished to order, when desired.

WHAT NEXT? SAAC ROSE'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORES, in. Charlestown and Berryville, are now filling u with a complete assortment of Fashionable COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS,

Most of these Goods were recently bought in Phila-delphia for little or nothing and will be offered on a very small advance. To give a faint idea of the great Bargains that can be had now, a customer can get rigged out in Coat, Pants, Vest, Hat and Standing All for \$2.37 Bankable Money! Now drop in and buy soon, before the Cheap Stores strike "for higher wages."

Charlestown, June 29, 1953. C. & B. TURNPIKE COMPANY. THE Stockholders of the Charlestown and Berryville Turnpike Company are hereby notified that an Election for President and Directors of said Road, will e held in the town of Berryville on Saturday, 15th of next. By order, J. D. RICHARDSON, Sec'y, and Tres'r.

VINEGAR .-- If you want pure Cider Vinegar HARRIS & RIDENOUR. Charlestown, August 16, 1853. RON, IRON .-- Just received Baltimore Tire Iron Band Irons, Harrow-Tooth Iron, small round Chai Iron, Hoop Iron of all sizes, Sheet Iron, Hughes' Nail Rods, Horse-Shoe Bars—together with a large stock Prime Plough Irons and Hammered Tires—all of which on offir on the most favorable ter T. RAWLINS & SON.

NOTICE. PERSONS indebted to Thomas G. Rawlins & Co., Thomas Rawlins and Thos. Rawlins & Son, if they wish to save Cost had better call and pay. We are owing money and it is impossible for us to pay unlessweare paid.

THOMAS RAWLINS. we are paid. September 13, 1853. TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS, from 371 cents to \$4 a piece. ISAAC ROSE.

Lecents to \$4 a piece. September 13, 1853. INDIANA BRAN DUSTER. ONE of these invaluable machines, is now in suc cessful operation in the Mill of A. H. HERR, Esq at Harpers-Ferry, who has kindly consented to show it to all persons desirous of examining its performance. Millers are particularly requested to call and see it. CHARLES S. RICE, September 13, 1853-6t Frederick, Me TAX NOTICE.

THE Corporation Tax is now due, and all those tha have not paid last years' taxes, will be called on for the two years.

July 26, 1857. C. G. BRAGG. CORN, CORN, CORN! WANTED IMMEDIATELY 10,000 Bushels of CORN, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash. Also, any quantity of WHEAT.

R. S. BLACKBURN & CO.

To the Citizens of Charlestown.

September 13, 1853. WANTED, IMMEDIATELY. FEW loads of Wood, Oats or Corn, and a few Bacon Hams, in payment of any dues to THIS OFFICE. CALF EOOTS.—2 Cases fine Calfand Kip Boots.
SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY LINEN AND GINGHAM COATS, a new supply, prices low, at ISAAC ROSE'S August 23, 1853. SALT .-- 100 sacks G. A. and Fine Salt, for sale by July 12. H. L. EBY & SON. MACCARONI AND RICE, just received by July 26. H. L. EBY & SON,

H. L. EBY & SON.

A RE now receiving a large and very general supply of FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES, at the Store-room of Dr. Raum, two doors east of the Old Stand, and opposite the Post Office.

Charlestown, April 12, 1953.

CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS.

SWISS, Polka and Embroidered Dress Patt.

French fast-colored Lawns and Silk Mantilla ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store. Charlestown, June 7, 1853. CLOCKS.--Iron, inlaid with Pearl Cases, and Ma-Chogany; a few of the best time-keepers, just re ceived by T. RAWLINS & SON.

BONNETS.—300 Bonnetson consignment, t be sold at city prices, for sale by April 26. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. PARASOLS AND FANS.--Received by Express, 2 dozen handsome Parasols. Some very nice Ivory Fans. Come soon.
May 17. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. CIDER VINEGAR. -- 10 bbls. of pure Cider Vinegar (warranted) just received by July 26. H. L. EBY & SON. RYE, RYE.--20 bushels of Seed Rye, for sale I Sept. 6, 1953. JOHN L. HOOFF. OAK SHINGLES for sale at Aug. 30, 1853. THE DEPOT. TURNIP SEED. -- Another supply just receive Flat Dutch, Red Top Norfolk, White Flat Nor folk, and Swede or Rutabaga Turnip -- Aults. Angust 2. T. RAWLINS & SON. BACON.--Prime Bacon Sides, for sale by
June 21.

R. H. BROWN

SPICES.--Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace,
Tunerick and Long Pepper, for sale by
June 21.

R. H. BROWN.

much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversito society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, & and some of the evils produced. Nervous Debility.

Weakness of the system, nervous see hilty and prema-ture decay, generally arising from the destructive habi-of youth, that solitary practice so fatal to the healthfu-existence of man, and it is the young who are most an-to become its victims from an ignorance of the danger-to which they subject themselves. Parents and guar-dians are often naised with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alas! how often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of the heart, dy-spepsia, indigestion derangement of the nervous system, cough, and symp-toms of consumption, also those serious mental effects such as loss of memory, depression of spirits or peculia-fits of melancholy, when the truth is they have been in dulging in permicious but alluring practices, destruc-tive to both body and mind. Thus are swept from ex-istence, thousands who might have been of use to their country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to society.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for

Organic Weakness. This grand and important Remedy has restor strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilital individuals, many, who had lost all hopes, and be abandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of nervous system, the whole faculties become restor nervous system, the whole faculties become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of enamine and premature deefine, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided youths been made, who have been suddenly-restored to health from the decastations of those terrific matches which result from indiscretion. Such persons before contemplating

Marriage, should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote communial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pagetimese, the present and the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the hap-piness of another becomes blighted with our own.— Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immedi-He who places him wiff under the care of Dr. Johnston

may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician. To Strangers. The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skillful and honorable physician.

N. B. There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as physicians, ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say to those accuranted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his Office.

ALL LETTERS POST-PAID-REMEDIES

December 23, 1952—ly. FALL STYLE FOR 1853. MCPHAIL & BROTHER, FASHIONAPLE HATTERS, No. 132 Baltimere street, Will, this day, August With, introduce their FALL STYLE OF HATS for Gentlemen and Youths. They will be found to combine beauty of style and finish, and of workmanship equal to any other establishment, McP. & B., thankful for the very liberal patronage

they have received, promise that nothing shall be ne-glected on their part to merit its continuance. Baltimore, September 20, 1953. of unsurpassed brauty of style and finish, and of quality unequalled, at prices as low as any other establishment, can be obtained at

J. L. McPHAIL & BRO'S, Manufacturers,

132 Baltimore st., next to Chipper effice.

Baltimore, September 20, 1853.

AMUEL J. C. MOORE. GEORGE H. BECKWITH. CITIZENS OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE. THE undersigned beg leave to announce that they are engaged in the Mercantile Business, in the Store House at Summit Point, formerly occupied Scevers & Bro. They have just received, and now offer a full and

complete assortment of Sering and Summer Goors, of the very latest and the most approved styles. They would call the attention of the Ladies to their Dress. Goods, consisting of Silks, Tissues. Grenadines, Be-rage de Laines, Lawns, &c., which, in beauty and They have also an excellent stock of Cloths, Cas-Summer Cloths, and other goods for gentle-Their stock of Groceiers and Domestics is large and well selected; in short, they have on hand, and in to keep constantly, all such Goods as are usually fo at a Country Store. PRODUCE of all sorts taken in exchange for goods, t the highest market prices.

They solicit a call. MOORE & BECKWITH.

P. S. Having leased the Depot and Warehouse, we shall give close attention to the Forwarding and Receiving Business. We have reduced the commissions upon goods received, and they are now as low as at any Depot on the road:

M. & B. Summit Point, May 10, 1853.—tf. THOSE persons having Negroes for sale, can get the highest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to. C. G. BRAGG.

MEAT-EATERS, ATTENTION. THE undersigned have been compelled heretofore to do business under many disadvantages, having to pay cash for all stock purchased, and sell the same upon a credit of at least twelve months. The Trustees of Charlestown, however, having established a Market, which has thus far been most liberally patronized, necessity upon the part of ourselves, no less than what we conceive to be the interest of our customers, compels us to give notice, that hereafter we shall keep the market regularity supplied with the best BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL, which money or labor can procure, and to be sold at the LOWEST PRICES, which our purchases will af-ford, for CASH ONLY. As this rule will operate not

only to our own advantage, but subserve the in-terest of our customers, we hope to be able greatly to enlarge our business during the year, and furnish such articles of Meat as have never before been seen in the Charlestown market, and at prices of which none can to settle up immediately, as all our capnar, as our profits, are distributed among the community a while and Johnson. large.

WHILIAM JOHNSON.

SAML. C. YOUNG.

THE undersigned laving been elected and qualified as Constable for District No 2, in Clarke county, offers his services to public for the collection of all claims, placed in his hands, according to law or oncommission, and assures those who may entrust their business to his care that no efforts on his part will be spared to render satisfaction. All claims will be paid over as soon as collected.

HENRY D. HOOF. Berryville, August 2, 1853. HENRY D. HOOE.

RECEIVED AT THE CHEAP STORE. SHAD.--No. 1 Family Shad, just received and for sale by [June 21.] R. H. BROWN.

CRACKERS.--Fresh Soda, Water, and Sug Grackers, received and for sale by June 21. R. H. BROWN NOTHER CASE of those Boys Straw Hats June 7. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY FAMS .-- Concurrant Sugar-Cured Hams, just

CORN.—We will give the market price for Confin Goods or Cash.

Oct. 4. KEYES & KEARSLE T PRIME COUNTRY CURED BACON, 6 sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY, Charlestown, July 12, 1853.

TEACHER WANTED CHEESE.-Fresh Choose in store and for sale by IN District N